

 EL-MOASSER

GUIDE

الصف الثاني الثانوي
الفصل الدراسي الثاني

English

By a group of supervisors

& AROUND THE WORLD
IN EIGHTY DAYS

FREE
PART

A WEEK IS ENOUGH



2nd SEC.
2026
SECOND TERM
عام - أرهر

English

& Around the World in Eighty Days

By a group of supervisors

A Week Is Enough



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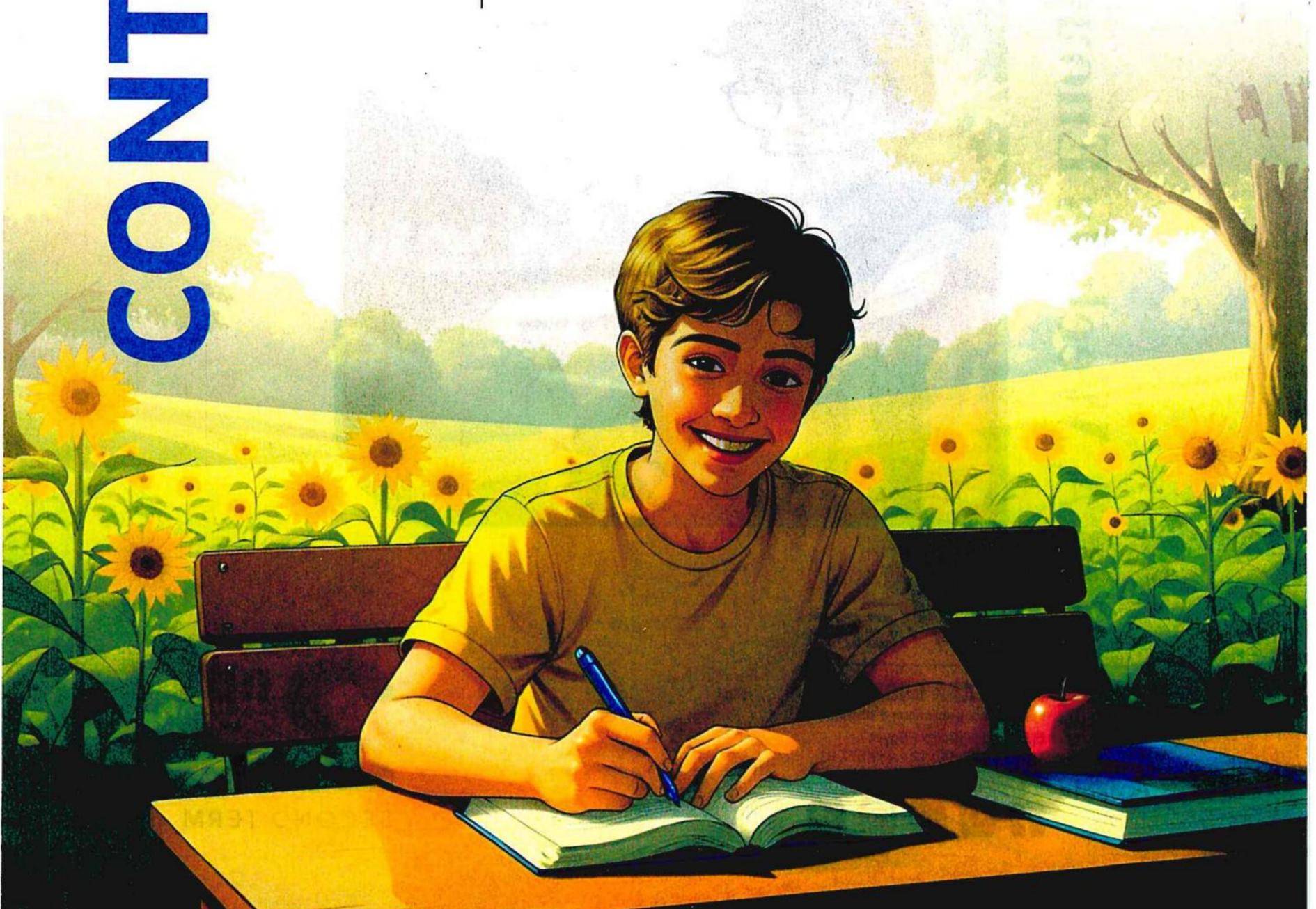


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SECOND TERM

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PART

1

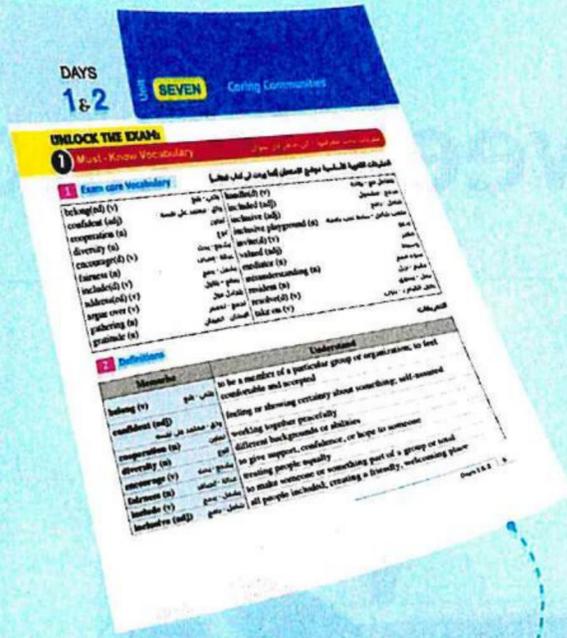
A week is enough



A WEEK IS ENOUGH

(الامتحان بين يديك)

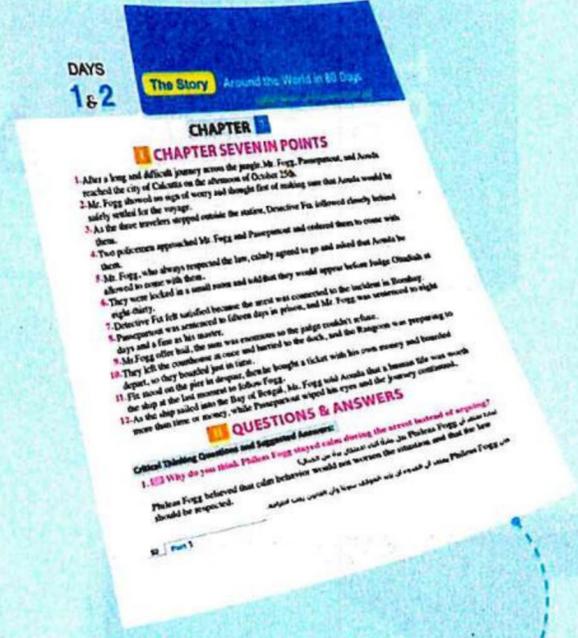
مراجعة على المنهج بالكامل والتمكن منه في أسبوع واحد فقط



Days 1&2

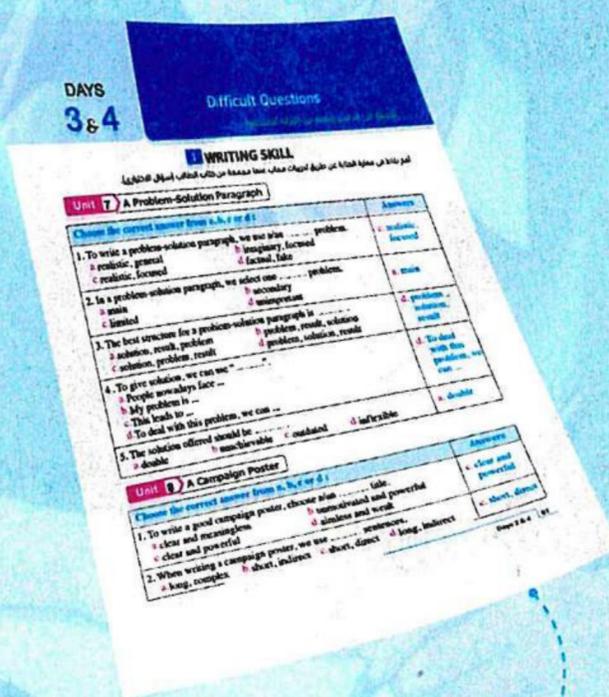
Vocabulary and Language

• مراجعة على أهم المفردات اللغوية والقواعد اللغوية الهامة التي وردت في المنهج.



Days 1&2

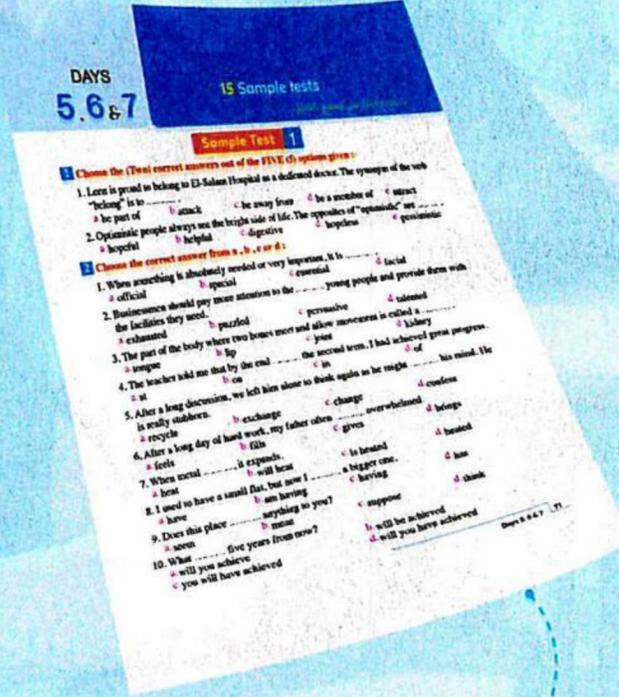
• مراجعة على أهم النقاط في القصة المقررة.



Days 3 & 4

Difficult questions

• تدريبات على الأسئلة التي قد تبدو صعبة.



Days 5, 6 & 7

15 Sample Tests

10 نموذج اختبار على المنهج بالكامل

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

1 Must - Know Vocabulary

مفردات يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

1 Exam core Vocabulary

المفردات اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

belong(ed) (v)	ينتمي - يتبع	handle(d) (v)	يتعامل مع - يواجه
confident (adj)	واثق - معتمد على نفسه	included (adj)	مدمج - مشمول
cooperation (n)	تعاون	inclusive (adj)	شامل - دامج
diversity (n)	تنوع	inclusive playground (n)	ملعب شامل - ساحة لعب دامية
encourage(d) (v)	يشجع - يحث	invite(d) (v)	يدعو
fairness (n)	عدالة - إنصاف	valued (adj)	مقدر
include(d) (v)	يشمل - يدمج	mediator (n)	وسيط
address(ed) (v)	يعالج - يتناول	misunderstanding (n)	سوء فهم
argue over (v)	يتجادل حول	resident (n)	مقيم - نزيل
gathering (n)	تجمع - تجمهر	resolve(d) (v)	يحل - يسوي
gratitude (n)	الامتنان - العرفان	take on (v)	يقبل القيام بـ - يتولى

2 Definitions

التعريفات

Memorise	Understand
belong (v) ينتمي - يتبع	to be a member of a particular group or organization; to feel comfortable and accepted
confident (adj) واثق - معتمد على نفسه	feeling or showing certainty about something; self-assured
cooperation (n) تعاون	working together peacefully
diversity (n) تنوع	different backgrounds or abilities
encourage (v) يشجع - يحث	to give support, confidence, or hope to someone
fairness (n) عدالة - إنصاف	treating people equally
include (v) يشمل - يدمج	to make someone or something part of a group or total
inclusive (adj) شامل - دامج	all people included; creating a friendly, welcoming place

invite (v)	يدعو	to ask someone politely to come somewhere or to take part in an activity
valued (adj)	مقدر	given importance or respect
argue over (v)	يتجادل حول	to talk in an angry way because you don't agree about something
gathering (n)	تجمع - تجمهر	a meeting of people in one place
interrupt (v)	يقاطع (أثناء الكلام)	to stop someone while they are speaking or doing something
mediators (n)	وسطاء	people who help two sides solve a disagreement
misunderstanding (n)	سوء فهم	when people do not understand each other correctly
resident (n)	مقيم - نزيل	a person who lives in a particular place
take on (v)	يقبل القيام بـ - يتولى	accept a job, task, or responsibility

3 Synonyms

المترادفات

Word		Synonym (= Meaning)
belong (v)	ينتمي - يتبع	be part of, be a member (of), fit in
confident (adj)	واثق - معتمد على نفسه	self-assured, self-confident
cooperation (n)	تعاون	collaboration, joint effort, partnership, teamwork
diversity(n)	تنوع	variety, range, mixture
encourage (v)	يشجع - يحث	motivate, inspire, urge
fairness (n)	عدالة - إنصاف	justice, equity, impartiality
inclusive (adj)	شامل - دامج	comprehensive, welcoming, open
valued (adj)	مقدر	appreciated, respected, important, treasured
address (v)	يعالج - يتناول	deal with, tackle, confront, handle
argue over (v)	يتجادل حول	quarrel over, dispute
gathering (n)	تجمع - تجمهر	meeting, assembly, get-together
gratitude (n)	الامتنان - العرفان	thankfulness, appreciation, gratefulness
handle (v)	يتعامل مع - يواجه	manage, deal with, tackle, address, cope with
mediator (n)	وسيط	intermediary, go-between, arbitrator
misunderstanding (n)	سوء فهم	misinterpretation, confusion, misconception
resident (n)	مقيم - نزيل	inhabitant, occupant, dweller, tenant
resolve (v)	يحل - يسوي	settle, solve, fix, work out, clear up, determine
take on (v)	يقبل القيام بـ - يتولى	accept, assume, undertake, shoulder

Word	Antonym (= Opposite)
belong (v)	feel excluded, feel isolated, be separate from يشعر بالاستبعاد - يشعر بالعزلة - يكون منفصلاً عن
confident (adj)	afraid, insecure, unsure, uncertain خائف - عديم الثقة - غير متأكد - غير واثق
cooperation (n)	conflict, competition, disagreement, hostility صراع - منافسة - خلاف - عداوة
diversity (n)	sameness, uniformity تمائل - تجانس
encourage (v)	discourage, dishearten, demotivate يثبط - يحبط - يفقد الحافز
fairness (n)	injustice, unfairness, bias, partiality ظلم - انحياز - محاباة
inclusive (adj)	exclusive, narrow, restrictive حصري - ضيق الأفق - مقيد
valued (adj)	unappreciated, ignored, unimportant, worthless غير مقدر - متجاهل - غير مهم - بلا قيمة
address (v)	ignore, neglect, avoid يتجاهل - يهمل - يتفادى
argue over (v)	agree on, reconcile يتفق على - يصالح
gathering (n)	dispersal, separation, scattering تفرق - فصل - تبدد
gratitude (n)	ingratitude, thanklessness, ungratefulness جود - عدم الشكر - نكران الجميل
handle (v)	mishandle, ignore, abandon, avoid يسيء التعامل - يتجاهل - يهجر - يتفادى
mediator (n)	opponent, partisan خصم - منازع
misunderstanding (n)	understanding, agreement, clarity فهم - اتفاق - وضوح
resident (n)	visitor, tourist, nonresident, outsider زائر - سائح - غير مقيم - غريب
resolve (v)	complicate, worsen, prolong, delay يعقد - يسيء الحال - يطيل - يؤجل
take on (v)	refuse, reject, avoid يرفض - يرد - يتفادى

2 Extra Vocabulary for the Exam

مفردات مساعدة - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

المفردات اللغوية المساعدة في التعامل مع الورقة الامتحانية.

1 Expressions & Idioms

تعابير ومصطلحات

by the end of	بحلول نهاية / في نهاية	over time	مع مرور الوقت
caring community	مجتمع محب للخير	It's your turn	دورك
act of gratitude	عمل من أعمال الامتنان	no matter their background	بغض النظر عن خلفيتهم
act of kindness	عمل من أعمال اللطف	public spaces	الاماكن العامة
community celebrations	احتفالات اجتماعية	role model	قدوة - نموذج يقتدى به
community events	فعاليات اجتماعية	shared spaces	مساحات مشتركة
intergenerational volunteer programs	برامج التطوع من أجيال مختلفة	show others how to	يبين للآخرين كيفية
one conversation at a time	محادثة واحدة في كل مرة	social isolation	العزلة الاجتماعية
		take on the role of a mediator	يتولى دور الوسيط

فعل + حرف جر

2 Verb + Preposition

join together	يجتمعون معا	prepare ... for	يعد ... لـ
leave out	يستبعد - يترك ... خارجًا	treat ... with	يتعامل ... مع
argue over	يتجادل في / بخصوص	lead to	يؤدي إلى
care for	يعتني بـ	praise ... for	يمدح ... على
disagree about	يختلفون حول	take on	يتولى / يتحمل
help with	يساعد في	thanked ... for	شكر ... على
interact with	يتفاعل مع	transform ... into	يحول ... إلى

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

3 Must - Know Language Rules

قواعد يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

القواعد اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

IF Clauses

1 Zero conditional

الحالة الصفرية

Statement
الجملة الخبرية

... مضارع بسيط , مضارع بسيط + عندما / When / إذا If

ex. - When / If I feel tired, I take some time to rest.

= I take some time to rest when / if I feel tired.

1 التعبير عن العادات الثابتة أو المواقف التي لها نتيجة منطقية :

ex. - If / When I don't get enough sleep, I feel tired the next day.

2 التعبير عن الحقائق العامة :

ex. - If / When we boil water, it turns into steam.

2 First conditional

الحالة الأولى

Statement
الجملة الخبرية

If / Unless + مضارع بسيط , subj. + will / can / may + inf.

ex. - If he works hard, he'll pass the next exam.

= He'll pass the next exam if he works hard.

١ تعبر الحالة الشرطية الأولى عن مواقف قابلة للحدوث في المستقبل :

ex. - If I **have** enough money, I **will buy** a car. (I believe I'll have enough money).

٢ يمكن أن تحل (can - may - might - must - should) محل (will) في جملة جواب الشرط في الحالة الشرطية الأولى -

لاحظ المثال التالي :

ex. - If I **feel** hungry at work, I **will** have a snack.

(متأكد sure)

- If I **feel** hungry at work, I **may** have a snack.

(من المحتمل probably)

- If I **feel** hungry at work, I **might** have a snack.

(من الممكن possibly)

- If I **feel** hungry at work, I **must** have a snack.

(ضرورة necessity)

- If you **can't** do the job, you **should** apologise.

نصيحة (advice) أو اقتراح (suggestion)

3 Second conditional

الحالة الثانية

Statement
الجملة الخبرية

If / Unless + ماضي بسيط (تصريف ثان) , would / could / might + inf.

→ ex. - If he **trained** hard, he'd **win** the match.
= He'd **win** the match **if** he **trained** hard.

١ تعبر الحالة الثانية عن مواقف تخيلية أو غير محتملة الحدوث في الوقت الحاضر والمستقبل :

ex. - If he **were** taller, he'd **be** good at basketball.

٢ إعطاء النصيحة بالصيغة (If I were ...) :

ex. - If I **were** you, I **would see** a doctor. You look very ill.

- لاحظ إمكانية استخدام (were) مع المفرد في حالة التخيل والنصيحة في الحالة الثانية :

ex. - Nada **is** ill today. If she **were / was** healthy, she **would help** you.

4 Third conditional

الحالة الثالثة

Statement
الجملة الخبرية

If + had + p.p.... , would / could / might + have + p.p.

→ ex. - If he **had won** the competition, he'd **have got** the prize.
= He'd **have got** the prize **if** he **had won** the competition.

- تستخدم الحالة الثالثة في حالة تخيل عكس ما حدث في الماضي :

ex. - I **didn't** feel ill yesterday. If I **had felt** ill, I **would have stayed** at home.

Sample Test | on unit 7

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. Our society celebrates the diversity of cultures. "Diversity" here is the synonym of
a. teamwork b. variety c. range d. justice e. fairness
2. Teachers often encourage students who lose passion. "Encourage" here is an antonym of
a. belong b. discourage c. justice d. demotivate e. appreciate

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Successful teams depend mainly on, not competition.
a. control b. cooperation c. pressure d. balance
2. The principal the situation without causing panic.
a. belonged b. reported c. noticed d. handled
3. They created a/an playground for children with special needs.
a. inclusive b. informed c. requested d. formal
4. The conflict began because of a simple of their points of view during the discussion.
a. mistake b. delay c. misunderstanding d. order
5. "....." means treating everyone equally and justly.
a. Courage b. Fairness c. Diversity d. Invitation
6. I am sure she would look after the children as she is really and responsible.
a. caring b. mixed c. shy d. accepted
7. What if you had missed the bus to work yesterday ?
a. did you do b. you would have done
c. would you have done d. would you do
8. There's possibility that Jack will be late. If so, I his place.
a. will be taken b. take c. will take d. 'd take
9. his courage, he wouldn't have been rewarded.
a. In case of b. If
c. If it weren't for d. Without
10. We'll hire a car when we get there it's not too expensive.
a. unless b. don't c. providing d. wouldn't
11. The question "Who is affected ?" appears in the step.
a. choosing the problem b. revising
c. drafting d. concluding
12. Which checklist item is important when revising ?
a. Add unrelated anecdotes b. Keep one problem and one solution
c. Remove all linkers d. Change the topic

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

In Egypt, tourism industry has come to hold a position of great importance lately. It is felt that it could help increase the national income and provide the youth with more work opportunities. In some European countries, tourism has brought in millions of dollars yearly, although they lack the natural and historical attractions we have in Egypt.

We could, for instance, set up tourist villages for children on the Red Sea. We could teach fishing, swimming, diving, and sailing there. Another good idea would be a village near the Pyramids or in the New Valley for horse-riding. And what about villages for people with health problems like rheumatism? The warm dry climate of Aswan and Helwan would certainly help them get better, this is called curative tourism.

Our tourist today wants efficient and friendly service. They would probably prefer to try out samples of our local food than to eat the international meals which are served in some places. This would be more interesting than having the same things they always eat in his own country.

It must also be remembered that most tourists nowadays are seldom rich. Many of them are students or hardworking employees. So what is needed is not expensive hotels but clean comfortable places to sleep and eat in at reasonable prices. This, too, would encourage Egyptians to travel more and more around their lovely country. This is called home tourism.

1. The main idea of this passage is " ".
 - a. Curative tourism
 - b. Ways of developing tourism industry
 - c. Home tourism
 - d. Villages
2. Home tourism means
 - a. people travelling around their own country
 - b. serving international meals in our restaurants
 - c. establishing expensive hotels
 - d. establishing new tourist villages at cheap prices
3. To attract more tourists, we should
 - a. try samples of local food
 - b. serve international meals in our restaurants
 - c. establish expensive hotels
 - d. provide efficient and friendly service
4. The writer thinks that we could encourage Egyptians to see more of their country by
 - a. lowering hotel prices
 - b. making hotels more comfortable
 - c. building many new hotels
 - d. building tourist villages
5. The writer says that most of our tourists today are seldom
 - a. rich
 - b. disabled
 - c. poor
 - d. business
6. The underlined verb "set up" means
 - a. establish
 - b. connect
 - c. solve
 - d. protect
7. The underlined pronoun "they" refers to
 - a. tourists
 - b. millions of dollars
 - c. European countries
 - d. work opportunities

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

Nobody is perfect and it is natural to make mistakes, so we should meet others' mistakes with forgiveness.

- a. لا يوجد شخص كامل ومن الطبيعي أن نخطئ لذلك يجب أن نقابل أخطاء الآخرين بالثأر.
b. لا يوجد شخص مثالي ومن غير الطبيعي أن نخطئ لذلك يجب أن نقابل أخطاء الآخرين بالانتقام.
c. لا يوجد شخص مثالي ومن الطبيعي أن نخطئ لذلك يجب أن نقابل أخطاء الآخرين بالعفو.
d. لا يوجد شخص كامل ومن الطبيعي أن نخطئ لذلك يجب أن نقابل أخطاء الآخرين بالتجاهل.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d :

من المعروف أن وسائل المواصلات التقليدية لها تأثير سيء على البيئة، لذا يجب علينا أن نستعمل وسائل مواصلات أخرى صديقة للبيئة تعمل بالكهرباء أو الطاقة الشمسية.

- a. It is known that traditional means of transportation have a bad impact on the environment, so we must use other environmentally friendly means of transportation that operate on electricity or solar energy.
b. It is known that modern means of translation have a bad impact on the environment, so we must use other environmentally friendly means of transplantation that cooperate on electricity or solar energy.
c. It is known that traditional means of transportation have a bad impact on the environment, so we must use other environmental friendly means of transportation that cooperate on electricity or solar energy.
d. It is known that traditional means of transportation have a bad impact on the environment, so we must use other environmentally friend mean of transportation that cooperate on electricity or solar energy.

5 Answer the following questions :

1. Why do you think Phileas Fogg stayed calm during the arrest instead of arguing?

.....

2. How do you think Passepartout's emotions influenced his behavior in court?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. If you hadn't wasted your time, you would have succeeded. (because)

.....

2. I am not busy, so I will help you. (If)

.....

7 Write an essay about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :

"How to solve the problem of pollution"

.....
.....

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

1 Must - Know Vocabulary

مفردات يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

1 Exam core Vocabulary

المفردات اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

change-maker (n)	صانع تغيير - محدث تغيير	light a spark of hope	يشعل شرارة أمل
determination (n)	إصرار - عزيمة	passion (n)	شغف - حماس
endangered (adj)	مهدد بالانقراض - معرض للخطر	persistence (n)	مثابرة - إصرار
give access to	يتيح/ يمنح الوصول إلى	teamwork (n)	العمل الجماعي
apathy (n)	لامبالاة - فتور	mentorship (n)	إرشاد - توجيه
creativity (n)	إبداع	obstacle (n)	عائق - عقبة
empathy (n)	تعاطف - تفهم مشاعر الآخرين	perseverance (n)	مثابرة - إصرار
enthusiasm (n)	حماس - نشاط	recognition (n)	اعتراف - تكريم
indifference (n)	لامبالاة - عدم اهتمام	separate(d) (v-adj)	يفصل/ يميز - منفصل
innovation (n)	ابتكار		

2 Definitions

التعريفات

Memorise	Understand
determination (n) إصرار - عزيمة	strong will to do something
change-maker (n) صانع تغيير	a person who creates positive change
give access to يتيح/ يمنح الوصول إلى	to allow someone to enter, use, or get information from something
enthusiasm (n) حماس - نشاط	eagerness and lively interest or enjoyment in doing something
obstacle (n) عائق - عقبة	something that hinders or prevents progress or doing something else
perseverance (n) مثابرة - إصرار	the ability to keep trying and not give up, even when facing difficulties
separate(d) (v) يفصل/ يميز	to divide or distinguish one thing from another
innovation (n) ابتكار	creating new ideas or solutions
light a spark of hope يشعل شرارة أمل	to create a small, new feeling of hope, especially in a difficult situation
passion (n) شغف - حماس	a very strong feeling of love, hatred, anger, enthusiasm, etc.
teamwork (n) العمل الجماعي	working together toward one goal

المترادفات

3 Synonyms

Word	Synonym (= Meaning)
change-maker (n) صانع تغيير	leader, reformer, trailblazer
determination (n) إصرار - عزيمة	perseverance, persistence, resolve, willpower
endangered (adj) مهدد بالانقراض - معرض للخطر	at risk, in danger, threatened, vulnerable
give access to يتيح ل... الوصول إلى	give entry to, grant access to, provide access to
innovation (n) ابتكار	breakthrough, invention
light a spark of hope يشعل شرارة أمل	inspire hope, kindle hope, stir hope
passion (n) شغف - حماس	enthusiasm, zeal
persistence (n) مثابرة - إصرار	constancy, determination, perseverance, tenacity
teamwork (n) العمل الجماعي	collaboration, cooperation, coordination
empathy (n) تفهم مشاعر الآخرين	compassion, understanding
enthusiasm (n) حماس - نشاط	eagerness, excitement, keenness, zeal
mentorship (n) إرشاد - توجيه	guidance, tutoring
obstacle (n) عائق - عقبة	barrier, blockage, difficulty, hindrance
recognition (n) اعتراف - تقدير - تعرف	acceptance, acknowledgment, appreciation, praise
separate (v) يفصل / يميز	detach, divide, isolate, part, split

المتضادات

4 Antonyms

Word	Antonym (= Opposite)
determination (n) إصرار - عزيمة	indecision, hesitation, confusion حيرة - تردد - ارتباك
endangered (adj) مهدد بالانقراض - معرض للخطر	safe, secure, protected آمن - مأمون - محمي
give access to يتيح / يمنع الوصول إلى	deny access to, restrict access to, ban from يمنع الوصول إلى - يقيد الوصول إلى - يحظر الدخول إلى
innovation (n) ابتكار	tradition, stagnation, conservatism تقليد - ركود - محافظة
light a spark of hope يشعل شرارة أمل	disappoint, discourage, demotivate يسحق الأمل - يطفئ الأمل - يحطم الآمال
passion (n) شغف - حماس	apathy, indifference لامبالاة - فتور
persistence (n) مثابرة - إصرار	giving up, escapism استسلام - ترك
teamwork (n) العمل الجماعي	individualism, individual work فردية - عمل فردي
empathy (n) تعاطف - تفهم مشاعر الآخرين	apathy, coldness, indifference لامبالاة - برود - عدم اكتراث

enthusiasm (n)	حماس - نشاط	apathy, indifference	لا مبالاة
obstacle (n)	عائق - عقبة	advantage, aid, assistance	ميزة - عون - مساعدة
perseverance (n)	مثابرة - إصرار	capitulation, defeatism, giving up	استسلام - انهزامية - تخل
recognition (n)	اعتراف - تقدير - تعرف	disregard, ignorance, neglect	تجاهل - جهل - إهمال
separate (v)	يفصل - يميز	combine, connect, join, unite	يدمج - يربط - يصل - يوحد

2 Extra Vocabulary for the Exam

مفردات مساعدة - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

المفردات اللغوية المساعدة في التعامل مع الورقة الامتحانية.

1 Expressions & Idioms

تعبيرات ومصطلحات

according to	وفقا ل - بحسب	endangered wildlife	حياة برية مهددة بالانقراض
action story	قصة مثيرة	go hand in hand	يسير يدا بيد - يرتبط وثيقا
done with care and courage	ينفذ بعناية وشجاعة	serious recycling business	مشروع إعادة تدوير جاد
drinking water	ماء الشرب	cause-effect relationships	علاقات السبب والنتيجة
believe in yourself	ثق بنفسك	passion alone is not enough	الشغف وحده ليس كافي
coding languages	لغات البرمجة	people with special needs	أشخاص ذوي احتياجات خاصة
everyone is welcome	كل شخص مرحب به	side by side	جنبًا إلى جنب
motivating language	لغة تحفيزية	turn vision into action	يحول الرؤية إلى عمل
no mountain is too high	لا يوجد مستحيل	wait for permission	ينتظر الإذن
open-source	مصدر مفتوح		

2 Verb + Preposition

فعل + حرف جر

believe in	يؤمن بـ	pile up	يتراكم - يتجمع
bring about	تسبب في / يؤدي إلى	transform ... into	يحول ... إلى
contribute to	يساهم في	turn into	يتحول إلى - يصبح
participate in	يشارك في	wait for	ينتظر
be passionate about ...	يكون شغوفا بـ ...	learn from	يتعلم من
belong to	ينتمي إلى ...	learn how to ...	يتعلم كيف ...
build trust within ...	يبنى الثقة داخل	move forward	يتقدم
combine ... with	يجمع ... مع ...	separate ... from	يفصل ... عن
distinguish ... from ...	يميز ... عن - يفرق بين ...	train ... in	يدرّب ... على
encourage ... to	يشجع ... على	translate ... into	يترجم ... إلى
give up	يستسلم - يتخلى عن		

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

3 Must - Know Language Rules

قواعد يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

القواعد اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

1 must & have to

Uses of "must"

١ التعبير عن الالتزام الداخلي التابع من رغبة شخصية إذا كان الفاعل (I – We) :

- ex. - I **must work** hard for the exams. (رغبتي الشخصية في النجاح هي التي تفرض عليّ ذلك)
- I **must buy** a present for my mother tomorrow. (أمي لم تفرض عليّ شراء هدية لها)
- We **must buy** souvenirs for our friends here. (أصدقائنا لم يطلبوا هدايا)

٢ إعطاء نصيحة قوية (لشخص مُقَرَّب أو من طبيب لمرضى مثلاً) :

- ex. - You **must stop** smoking.
- You **must wash** your hands before you eat.

Uses of "mustn't"

- تُستخدم (mustn't + inf.) في زمنى المضارع والمستقبل في الحالات التالية:

للتعبير عن المنع أو التحريم أو عدم السماح (طبقاً للقوانين والقواعد) :

- ex. - You **must not park** outside the entrance.
- You **must not make** loud noise after 9 o'clock.

Uses of "have to / has to"

١ التعبير عن الالتزام المفروض من الخارج (أى يوجد إجبار) مثل الالتزام بالقوانين والقواعد في مواقف محددة في زمنى المضارع والمستقبل :

- ex. - I **have to pay** the bill or the internet service will be disconnected.
- My children **have to study** ancient history at school next year.

٢ تُستخدم (had to + inf.) كصيغة الماضى من (have to / must) للتعبير عن الضرورة والالتزام بصفة عامة فى الماضى :

- ex. - Aya **had to cook** the family dinner yesterday.
- Aya **didn't have to cook** the family dinner yesterday.

mustn't & don't / doesn't + have to + inf.

١ تعبر (mustn't) عن الإلزام (لا يجب - غير مسموح - ممنوع) :

ex. - Students **mustn't** make noise in the exam room.

٢ تعبر (don't / doesn't have to / need to) عن شيء ليس من الضروري القيام به (لكن يستطيع الفاعل القيام به إن أراد) :

ex. - Students **don't need to** get up early on Friday as it is a holiday.

should - should have

١ تُستخدم (should / shouldn't + inf.) لإعطاء النصيحة :

→ **should / shouldn't + inf.** يجب / ينبغي أن / ألا

ex. - You look very tired. You **should take** some rest. You **shouldn't work** more today.
- You **shouldn't eat** so much fast food. It's not good for you.

٢ تُستخدم (should have + p.p.) في لوم أو انتقاد شخص على عدم فعل شيء كان من المفروض أن يفعله :

ex. - Karim **should have cleaned** his room. (لكن لم يقم كريم بذلك)
- Ahmed **should have paid** the bill. (لكن لم يدفع أحمد الفاتورة)

٣ تُستخدم (shouldn't have + p.p.) في لوم أو انتقاد شخص على فعل شيء كان من المفروض ألا يفعله :

ex. - You **shouldn't have got up** so late. (لكنك استيقظت متأخراً بالفعل)
- The Emergency Exit doors **shouldn't have been locked**. (لكن مخرج الطوارئ كان مغلقاً)



احرص على اقتناء

كتاب EL-MOASSER

في اللغة الإنجليزية

امنح ثقتك لمن يستحق

Sample Test | on unit 8

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

- "The new library card will give access to online books for all students". The phrase "give access to" means
a. grant access to b. deny access to c. restrict access to
d. ban from e. provide access to
- "Omar spoke with enthusiasm about the new project". The antonym of "enthusiasm" here is
a. reluctance b. perseverance c. obstacle d. recognition e. apathy

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

- A person who works to improve society and create positive change is called a
a. follower b. change-maker c. stranger d. visitor
- She reached her goal because of her strong
a. doubt b. determination c. anger d. confusion
- Pollution can make many species
a. famous b. healthy c. endangered d. strong
- A good leader must trust within the team.
a. turn b. lack c. build d. release
- helps people solve problems in unusual ways.
a. Creativity b. Memory c. Habit d. Routine
- The writer has the skill to make you feel great with their heroes.
a. innovation b. perseverance c. persistence d. empathy
- I be at work at 8 a.m. or my boss will be furious.
a. should have b. must c. need d. have to
- I've warned you before. You play football in the street.
a. don't have to b. needn't c. mustn't d. don't need to
- You buy a pen. I can lend you one.
a. don't have b. needn't c. don't need d. haven't to
- You any more salt to the food. Now, we can't eat it.
a. needn't have added b. should add
c. didn't have to add d. need to add
- "Together we can make a difference !" is an example of
a. negative, discouraging language b. formal law text
c. a past tense sentence d. positive, motivating language
- Which style is best for poster sentences ?
a. Short and direct b. Very long and complex
c. Full of idioms only d. Mostly questions

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Teachers have the very important responsibility of shaping the lives of young, impressionable **سريع التأثير** children. With this responsibility comes great pride and joy. A good teacher can be defined as someone who always pushes students to do their best while at the same time trying to make learning interesting as well as creative.

Most great teachers have a few things in common. Teachers who are thought of as “great” are usually passionate about teaching. They seem to love teaching and share this love with the students in their class. These teachers know their subjects well and teach outside of their textbooks.

Teachers, especially at the elementary level, must be very creative with their teaching styles. Not every child learns the same way, nor are they interested in the same things. It is difficult to keep the attention of 30-40 children under the age of ten. Classroom setup and design are good ways to get and keep the attention of students. Workstations are a good way to encourage different types of learning. By giving children a chance to choose which activities they want to participate in, children are taking control of their own education.

Good teachers often make their subject material seem **relevant** to a student’s life. The teachers that students admire the most are fair to everyone.

The great teacher makes his or her class exciting. This teacher would also give some breaks in the routine and do something different, like labs or something fun for the students. They are open to learning from other teachers and also from their students. A great teacher knows how to control their class without screaming and doesn’t let the disciplining get out of hand. They know their students as individuals and treat them with respect and in return they are treated the same. Teachers who teach the disabled or other diverse student populations must have additional qualities.

1. Why are great teachers always remembered?
 - a. Because they live near students.
 - b. Because they take their students to labs.
 - c. Because they are usually passionate about teaching.
 - d. Because they play with their students.
2. What can help students take control of their own education?
 - a. Labs
 - b. Schoolyards
 - c. Breaks
 - d. Workstations
3. What should the subject material be?
 - a. Easy to help students pass.
 - b. Relevant to a student’s life.
 - c. Difficult to make a clever student.
 - d. Imported from another country.
4. What helps teachers to get and keep the attention of students?
 - a. Classroom setup and design.
 - b. Their academic study.
 - c. The strict headmaster.
 - d. The easy subjects.
5. are two merits that can define a good teacher.
 - a. Having good relationships and personality
 - b. Caring about both students and the learning process
 - c. Speaking English and Arabic
 - d. Wisdom and old age

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

1 Must - Know Vocabulary

مفردات يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

1 Exam core Vocabulary

المفردات اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

compassion (n)	تعاطف - رحمة	invisible (adj)	غير مرئي - خفي
echo(ed) (v), (n)	يتردد - يصدر صدى / صدى الصوت	mural (n)	جدارية - رسم جداري
gather(ed) (v)	يتجمع - يجمع	skyline (n)	خط الأفق
gesture (n)	إشارة - إيماءة	storyteller (n)	راوى قصص
hope (n)	أمل - رجاء	storytelling (n)	فن السرد - رواية القصص
inspiring (adj)	ملهم - مشجع	tradition (n)	تقليد - عادة
admire(d) (v)	يعجب بـ - يقدر	unity (n)	وحدة - تضامن
awareness (n)	وعي	inspire(d) (v)	يلهم
debate (n)	مناقشة	respect(ed) (n - v)	يحترم - احترام

2 Definitions

التعريفات

Memorise	Understand
compassion (n) رحمة	showing care for others
echo (n) صدى صوت	a sound that is repeated or continued
gather (v) يتجمع - يجمع	to come together in a group
gestures (n) إشارات - إيماءات	movements of hands or body used to express meaning
inspiring (adj) ملهم - مشجع	something that encourages good actions or feelings
invisible (adj) غير مرئي - خفي	unable to be seen or noticed
mural (n) رسم جداري	a large picture painted on a wall
skyline (n) خط الأفق	the outline of buildings seen against the sky
storyteller (n) راوى قصص	a person who creates and shares stories
tradition (n) تقليد - عادة	something repeated or passed down through generations

admire (v)	يعجب بـ - يقدر	to appreciate or look at something with approval
awareness (n)	وعي	understanding or knowledge about an issue
promote (v)	يشجع	to encourage or support something
respect (v)	يحترم	to honor or value someone's opinion

3 Synonyms

المترادفات

Word		Synonym (= Meaning)
compassion (n)	رحمة	empathy, sympathy, mercy, kindness, tenderness
echo (n)	صدى	reverberation, repetition
gather (v)	يتجمع - يجمع	collect, assemble, bring together, accumulate
inspiring (adj)	ملهـم - مشجـع	motivating, uplifting, encouraging, moving, stirring
invisible (adj)	غير مرئي - خفي	unseen, hidden, imperceptible
skyline (n)	خط الأفق	cityscape, horizon
storyteller (n)	راوى قصص	narrator, tale-teller
admire (v)	يعجب بـ - يقدر	appreciate, praise, look up to, regard highly
awareness (n)	وعي	understanding, knowledge, consciousness
debate (n)	مناقشة	discussion, argument
inspire (v)	يلهم	encourage, motivate, stimulate, influence
respect (v)	يحترم	honor, value, regard, esteem

4 Antonyms

المتضادات

Word		Antonym (= Opposite)	
compassion (n)	رحمة	cruelty, coldness, indifference, harshness	قسوة - برود - لا مبالاة - جفاء
gather (v)	يتجمع - يجمع	scatter, disperse, spread (out)	يشنت - يفرق - ينشر
inspiring (adj)	ملهـم - مشجـع	discouraging, demotivating, uninspiring	محبط - مثبط - غير ملهم
invisible (adj)	غير مرئي - خفي	visible, noticeable, apparent	مرئي - ملاحظ - واضح
tradition (n)	تقليد - عادة	innovation, modernity, novelty	ابتكار - حداثة - جده
admire (v)	يعجب بـ - يقدر	dislike, despise, scorn	لا يحب - يحتقر - يزدري
awareness (n)	وعي	ignorance, unawareness	جهل - عدم الوعي
inspire (v)	يلهم	discourage, demotivate	يحبط - يثبط
respect (v)	يحترم	disrespect, insult	لا يحترم - يهين

2

Extra Vocabulary for the Exam

مفردات مساعدة - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

المفردات اللغوية المساعدة في التعامل مع الورقة الامتحانية.

1 Expressions & Idioms

تعابير ومصطلحات

act with compassion	يتصرف بتعاطف	on social media	على وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي
hope for the future	أمل للمستقبل	once-forgotten	كان منسياً
in silence	في صمت	than ever	أكثر من أي وقت مضى
a wave of change	موجة من التغيير	rather than	بدلاً من
depending on	اعتماداً على	reach every corner of Egypt	يصل إلى كل ركن في مصر
in return	مقابل ذلك - في المقابل	travel beyond borders	السفر خارج الحدود - يعبر الحدود
in the same way	بالطريقة نفسها - بالمثل		

2 Verb + Preposition

فعل + حرف جر

continue to	يستمر في	move on	يتجاوز - يمضي قدماً
fill ... with	يملأ ... بـ	run on	يستمر في
join in	يشارك في / ينضم إلى	spread to	ينتشر إلى
offer to	يعرض أن	tell of	يحكي عن
pass down	يورث - ينقل (عبر الأجيال)	tell off	يوبخ - ينهر
agree with	يوافق / يتفق مع	refer to	يشير إلى
choose from	يختار من	remind ... of	يذكر ... بـ
depend on	يعتمد على	succeed in	ينجح في
end with	يختم بـ	take part in	يشارك في
look up to	يحترم - يقدر	welcome to	مرحباً بكم في

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

3

Must - Know Language Rules

قواعد يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

القواعد اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

Stative Verbs and Action Verbs :

Types of Verbs

أنواع الأفعال

1 Stative Verbs

الأفعال التقريرية

هي أفعال تصف حالة ولا تُستخدم في الأزمنة المستمرة، ومن أمثلة هذه الأفعال:

be – love – hate – dislike – seem ... etc.

ex. - He is being happy. (X)

- He is happy. (✓)

2 Action (Dynamic) Verbs

أفعال الحركة

هي أفعال تصف حدث أو حركة ويمكن أن تُستخدم في الأزمنة المستمرة، ومن أمثلة هذه الأفعال:

play – visit – build – help – write ... etc.

- ex. - She is writing an essay. (✓)
- She writes an essay. (✓)

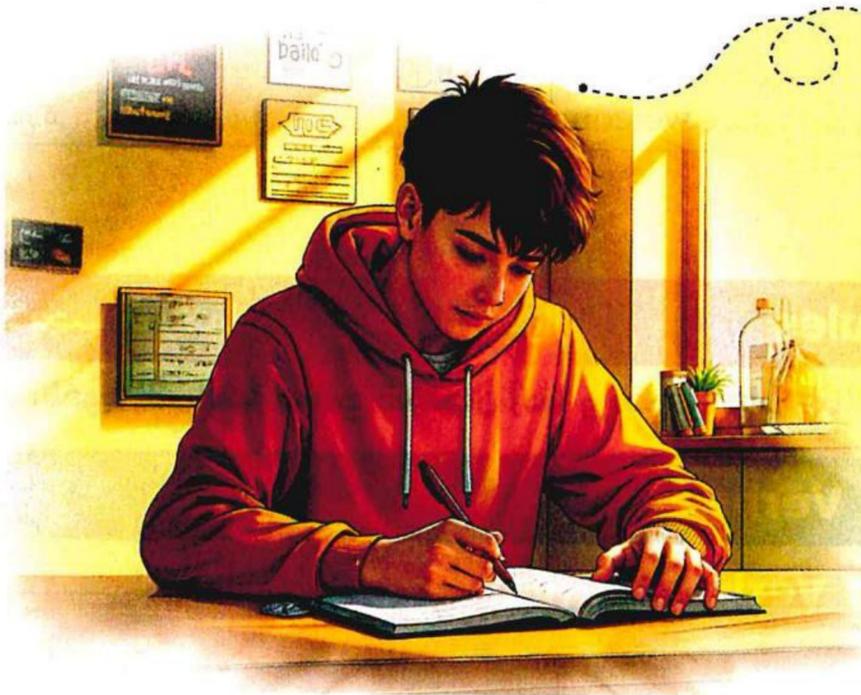
3 Verbs that are both Stative and Dynamic

الأفعال التقريرية والحركية

هي أفعال تصف حدث أو حركة بمعنى معين وتُستخدم في الأزمنة المستمرة، وتصف حالة بمعنى آخر ولا تُستخدم في الأزمنة المستمرة ومن أمثلة هذه الأفعال:

be - have – see – smell – taste

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|----------|
| ex. - She is having lunch now. | (✓) | (يتناول) |
| - She has lunch at three o'clock. | (✓) | (يتناول) |
| - She is having a tablet. | (X) | (يمتلك) |
| - She has a tablet. | (✓) | (يمتلك) |



احرص على اقتناء

كتاب EL-MOASSER

في اللغة الإنجليزية

امنح ثقتك لمن يستحق

Sample Test | on unit 9

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

- "The storyteller kept the children quiet with a thrilling tale." "Storyteller" here is a synonym of
a. scientist b. inventor c. tale-teller d. narrator e. pilot
- "The speaker's words inspired the students to volunteer". "Inspired" here is synonym of
a. encouraged b. ignored c. policed d. doubted e. motivated

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

- Helping homeless people with food and blankets is an act of
a. ignorance b. compassion c. hatred d. stress
- He raised his hand as a to ask for silence.
a. mural b. gesture c. debate d. hope
- The charity project gave poor children for a better future.
a. unity b. hope c. debate d. gesture
- The campaign increased public of road safety rules.
a. tradition b. debate c. awareness d. gesture
- The tiny germs on our hands are without a microscope.
a. invisible b. inspiring c. careful d. traditional
- A is a large picture painted on a wall.
a. mural b. portrait c. sculpture d. poster
- This suggestion good.
a. sounding b. is sounding c. sound d. sounds
- When I am away, I my family very much.
a. am missing b. missed c. misses d. miss
- Children kittens.
a. are loving b. are being loved c. love d. are loved
- Nada like her mother.
a. looks b. is looking c. is looked d. is being looked
- Linking words help your ideas feel more
a. connected b. cancelled c. invisible d. stative
- When writing an opinion paragraph your opinion in the first sentence.
a. state b. conclude c. skip d. ignore

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Although more and more people are exercising regularly, experts note that eating right is also a key to good health. Nutritionists recommend the «food pyramid» as a simple guide to the proper foods. At the base of the food pyramid are grains and fiber. You should eat six to eleven servings of bread cereal rice and pasta every day. Next up the pyramid are vegetables and fruit. Five to nine daily servings from this group are recommended.

The next pyramid level is the dairy group. Two or three servings a day of milk, yogurt or cheese help maintain good nutrition. Moving up the pyramid, the next level is the meat, poultry, fish, beans, eggs, and nuts group, of which everyone should eat only two to three servings a day. At the very top of the pyramid are fats, oils and sweets. These foods should be eaten only infrequently.

One easy way to plan menus that follow the food pyramid is to shop only in the outer aisles of the grocery store. In most supermarkets, fresh fruit and vegetables, dairy, fresh meat, and frozen foods are in the outer aisles of the store. Grains, like pasta, rice, bread, and cereal, are located on the next aisles, the first inner rows.

Finally, the farthest inside of the store is where you'll find chips and snacks, cookies, pastries, and soda pop. If you stay in the outer aisles of the grocery store, you won't be tempted to buy foods you shouldn't eat, and you will find a wide variety of healthy foods.

1. A good title for this passage would be
 - a. How to avoid infection
 - b. How to shop efficiently
 - c. How to shop for unhealthy food
 - d. How to cook healthy food
2. According to the passage, the best way to shop in the grocery store is to
 - a. make a list and stick to it
 - b. stay in the outside aisles
 - c. stay in the inside aisles
 - d. check advertisements for bargains
3. According to the passage, on the inside aisles of the grocery store, you would most likely find
 - a. eggs
 - b. bananas
 - c. bread
 - d. food chips
4. According to the food pyramid, people should
 - a. eat more grains than meat
 - b. never eat fats and sweets
 - c. eat mostly vegetarian meals
 - d. rarely eat bread and other starches
5. According to the passage, to maintain good health, people should
 - a. buy their food in expensive food stores
 - b. worry more about nutrition than exercise
 - c. exercise and eat right
 - d. eat from the top of the food pyramid
6. The closest antonym to the underlined word "inner" is ".....".
 - a. internal
 - b. outside
 - c. interior
 - d. hidden

7. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true?

- a. Fats and oils can harm your health.
- b. Exercising is important for good health.
- c. Vegetables and fruit should be eaten frequently.
- d. Cookies and snacks are necessary for good health.

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d:

Technology plays a vital role in modern lives and profoundly affects the course of human civilization. Technological advancement has made our lives easier and faster.

- a. تلعب التكنولوجيا دورًا صغيرًا في الحياة الحديثة تؤثر بعمق على مسار الحضارة الإنسانية. لقد جعلت الحياة الحديثة التقدم التكنولوجي في حياتنا أسهل وأسرع.
- b. تلعب التكنولوجيا دورًا حيويًا في الحياة الحديثة وتؤثر بعمق على مسار الحضارة الإنسانية. لقد جعل التقدم التكنولوجي حياتنا أسهل وأسرع.
- c. تلعب التكنولوجيا دورًا حيويًا في الحياة الحديثة وتؤثر بعمق على مسار الثقافة الإنسانية. لقد جعل التقدم التكنولوجي الحياة المدنية أسهل وأسرع.
- d. تلعب الحياة الحديثة دورًا حيويًا في التكنولوجيا وتؤثر بعمق على مسار العلوم الإنسانية. لقد جعل التقدم التكنولوجي الحياة المدنية أسهل وأسرع.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

يجب علينا أن نتعلم من ماضينا ونعمل بجد في حاضرتنا لكي نحقق كل أحلامنا في المستقبل.

- a. We needn't learn from our past and work hard in our present time to achieve all our dreams in the future.
- b. We have to learn from our past and work hard in our present time to achieve most of our dreams in the future.
- c. We have to teach from our past and work hard in our present time to achieve all our dreams in the future.
- d. We have to learn from our past and work hard in our present time to achieve all our dreams in the future.

5 Answer the following questions:

1. Explain why Detective Fix decided to aid Fogg in speeding up the journey across the Pacific.

.....

2. How does Fogg's lack of interest in San Francisco reflect his personality and goals ?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Sama is the owner of this phone. (belongs)

.....

2. Adam thinks this plan is good. (seem)

.....

7 Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

"Art is a universal language"

.....

DAYS
1 & 2

Unit

TEN

Find Your Passion !

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

1 Must - Know Vocabulary

مفردات يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

1 Exam core Vocabulary

المفردات اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

bowl (n)	وعاء	jogging (n)	هرولة - الركض ببطء
ceramic art	فن الخزف	intense (adj)	شديد
deadline (n)	موعد نهائي	overwhelmed (adj)	منهك / مثقل بالضغط
encourage(d) (v)	يشجع / يحفز	patience (n)	صبر
growth (n)	نمو / تطور	session (n)	جلسة / حصة
customized (adj)	مخصص	process (n)	عملية
entrepreneurship (n)	ريادة الأعمال	simple(adj)	بسيط
feel the same	يشعر بنفس الشعور	scroll(ed) (v)	يمرر الشاشة
jog(ged) (v)	يهرول - يجرى ببطء	tutorial (n)	درس تعليمي

2 Definitions

التعريفات

Memorise	Understand
balance (n) توازن	a healthy emotional state
ceramic art فن الخزف	the art of making objects from clay and baking them hard
deadline (n) موعد نهائي - آخر موعد	the latest time or date to finish something
encourage (v) يشجع - يحفز	to advise strongly and positively
growth (n) نمو - تطور	improving as a person
intense (adj) شديد	very strong; very great
overwhelmed (adj) منهك - مثقل بالضغط	unable to cope because of too much pressure
patience (n) صبر	the ability to wait or stay calm without getting angry
session (n) جلسة - حصة	a period of time spent doing one activity (like studying)

entrepreneurship (n) ريادة الأعمال	starting a small business
customized (adj) مخصص	made specially for one person or purpose
feel the same يشعر بنفس الشعور	repetitive and unchanging
process (n) عملية	a series of actions taken to achieve a result
simple(adj) بسيط	easy to understand or make
tutorial (n) درس تعليمي	a lesson that teaches how to do something step by step

3 Synonyms

المترادفات

Word	Synonym (= Meaning)
balance (n) توازن	equilibrium, stability, steadiness
deadline (n) موعد نهائي	due date, time limit
encourage (v) يشجع - يحفز	motivate, inspire, urge, support
growth (n) نمو - تطور	development, increase, expansion
intense (adj) شديد	strong, extreme, severe
overwhelmed (adj) مثقل بالضغط	overloaded, overpowered
patience (n) صبر	tolerance, endurance
session (n) جلسة - حصة	meeting, class
customized (adj) مخصص	personalized, tailored, bespoke
entrepreneurship (n) ريادة الأعمال	enterprise, business creation
process (n) عملية	procedure, method
simple (adj) بسيط	easy, basic, plain
tutorial (n) درس تعليمي	lesson, guide

4 Antonyms

المتضادات

Word	Antonym (= Opposite)
balance (n) توازن	imbalance, instability, disorder عدم التوازن - عدم الاستقرار - فوضى
encourage (v) يشجع - يحفز	discourage, deter, dishearten يثبط - يردع - يحبط
growth (n) نمو - تطور	decline, decrease, contraction تراجع - انخفاض - تقلص
intense (adj) شديد	mild, moderate, gentle خفيف - معتدل - لطيف
overwhelmed (adj) مثقل بالضغط	calm, composed, in control, relaxed هادئ - متماسك - مسيطر - مسترخ

patience (n)	صبر	impatience, restlessness, haste	نفاد الصبر - القلق - تسرع
customized (adj)	مخصص	standardized, generic	موحد - عام
simple (adj)	بسيط	complex, complicated	معقد - مركب

2 Extra Vocabulary for the Exam

مفردات مساعدة - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

المفردات اللغوية المساعدة في التعامل مع الورقة الامتحانية.

1 Expressions & Idioms

تعبيرات ومصطلحات

by the end of	بحلول نهاية	filled with	مملوء بـ
daily life	الحياة اليومية	give it a try	يجربه
easy to shape	سهل التشكيل	personal growth	النمو الشخصي
emotional balance	التوازن العاطفي	reveal unexpected challenges	يكشف تحديات غير متوقعة
emotional stress	الضغط العاطفي	study time	وقت الدراسة/الاستذكار
a waste of time	إضاعة للوقت	just to relax	للاسترخاء فقط
catch attention	يجذب انتباه	make the most of	يستغل أقصى استغلال
come out uneven	يخرج غير مستوي	source of income	مصدر دخل
for fun	للتسلية	take a long time	يستغرق وقتاً طويلاً
free time	وقت فراغ	take the first step toward	يخطو أول خطوة نحو (شيء)
full of surprises	ممتلئ بالمفاجآت	what I love most is	أكثر ما أحبه هو...
go as planned	يسير كما هو مخطط		

2 Verb + Preposition

فعل + حرف جر

agree on	يتفق في/علي/بشأن	encourage ... to	يشجع ... على أن
allow ... to	يسمح ل... بأن	pay for	يدفع ثمن
come from	ينبع من	prevent ... from	يمنعه من + مصدر
disconnect (...) from	يفصل ... عن -يتعد عن	grow into	ينمو ليصبح
ask for	يطلب	pay for	يدفع ثمن
begin with	يبدأ بـ	scroll through	يمرر الشاشة
come out	يخرج - يظهر	take up	يبدأ في
earn ... from	يكسب ... من	turn out	يتضح أنه / يتبين
fill in	يملأ استثماراً		

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

3 Must - Know Language Rules

قواعد يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

القواعد اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

Semi Modals (Expectation Structures)

1 seem too

١ الفعل (seem) هو أحد الأفعال التقريرية التي يتبعها صفة وليس ظرف :

ex. - She seems happily. (X) - She seems happy. (✓)

... seem/seems/ seemed + to + inf.

٢ تُستخدم (seem to) بمعنى (يبدو أن) لوصف الحالة التي يبدو عليها الأشخاص أو الأشياء :

ex. - Sama seems to have too much work to do. (إثبات)
- Sama doesn't seem to have any free time. (نفي)
- Sama seems not to have any free time. (نفي)

... seem/seems/ seemed + to + have + p.p.

٣ تُستخدم هذه الصيغة لوصف حالة كانت مستمرة في الماضي :

ex. - Rodayna doesn't have any money. She seems to have spent all the money on her.

→ It seems / seemed + (that / like) + جملة

يبدو أن

لاحظ أنه يمكن حذف (that / like) :

ex. - It seemed (that) she didn't like the food.

ex. - It seems (like) he's going to sell his old car.

→ It seems / seemed + (as if) + جملة

يبدو كما لو أن

ex. - It seems (as if) he needs help.

2 (be) meant to

... be meant to + inf. من المفترض أن

١ كما تُستخدم للتعبير عن الغرض من شيء ما (purpose) :

ex. - This map was meant to show the places in this large city.
- The story is meant to teach a lesson.

٢ تُستخدم هذه الصيغة التامة لتدل على شيء من المفترض أنه تم بالفعل في الماضي (be meant to + have + p.p.) :

ex. - Before the guests arrived, you were meant to have prepared everything.

3 (be) supposed to

من المفترض أن / يُفترض أن

Simple Present Form الصيغة في المضارع البسيط

تتكون الصيغة في المضارع البسيط من :

المصدر ... inf. + supposed to + am / is / are + المفعول Obj.

١ التعبير عن المسؤولية (responsibility) أو الإلزام (obligation) أو الواجب (duty) في المضارع أو المستقبل:

- ex. - You are supposed to be quiet in a library.
- Leen is supposed to look after her baby sister when her mother goes out tomorrow.

٢ التعبير عن النية (intention) أو الغرض (purpose) من شيء / شخص ما:

- ex. - A TV channel logo is supposed to help viewers recognize it.
- A mobile is supposed to be used for making and receiving calls.
= A mobile is meant to be used for making and receiving calls.
= A mobile is intended to be used for making and receiving calls.

Simple past form الصيغة البسيطة في الماضي

تتكون الصيغة في الماضي البسيط من :

المصدر ... inf. + supposed to + was / were + المفعول Obj.

وتُستخدم الصيغة البسيطة في الماضي في الحالات التالية:

١ التعبير عن نية أو غرض لم يتحقق:

- ex. - You were supposed to come first, but we were shocked by your low marks.

٢ التعبير عن ترتيب أو توقع لم يتحقق في الماضي، وغالباً يصاحبها توضيح لذلك:

- ex. - I regret missing my plane. I was supposed to fly to London yesterday.

Sample Test | on unit 10

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. You need patience when you learn a new language. "Patience" here is a synonym of
a. anger b. hurry c. fear d. endurance e. tolerance
2. Our teacher gave us a strict deadline for the research project. "Deadline" here is a synonym of
a. schedule b. due date c. reward d. time limit e. vacation

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. He learned to make plates and cups from clay.
a. ceramic art b. jogging c. growth d. deadline
2. Good results should you to keep studying and improving your skills.
a. discourage b. confuse c. ignore d. encourage
3. Regular practice leads to real in speaking skills.
a. growth b. deadline c. stress d. tutorial
4. The website offers designs for different customers.
a. deadline b. patience c. customised d. session
5. The is the latest time or date to finish something.
a. session b. process c. patience d. deadline
6. I go every morning to stay healthy.
a. jogging b. processing c. picking d. customizing
7. My father meant for you the office.
a. run b. to run c. that run d. runs
8. Some new clients were supposed to by my manager yesterday.
a. meet b. be met c. have been met d. a & b
9. It seems ; I can hear the rain drops on my window.
a. rains b. rain c. to have rained d. to be raining
10. I think she is busy. "What does this mean?"
a. She seems to have been busy b. It seems that she is busy
c. She seems to be busy d. b & c
11. The final paragraph in a hobby review is mainly a to the reader.
a. tool description b. step list c. hook question d. recommendation
12. The description paragraph focuses on "What is it?" not "Is it ?"
a. available b. famous c. new d. good or bad

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

My hobby is reading, I read story books, magazines, newspapers and any kind of material that I find interesting. This hobby got started when I was a little boy. I wanted my parents to read fairy tales and other stories to me. Soon they got fed up and tired of having to read to me continually. So as soon as I could, I learned to read. I started with simple ABC books. Soon I could read simple fairy tales and other stories. Now I read just about anything that is available. Reading enables me to learn about so many things that I would otherwise not know. I learned about how people lived in bygone days of magic and mystery. I learned about the wonders of the world, space travel, human achievements, huge whales, tiny viruses and other fascinating things about our world

The wonderful thing about reading is that I do not have to learn things the hard way. For example, I do not have to catch a disease to know that it can kill me. I know the danger so I can avoid it. Also, I do not have to go deep into the jungle to learn about the tiger. I can read all about it in a book. Books provide the reader with so much information and facts. They have certainly helped me in my daily life. I am better equipped to cope with living. Otherwise, I would go about ignorantly learning things the hard ways. So, I continue to read. Besides being more informed about the world, I also spend my time profitably. It is indeed a good hobby.

1. The writer has liked reading since
a. his graduation b. his childhood c. his marriage d. his youth
2. It is expected that the world's population will in 25 years.
a. lessen b. decline c. double d. decrease
3. The underlined word "bygone" means ".....".
a. the things that will happen in the future b. the things that happen daily
c. the things that will never happen d. the things that happened in a past time
4. The writer began to depend on himself and learnt to read because
a. he was old enough to read for himself.
b. he was fed up with the tales his parents read.
c. his parents were fed up with reading him tales
d. he wanted to change the stories his parents read.
5. Without reading, the writer would
a. travel a lot to get information b. know about the world through hard ways
c. have much time for himself d. be protected from disasters
6. The best title to the passage is
a. the advantages of reading b. the pros and cons of reading
c. reading is a useless hobby d. not everyone could be a good reader
7. The underlined pronoun "It" refers to ".....".
a. the world b. time c. a book d. reading

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

Many famous Egyptians are admired for their intelligence, creativity, and their ability to do great and charity work.

- a. يحظى القليل من مشاهير المصريين بالإعجاب لذكائهم وإبداعهم وقدرتهم على القيام بأعمال عظيمة وخيرية.
- b. يحظى العديد من مشاهير المصريين بالإعجاب لعطائهم وإبداعهم وقدرتهم على القيام بأعمال عظيمة وخيرية.
- c. يحظى العديد من مشاهير المصريين بالإعجاب لذكائهم وإبداعهم وقدرتهم على القيام بأعمال عظيمة وخيرية.
- d. يحظى العديد من مشاهير المصريين بالإعجاب لذكائهم وإبداعهم وقدرتهم على القيام بأعمال خطيرة وخيرية.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

ثقة الفرد في نفسه وقدراته، ومواهبه، وإمكاناته، وإيمانه الداخلي بقواه الذهنية والنفسية والبدنية يجلبان له السعادة.

- a. The individual's trust in himself, his abilities, talents, potentials, and his inner belief in his mental, psychological and physical strengths bring him happiness.
- b. The individual's trust in himself, his abilities, talents, properties, and his inner belief in his mental, psychological and physical strengths bring him happiness.
- c. The individual's confidence in himself, his abilities, talents, potentials, and his inner belief in his mental, psychological and physical strengths bring him happiness.
- d. The individual's confidence in himself, his abilities, talents, potentials, and his inner belief in his mental, psychological and physical strengths bring him happiness.

5 Answer the following questions:

1. Why does the journey across America represent a major challenge for Phileas Fogg?

.....

2. What does the buffalo delay suggest about travel during that period?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. It seemed that Aya had received good news. (Aya)

.....

2. She talked happily to her friends. (seemed)

.....

7 Write an essay about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

"How having a hobby can improve the life of a school student"

.....
.....
.....
.....

DAYS

1 & 2

Unit

ELEVEN

Healthy Choices, Healthy Life

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

1 Must - Know Vocabulary

مفردات يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

1 Exam core Vocabulary

المفردات اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

confuse(d) (v)	يربك	prevent(ed) (v)	يمنع
confused (adj)	مرتبك	preventative (adj)	وقائي
essential (adj)	ضروري	proactive (adj)	استباقي
ignore(d) (v)	يتجاهل	sleepy (adj)	نعسان - خامل
joint (n)	مفصل	slippery (adj)	زلق
kidney (n)	كلية (عضو في جسم الإنسان)	stiff (adj)	متيبس
necessary (adj)	ضروري	sweat(ed) (n-v)	عرق - يعرق
energetic (adj)	نشط	wash(ed) out (v)	يخرج - يزيل
force(d) (v)	يجبر	mental attitude (n)	توجه عقلي
immune (adj)	منيع/قوي المناعة - مناعي	necessity (n)	ضرورة
immune system(n)	الجهاز المناعي	positive (adj)	إيجابي
lifespan (n)	عمر	prioritize(d) (v)	يعطي الأولوية
mental (adj)	ذهني - عقلي	stress (n)	توتر
attitude (n)	موقف - توجه		

2 Definitions

التعريفات

Memorise	Understand
essential (adj) ضروري	absolutely needed; very important
ignore (v) يتجاهل	fail to pay attention to something
stiff (adj) متيبس	hard to bend or move; not flexible
wash out (v) يخرج - يزيل	to clean something completely using water
floss (n) خيط الأسنان	thread used to clean between your teeth
gums (n) اللثة	soft tissue in your mouth that surrounds your teeth
cavities (n) التسوس في الأسنان	little holes in your tooth caused by sugar and germs
confused (adj) متحير	unable to understand something; feeling uncertain or mixed up
immune system (n) الجهاز المناعي	the system in your body that produces substances to help it fight against infection and disease

lifespan (n) <small>عمر</small>	the length of time that something is likely to live, continue, or function
mental attitude (n) <small>توجه عقلي</small>	a way of thinking and feeling (an "attitude") connected with the mind and thinking (mental)
stress (n) <small>توتر</small>	pressure or worry caused by problems in somebody's life or by having too much to do

3 Synonyms

المترادفات

Word	Synonym (= Meaning)
confused (adj) <small>مرتبك</small>	puzzled, bewildered, unclear, mixed-up
essential (adj) <small>ضروري</small>	vital, crucial, necessary, fundamental
ignore (v) <small>يتجاهل</small>	neglect, overlook, disregard
necessary (adj) <small>ضروري</small>	required, essential, needed
prevent (v) <small>يمنع</small>	stop, avoid, hinder
proactive (adj) <small>استباقي</small>	forward-thinking, initiative-taking
sleepy (adj) <small>نعسان - خامل</small>	tired, drowsy
slippery (adj) <small>زلق</small>	smooth, slick
stiff (adj) <small>متيبس</small>	rigid, inflexible
wash out (v) <small>يخرج - يزيل</small>	rinse out clean away, flush out
energetic (adj) <small>نشط</small>	active, lively, vigorous, dynamic
force(d) (v) <small>يجبر</small>	compel, coerce
immune (adj) <small>منيع / قوي المناعة - مناعي</small>	resistant, protected
lifespan (n) <small>عمر</small>	life expectancy, lifetime
mental (adj) <small>ذهني - عقلي</small>	psychological, cognitive
attitude (n) <small>موقف - توجه</small>	outlook, approach, stance, mindset
necessity (n) <small>ضرورة</small>	need, requirement
positive (adj) <small>إيجابي</small>	optimistic, hopeful, upbeat, constructive
prioritize(d) (v) <small>يعطي الأولوية</small>	rank, put first, give priority to
stress (n) <small>توتر</small>	pressure, tension, strain

4 Antonyms

المتضادات

Word	Antonym (= Opposite)
confused (adj) <small>مرتبك</small>	clear, certain, confident, sure <small>واضح - متيقن - واثق - متأكد</small>
essential (adj) <small>ضروري</small>	inessential, nonessential, optional, unnecessary <small>غير أساسي - غير ضروري - اختياري - غير لازم</small>
ignore (v) <small>يتجاهل</small>	heed, notice, observe, pay attention to <small>يصغى إلى - يلاحظ - يراقب - ينتبه إلى</small>

most important	هام للغاية	least important, minor, unimportant	الأقل أهمية - غير مهم
necessary (adj)	ضروري	needless, optional, unnecessary	غير ضروري - اختياري - غير لازم
prevent (v)	يمنع	allow, enable, let, permit	يسمح - يمكن - يدع - يجيز
proactive (adj)	استباقي	passive, reactive	سلبي - تفاعلي
sleepy (adj)	نعسان - خامل	alert, awake	يقظ - مستيقظ
slippery (adj)	زلق	grippy, rough, sticky	خشن - لزج - غير زلق
stiff (adj)	متيبس	flexible, limber, loose	مرن - لين - رخو
wash out (v)	يخرج - يزيل	stain, dirty	يلطخ - يوسخ
energetic (adj)	نشط	tired, exhausted, lethargic	متعب - منهك - خامل
force(d) (v)	يجبر	allow, permit	يسمح - يجيز
immune (adj)	ممنوع/قوي المناعة - مناعي	vulnerable, susceptible	معرض للإصابة - سهل العدوى
mental (adj)	ذهني - عقلي	physical, bodily	جسدي - بدني
positive (adj)	إيجابي	negative, pessimistic	سلبي - متشائم
prioritize(d) (v)	يعطي الأولوية	neglect, ignore	يهمل - يتجاهل

2 Extra Vocabulary for the Exam

مفردات مساعدة - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

المفردات اللغوية المساعدة في التعامل مع الورقة الامتحانية.

1 Expressions & Idioms

تعابير ومصطلحات

good point	نقطة جيدة	take care of	يعتني بـ
emergency room	قسم الطوارئ	on its own	من تلقاء نفسه
fancy pills	أقراص عالية الثمن	positive thinking	تفكير إيجابي
good for you	أحسن	positive view of life	نظرة إيجابية للحياة
key area	مجال رئيسي	waste removal	إزالة النفايات
mental attitude	توجه عقلي	what counts	ما يهم

2 Verb + Preposition

فعل + حرف جر

break down	يحلل / يفكك - يتعطل	pay for	يدفع ثمن
cool down	يبز	take out	يخرج - يزيل
forget to	ينسى أن	wash out	يزيل بالغسل
keep ... from	يمنع ... من	recover from	يتعافى من
cheer ... on	يشجع ... علي	remind ... to	يذكر ... بأن
clean out	ينقي	wake up	يستيقظ
force ... out of	يجبر ... على الخروج من ...	write down	يدون
force ... to	يجبر ... على		

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

3 Must - Know Language Rules

قواعد يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

القواعد اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

Past Habits

عادات الماضي

A Used to اعتاد أن + inf.

تستخدم (used to + inf.) بمعنى «اعتاد أن» للتعبير عن عادة كانت موجودة في الماضي ولم تعد موجودة الآن:

المصدر + inf. + اعتاد أن + used to + الفاعل Subj.

- I **used to** eat a lot of sweets when I was a child. (إثبات)
- I **didn't use to** eat a lot of sweets when I was a child. (نفي)
- Did you **use to** eat a lot of sweets when you were a child ? (سؤال)
- A lot of sweets **used to** be eaten when I was a child. (مبنى مجهول)

Important Notes ملاحظات هامة



١ تُعبر (used to + inf.) عن عادة كانت موجودة في الماضي و هذه العادة توقفت ولم تعد تحدث في الحاضر:
- My uncle **used to be** a heavy smoker. (Now, he doesn't smoke.)

٢ تُعبر (used to + inf.) أيضاً عن أشياء كانت مختلفة في الماضي عن الحاضر:
- Tawfik **used to** work in tourism. Now, he has a taxi.

٣ العادة تستمر ويتكرر حدوثها فترة طويلة ، لذلك لا يجوز استخدام تعبيرات زمنية تحصر العادة في مدي زمني قصير مثل:
yesterday / last Friday / last week / this morning etc.

- He **used to** go to the cinema last week. (X)
- He went to the cinema **last week**. (✓)

٤ للتعبير عن أن شئ ما كان عادياً أو مألوفاً نستخدم:

Subject + was / were + used to + noun / (inf.+ing)

- Amira **was used to** easy life. Now, she is a wife, a mother and a teacher.
- We **were used to** working on farms.

لاحظ أن (be used to) يمكن أن تأتي بمعنى «يستخدم لكي» بجمل مبنية للمجهول ويليها المصدر:

- Wood **is used to** make furniture. (Not: used to making)
- Milk **is used to** make cheese and butter.

٥ للتعبير عن التعود على عمل شيء في الماضي نستخدم:

Subject + got / became / grew + used to + noun / (inf.+ing)

- Rokaya **got used to** (living in) her new flat.

٦ لاحظ الصيغة التالية:

- **There used to be / There didn't use to be**

- **There used to be** a cinema in our street. Now it is a big restaurant.

- **There didn't use to be** an airport in Aswan in 1900.

B Would + inf.

لاحظ أوجه التشابه والاختلاف في استخدام كل من (used to + inf.) و (would + inf.):

١ تُستخدم كل من (used to + inf.) أو (would + inf.) للتعبير عن الأحداث المتكررة في الماضي:

- When I was a little girl, I **used to cry** easily when someone shouted at me.

= When I was a little girl, I **would cry** easily when someone shouted at me.

٢ تُستخدم (used to + inf.) وليس (would + inf.) لوصف حالة في الماضي – أي لا يمكن استخدام (would + inf.) إذا

كان الفعل الأساسي أحد الأفعال التقريرية ، ومن أمثلة هذه الأفعال:

- be / have = possess = own / love / like / dislike / enjoy / hate / want / wish / weigh /
hear / cost / deserve يستحق / understand / feel ...

- I **used to have** a small bike when I was a child. (✓)

- I **would have** a small bike when I was a child. (✗)

- When my father was 25, he **used to be** strong. (✓)

- When my father was 25, he **would be** strong. (✗)

٣ تشير (used to + inf.) بشكل واضح إلى عادات الماضي، لكن (would + inf.) لا تشير بالضرورة إلى الماضي، لذلك من

الأفضل أن يسبقها ظرف زمان أو تعبير يدل على الماضي :

- Sama **used to get up** early.

- **When she was a student**, Sama **would get up** early.

٤ يمكن أن تُستخدم ظروف التكرار مثل (always, usually, sometimes ...) قبل أو بعد (used):

- When I was younger, I **always used to help** my mother with the housework.

- When I was younger, I **used always to help** my mother with the housework.

٥ تُستخدم ظروف التكرار مثل (always, usually, sometimes ...) بعد (would):

- When I was younger, I **would always help** my mother with the housework.

Sample Test | on unit 11

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. I felt completely confused after reading the new rules. "Confused" here is a synonym of
a. puzzled b. vital c. slick d. mixed-up e. rigid
2. Please don't ignore the safety instructions. "Ignore" is an antonym of
a. forget b. neglect c. disregard d. heed e. pay attention

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. To is to stop something from happening or stop someone from doing something.
a. ignore b. sweat c. prevent d. wash out
2. For safety, wearing a seat belt is
a. essential b. slippery c. stressful d. prohibited
3. Her elbow hurt after the fall.
a. lashes b. joint c. attitude d. sweat
4. If you problems, they may get worse.
a. ignore b. protect c. join d. energize
5. A calm mind gives you strength.
a. mental b. harmful c. ignored d. preventative
6. A vaccine is a / an measure.
a. preventative b. aggressive c. washed out d. stress
7. When I was young, I have tea after meals.
a. was used to b. would c. got used to d. use to
8. When we were young, mum accompany us to bed and read us a bedtime story.
a. didn't used to b. wasn't used to c. would d. was used to
9. My memory isn't as good as it
a. used to be b. used to do c. used for d. used
10. People have a lot of children in the past.
a. would b. used to c. had used to d. using to
11. A formal apology letter should include taking for the mistake.
a. credit b. responsibility c. pride d. blame
12. Which closing sentence promises the mistake won't be repeated again?
a. I assure you this will not happen again... b. I hope it happens again.
c. I will be worse next time. d. I won't try.

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Some doctors think that you should drink a glass of water each morning. You should drink this water first thing, before doing anything else. The temperature of the water should be similar to body temperature; neither too hot nor too cold. Why should you drink this water? Water helps your body in many ways. It helps clean out your kidneys. It prepares your stomach for digestion. Water can also help your intestines work better. After drinking water, the intestines can more easily take out nutrients from our food. Water also helps us go to the bathroom more easily. Scientists suggest that people take in 1,600 milliliters of water each day. But don't drink all of that water in one sitting. If you do, your kidneys will have to work much harder to eliminate it. It's better to drink some in the morning and some in the afternoon. Some people think it's better to drink between meals and not during meals. They think water dilutes the juices produced in our stomachs. This can interfere with normal digestion. Are you drinking enough water every day? Check the colour of your urine. If it is light yellow, you are probably drinking enough. If your urine is very dark yellow, you probably need to drink more water. A little more water each day could make you much healthier !

1. What could be the best title for this passage?
 - a. "Drink Water, Not Soft Drinks"
 - b. "Drink During Meals"
 - c. "Drink Between Meals"
 - d. "Drink Enough Water"
2. Why is it helpful to drink water in the morning?
 - a. Your kidneys will work harder.
 - b. Your intestines will work well.
 - c. Your juices will be diluted.
 - d. Your urine will be pale yellow.
3. Which of the following is NOT a reason to drink water?
 - a. So your intestines will work well.
 - b. To get more nutrients.
 - c. To clean out your kidneys.
 - d. To dilute your stomach juices.
4. Why is it better to drink between meals?
 - a. So you eat enough food.
 - b. So you don't dilute stomach juices.
 - c. So your urine will not smell bad.
 - d. So you don't overwork your kidneys.
5. What does urine colour indicate?
 - a. That you need to eat more food.
 - b. That you need to drink more water.
 - c. That you need to have enough sleep.
 - d. That you need to drink more juice.
6. Why shouldn't you drink 1,600 milliliters in one sitting?
 - a. It will harm your lungs.
 - b. It will harm your kidneys.
 - c. It will make you thirsty.
 - d. It will make you hungry.
7. The underlined word 'it' refers to
 - a. your body
 - b. your urine
 - c. your health
 - d. your drinking water

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

The best way to fight viruses is to boost our immune system. We can do this by eating a lot of fruit and vegetables, especially vegetables with green leaves.

- a. أفضل طريقة لمحاربة الفيروسات هي تعزيز جهاز المناعة لدينا. يمكننا القيام بذلك عن طريق تناول الكثير من الفاكهة والخضروات، وخصوصًا الخضروات ذات الأوراق الصفراء.
- b. أفضل طريقة لمحاربة الفيروسات هي تعزيز جهاز المناعة لدينا. يمكننا القيام بذلك عن طريق تناول الكثير من الفاكهة والخضروات، وخصوصًا الخضروات ذات الأوراق الخضراء.
- c. أفضل طريقة لمحاربة الفيروسات هي تعزيز جهاز المناعة لدينا. يمكننا القيام بذلك عن طريق تناول القليل من الفاكهة والخضروات، وخصوصًا الخضروات ذات الأوراق الخضراء.
- d. أفضل طريقة لمحاربة الفيروسات هي تعزيز جهاز المناعة لدينا. يمكننا القيام بذلك عن طريق تناول الكثير من الفاكهة والخضروات، وخصوصًا الخضروات ذات الأوراق الخضراء.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

حتى تحافظ على صحتك ولياقتك يجب عليك تناول طعامًا صحيًا، وبكميات مناسبة وشرب الكثير من المياه، ولا تنسى أن تمارس الرياضة بشكل منتظم.

- a. In order to maintain your health and fitness, you must eat healthy food in appropriate qualities, drink plenty of water, and do not forget to exercise regularly.
- b. In order to maintain your health and fitness, you must eat healthy food in appropriate qualities, drink plenty of water, and do not forget to exercise irregularly.
- c. In order to maintain your health and fitness, you must eat healthy food in appropriate quantities, drink plenty of water, and do not forget to exercise regularly.
- d. In order to maintain your health and fitness, you may eat healthy food in appropriate qualities, drink plenty of water, and do not forget to exercise regularly.

5 Answer the following questions:

1. How does the Henrietta transformation affect the journey?

.....

2. Why does Captain Speedy finally accept Phileas Fogg's plan?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. He doesn't play football anymore.

(used)

.....

2. It was my habit to smoke when I was thirty.

(used to)

.....

7 Write an essay about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

"Daily healthy habits"

.....
.....

DAYS
1 & 2

Unit

TWELVE

Time Habits & Punctuality

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

1 Must - Know Vocabulary

مفردات يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

1 Exam core Vocabulary

المفردات اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

attendance (n)	حضور	promptly (adv)	في الموعد
consistent (adj)	منتظم - متسق - مترابط	punctual (adj)	منضبط في الموعد
consistently (adv)	بشكل مستمر - باتساق	punctuality (n)	انضباط
delay(ed) (v)	يؤخر	spontaneous (adj)	عفوي - تلقائي
optimistic (adj)	متفائل	suspension (n)	إيقاف - تعليق
productivity (n)	إنتاجية	organized (adj)	منظم
commitment (n)	التزام	polish(ed) (v)	يحسن - ينقي
disappointment (n)	خيبة أمل	resource (n)	مورد
invest(ed) (v)	يستثمر	scheduling (n)	جدولة
investment (n)	استثمار	sharp (adj)	حاد
master(ed) (v)	يتقن		

2 Definitions

التعريفات

Memorise	Understand
attendance (n) حضور	act of being present at a place or event
delay (v) يتأخر	to be late or cause lateness
optimistic (adj) متفائل	hopeful and confident about the future
productivity (n) إنتاجية	getting more tasks done in a given amount of time
promptly (adv) في الموعد	done quickly or immediately; without waiting
spontaneous (adj) تلقائي	done suddenly and without a lot of thought or planning
suspension (n) إيقاف - تعليق	not allowing someone to take part in something for some time
consistent (adj) منتظم	always happening in the same way
disappointment (n) خيبة أمل	a feeling of unhappiness when hopes are not met
master (v) يتقن	to become very skilled or knowledgeable in something
organized (adj) منظم	well planned and neatly arranged

resource (n)	مورد	something helpful that can be used to achieve an aim
sharp (adj)	حاد	quick to understand and able to focus well

3 Synonyms

المترادفات

Word		Synonym (= Meaning)
attendance (n)	حضور	presence, turnout, participation
consistent (adj)	منتظم	steady, reliable, constant
delay (v)	يتأخر	postpone, put off, hold up, defer
optimistic (adj)	متفائل	hopeful, positive
productivity (n)	إنتاجية	efficiency, output
promptly (adv)	على الفور	quickly, immediately, at once, without delay
punctual (adj)	منضبط	on time, timely, prompt
spontaneous (adj)	تلقائي	natural, impulsive, unplanned
suspension (n)	إيقاف - تعليق	pause, stoppage, break, interruption
commitment (n)	التزام	dedication, obligation, responsibility, devotion
disappointment (n)	خيبة أمل	letdown, dissatisfaction, frustration, discouragement
master (v)	يتقن	control, dominate
organized (adj)	منتظم	orderly, systematic, structured, well-arranged
polish (v)	يحسن - ينقى	refine, improve, perfect, enhance
resource (n)	مورد	supply, source, asset, material
scheduling (n)	جدولة	planning, timetabling, arrangement, coordination
sharp (adj)	حاد	keen, acute, pointed, intense

4 Antonyms

المتضادات

Word		Antonym (= Opposite)	
attendance (n)	حضور	absence, nonattendance	الغياب - عدم الحضور
consistent (adj)	منتظم	inconsistent, irregular	غير متسق - غير منتظم
delay (v)	يؤخر	hasten, speed up	يسرع
optimistic (adj)	متفائل	pessimistic, hopeless, desperate	متشائم - بلا أمل - يائس
productivity (n)	إنتاجية	inefficiency, low output	قلة الكفاءة - ضعف الإنتاج
punctual (adj)	منضبط	late, tardy	متأخر - غير ملتزم بالمواعيد
spontaneous (adj)	تلقائي	planned, deliberate	مخطط - متعمد
suspension (n)	إيقاف - تعليق	continuation, resumption	استمرار - استئناف
commitment (n)	التزام	neglect, indifference	إهمال - لا مبالاة

disappointment (n)	خيبة أمل	satisfaction, delight	رضا - سرور
investment (n)	استثمار	loss, waste	خسارة - هدر
master (v)	يتقن	fail, neglect	يفشل - يهمل
organized (adj)	منظم	disorganized, chaotic	غير منظم - فوضوي
polish (v)	يحسن - ينقى	neglect, roughen	يهمل - يخشن
scheduling (n)	جدولة	canceling, delaying	إلغاء - تأخير
sharp (adj)	حاد	slow-witted, stupid, foolish, dim	بطيء الفهم - غبي - أحمق - بليد

2 Extra Vocabulary for the Exam

مفردات مساعدة - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

المفردات اللغوية المساعدة في التعامل مع الورقة الامتحانية.

1 Expressions & Idioms

تعابير ومصطلحات

according to	وفقًا لـ	perception of time	إحساس بقيمة الزمن
arrive promptly	يصل في الموعد	planning fallacy	مغالطة التخطيط
based on	بناء على	reach adulthood	يبلغ سن الرشد
by the time	بحلول الوقت	run late	يتأخر
clock person	شخص منضبط	spontaneous personality	شخصية عفوية
consistent attendance	حضور منتظم	straight line	خط مستقيم
event person	منسق فعاليات / متخصص في تنظيم الفعاليات	time management	إدارة الوقت
follow a schedule	يلتزم بجدول	vital for	ضروري لـ
art of productivity	فن الإنتاجية	ensure a happier lifespan	يضمن عمرا أسعد
(be) due in / on / at	يحل موعده في	keep your focus sharp	يحافظ على تركيزه عاليًا
(be) gone forever	يزول إلى الأبد	lack of punctuality	عدم الالتزام بالموعد
by then	بحلول ذلك الوقت	manage time	ينظم الوقت
lack of respect	عدم احترام		

2 Verb + Preposition

فعل + حرف جر

decide on	يختار	lead to	يؤدي إلى
divide ... into	يقسم إلى	promise to	يعد بأن
get to	يصل إلى	reflect on	يتأمل - يفكر بعمق في
compare ... to	يقارن ... بـ ...	struggle with	يعاني من - يناضل ضد
earn back	يستعيد / يكسب مجددا	submit ... to	يقدم ... إلى / يخضع ... لـ
invest in	يستثمر في	treat ... like	يعامل ... كـ

UNLOCK THE EXAM:

3 Must - Know Language Rules

قواعد يجب معرفتها - كن جاهز لأي سؤال

القواعد اللغوية الأساسية موضع الامتحان [كما وردت في كتاب الطالب]

The Future Perfect Tense زمن المستقبل التام

Form	Active	Passive
Affirmation الإثبات	Subj. + will + have + p.p. - He will have decorated the house by next August.	Obj. + will + have + been + p.p. - The house will have been decorated by next August.
Negation النفي	Subj. + won't + have + p.p. - He won't have decorated the house by six o'clock.	Obj. + won't + have been + p.p. - The house won't have been decorated by six o'clock.
'Yes / No' Q. السؤال بـ (هل)	Will + subj. + have + p.p. ? - Will he have decorated the house by next August?	Will + obj. + have been + p.p. ? - Will the house have been decorated by next August?
'Wh' Q. السؤال بأداة استفهام	Q.W. + will + subj. + have + p.p. ? - When will he have decorated the house?	Q.W. + will + obj. + have been + p.p. ? - When will the house have been decorated ?

الاستخدامات Uses

التعبير عن حدث سوف يكون قد تم قبل أو بحلول وقت معين في المستقبل ، وعادة ما يستخدم معه تعبيرات زمنية مستقبلية تبدأ بـ (by / before / this time / by the time) :

- ex.** - My son Ahmed will have started school **by next October**.
- **Before midnight tomorrow**, Rokaya will have studied unit 12.
- **This time next year**, our company will have achieved great success.

٢ يمكن استخدام التعبيرات الزمنية الدالة على المستقبل بدون (by / before) بشرط استخدام :

for + period of time مدة زمنية

ex. - In 2028, Mona will have lived in her house for ten years.

- Next Monday, I will have stayed in Aswan for a week.

٣ لاحظ بعد الروابط الزمنية التالية لا يستخدم زمن المستقبل (بسيط/مستمر/تام) ويستخدم بدلاً منها إما مضارع (بسيط/تام)، ويتوقف استخدام نوع المستقبل في الجملة الثانية على المعنى :

مستقبل (بسيط/تام/مستمر) + مضارع بسيط أو مضارع تام + After/As soon as/ Once / When /The moment

- When you leave the office, I will have sent the emails.
- When you have left the office, I will send the emails.
- When you leave the office, I will be sending the emails.

مستقبل (تام غالباً) + مضارع بسيط أو مضارع تام + Before / By the time

- By the time I go home, I'll have visited two friends.

مستقبل (تام غالباً) + مضارع بسيط أو مضارع تام + Before / By the time

ex. - By the time I go home, I'll have visited two friends.

- We use in (2 days' time) to mean at the end of this time.



Sample Test | on unit 12

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. "Good scheduling helps students finish tasks on time." "Scheduling" here is synonymous with
a. lateness b. disappointment c. planning d. arrangement e. obligation
2. Please reply promptly because the deadline is today. "Promptly" here is closest in meaning to
a. slowly b. carefully c. immediately d. without delay e. loudly

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. The flight was because of bad weather.
a. organized b. delayed c. sharp d. spontaneous
2. Even after a difficult exam, he stayed and smiled.
a. disappointed b. optimistic c. punctual d. worried
3. Taking short breaks can improve your at work.
a. productivity b. punctuality c. suspension d. disappointment
4. She felt when her project was rejected.
a. disappointed b. optimistic c. sharp d. organized
5. After practice, she finally the skill of public speaking.
a. mastered b. delayed c. invested d. polished
6. Done suddenly and without a lot of thoughts or planning is
a. spontaneous b. predictable c. deliberate d. traditional
7. They dinner by the time we get there. There will be no food left.
a. will have b. will be had c. had had d. will have had
8. You done a lot of your work by the end of this month. You will be free then.
a. will have b. will be c. had d. have
9. You the book before the next class, won't you ?
a. will have read b. won't have read c. have read d. didn't read
10. By 2027, the population of Egypt to about 120 million.
a. will have been grown b. would grow
c. will be grown d. will have grown
11. Which sentence fits explaining impact? ".....".
a. I won a prize today b. This is a funny story
c. You should laugh now d. I understand this may have
12. The "Body" of an apology letter explains what happened and shows you understand the
a. impact b. reward c. celebration d. joke

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

At school, you have probably had the support of your teachers, your family and your friends. When you leave secondary school, you will start to have responsibility for your own life. This means being in control of your time and also your choice of career. However, it is important never to forget the values and morals that your family and your school have taught you.

Show respect to older people and to your colleagues at work, both male and female. Remember to be tolerant of people who are different from you. Be loyal to all your friends.

When you are at work, make sure that you help and support your work colleagues. It is good to be ambitious, but do not envy people who are promoted before you. Be patient and always work hard and you will be rewarded one day.

When you are not at work, spend some time helping your local community. This is an excellent way to meet new people, and to help improve the lives of others. Try to help the poor whenever you can. Most people find that voluntary and charitable work is so rewarding that they are happy to do it.

Your school has taught you how to pass your exams, but it has also taught you important values and morals that will help whatever career you choose.

1. The main idea of the passage is ".....".
 - a. How to be successful after leaving school
 - b. How to succeed at your school
 - c. Tolerant people lose a lot in their life
 - d. You will be rewarded one day
2. In your future career, your will support you.
 - a. neighbours and friends
 - b. morals and values
 - c. school and colleagues
 - d. males and females
3. Voluntary work is rewarding although it is
 - a. unseen
 - b. cheap
 - c. valueless
 - d. unpaid
4. Being helps you to get on well with other people.
 - a. violent
 - b. shy
 - c. tolerant
 - d. ashamed
5. According to the passage, you should be tolerant of people who are
 - a. different to you
 - b. similar to your colleagues
 - c. different to your colleagues
 - d. similar to you
6. The word "....." in the passage means the people who live in the same area.
 - a. responsibility
 - b. morals
 - c. community
 - d. colleagues
7. Which of the following can summarise the second paragraph?
 - a. The rules you have to follow at school to succeed.
 - b. The instructions which you have to obey at your community.
 - c. How to deal with your colleagues at work.
 - d. Some tips to help you stay healthy all the time.

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d:

During life , man goes through many different situations, and these situations give them experience in how to deal with life and people.

- a. يمر الإنسان خلال حياته بالعديد من المواقف المختلفة، و هذه المواقف تكسبه خبرة في كيفية التعامل مع الحياة والناس.
- b. يمر الإنسان خلال حياته بالقليل من المواقف المختلفة، و هذه المواقف تكسبه خبرة في كيفية التعامل مع الحياة والناس.
- c. يمر الإنسان خلال حياته بالعديد من المواقف المختلفة، و هذه المواقف تمنعه خبرة في كيفية التعامل مع الحياة والناس.
- d. يمر الحيوان خلال حياته بالعديد من المواقف المختلفة، و هذه المواقف تكسبه خبرة في كيفية التعامل مع الحياة والناس.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

يؤدي العمل الجماعي دون أدنى شك إلى تحقيق الأهداف بينما العمل الفردي يتسبب في إهدار الوقت والجهد دون الوصول لنجاح حقيقي.

- a. Teamwork with much doubt leads to achieving goals, while individual work leads to wasting time and effort without real success.
- b. Teamwork undoubtedly leads to achieving goals, while individual work leads to wasting time and effort without real success.
- c. Teamwork undoubtedly leads to achieving goals, while individual work leads to wasting time and effects without real success.
- d. Teamwork without doubt lead to achieve goals, while individual work leads to wasting time and effort without real success.

5 Answer the following questions:

1. Why is Passepartout's anger toward Fix significant to the theme of loyalty?

.....

2. What does Fogg's decision to submit to the law reveal about his character?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I will have done all my jobs before the break. (been)

.....

2. I promise to finish the report before the deadline on 26th September. (finished)

.....

7 Write an essay about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

"Time is money"

.....
.....
.....
.....

DAYS

1 & 2

The Story

Around the World in Eighty Days

أهم النقاط والتدريبات في القصة المقررة

CHAPTER 7

I CHAPTER SEVEN IN POINTS

1. After a long and difficult journey across the jungle, Mr. Fogg, Passepartout, and Aouda reached the city of Calcutta on the afternoon of October 25th.
2. Mr. Fogg showed no sign of worry and thought first of making sure that Aouda would be safely settled for the voyage.
3. As the three travelers stepped outside the station, Detective Fix followed closely behind them.
4. Two policemen approached Mr. Fogg and Passepartout and ordered them to come with them.
5. Mr. Fogg, who always respected the law, calmly agreed to go and asked that Aouda be allowed to come with them.
6. They were locked in a small room and told that they would appear before Judge Obadiah at eight-thirty.
7. Detective Fix felt satisfied because the arrest was connected to the incident in Bombay.
8. Passepartout was sentenced to fifteen days in prison, and Mr. Fogg was sentenced to eight days and a fine as his master.
9. Mr. Fogg offered bail, the sum was enormous so the judge couldn't refuse.
10. They left the courthouse at once and hurried to the dock, and the Rangoon was preparing to depart, so they boarded just in time.
11. Fix stood on the pier in despair, then he bought a ticket with his own money and boarded the ship at the last moment to follow Fogg.
12. As the ship sailed into the Bay of Bengal, Mr. Fogg told Aouda that a human life was worth more than time or money, while Passepartout wiped his eyes and the journey continued.

II QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

Critical Thinking Questions and Suggested Answers:

1. **SB** Why do you think Phileas Fogg stayed calm during the arrest instead of arguing?

لماذا تعتقد أن Phileas Fogg ظل هادئاً أثناء الاعتقال بدلاً من الجدل؟

Phileas Fogg believed that calm behavior would not worsen the situation and that the law should be respected.

كان Phileas Fogg يعتقد أن الهدوء لن يزيد الموقف سوءاً وأن القانون يجب احترامه.

2. SB Why do you think Phileas Fogg insisted that Aouda remain with him?

لماذا تعتقد أن Phileas Fogg أصر على بقاء Aouda معه؟

Phileas Fogg felt morally responsible for Aouda's safety after rescuing her.

شعر Phileas Fogg بالمسؤولية الأخلاقية عن سلامة Aouda بعد إنقاذها.

3. How do you think the legal delay benefited Detective Fix?

كيف تعتقد أن التأخير القانوني أفاد Detective Fix؟

The delay gave Detective Fix hope that the journey would stop till the warrant from London arrived.

منح التأخير Detective Fix أملاً في توقف الرحلة حتى تصل مذكرة التوقيف من لندن.

4. SB Why did Phileas Fogg say that saving a life was worth more than time?

لماذا قال Phileas Fogg إن إنقاذ حياة أهم من الوقت؟

Phileas Fogg valued human life more than schedules or money.

كان Phileas Fogg يقدر حياة الإنسان أكثر من المواعيد أو المال.

5. Describe Phileas Fogg's reaction to being arrested. What does this reaction reveal about his character?

صف رد فعل Phileas Fogg عند القبض عليه وماذا يكشف هذا عن شخصيته؟

Phileas Fogg accepted the arrest calmly without protest, which reveals his respect for the law and his strong self-control under pressure.

تقبل Phileas Fogg الاعتقال بهدوء دون اعتراض، مما يكشف عن احترامه للقانون وقدرته الكبيرة على التحكم في نفسه تحت الضغط.

CHAPTER 8

I CHAPTER EIGHT IN POINTS

1. The steamship Rangoon carried Phileas Fogg, Aouda, Passepartout, and Fix across the Bay of Bengal toward the South China Sea.
2. From the moment Fogg and his companions left Calcutta, Fogg knew he had lost exactly two days.
3. Near the Strait of Malacca, rough monsoon weather struck, and the Rangoon was not one of the fast mail steamers that Fogg preferred.
4. Fogg's first concern was Aouda's safety, but Passepartout discovered that her cousin had moved to Holland.
5. Fogg learned that the Carnatic had sailed earlier, and he had only 24 hours to find another way.
6. Detective Fix revealed his identity, accused Fogg, and put medicine in Passepartout's cup of tea to stop him from warning Fogg.
7. Fogg found the schooner Tankadere and made a dangerous proposal to reach Shanghai on time.
8. Passepartout became a stowaway on the Carnatic, while the Tankadere fought through violent storms.

9. Fogg fired the cannon to send an emergency signal, paid a generous bonus, and later reunited with Passepartout in Yokohama before sailing to San Francisco.
10. In Yokohama, Passepartout had joined a troupe of Japanese acrobats during a practice session to survive.
11. After being released from his contract, Passepartout confessed that Fix was a detective, and Fogg, Aouda, and Fix set off across the Pacific on the General Grant.

II QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

Critical Thinking Questions and Suggested Answers

1. Why did Phileas Fogg stay calm despite losing time?

- لماذا ظل Phileas Fogg هادئاً رغم ضياع الوقت؟
- Phileas Fogg believed that careful planning and accurate records could help him recover lost time.
- كان Phileas Fogg يؤمن بأن التخطيط الدقيق وتسجيل الوقت قد يساعده على تعويض الوقت الضائع.

2. **SB** Why did Phileas Fogg feel responsible for Aouda?

- لماذا شعر Phileas Fogg بالمسؤولية تجاه Aouda؟
- Aouda had no family left, so Phileas Fogg felt a moral duty to protect her.
- لم يكن لدى Aouda أي عائلة، لذلك شعر Phileas Fogg بواجب أخلاقي لحمايتها.

3. **SB** Why was Passepartout shocked when he saw Phileas Fogg?

- لماذا صُدم Passepartout عندما رأى Phileas Fogg؟
- Passepartout believed he had been left behind forever.
- كان Passepartout يعتقد أنه ترك خلفهم إلى الأبد.

4. What was the exact consequence of the Rangoon being one day late and the Carnatic leaving twelve hours early?

- ما النتيجة المباشرة لتأخر Rangoon يوماً واحداً ومغادرة Carnatic قبل الموعد بـعشرة ساعات؟
- They missed the Carnatic entirely, and the next steamer would not depart for eight days, putting Fogg's entire schedule in serious danger.
- لقد فاتهم Carnatic تمامًا، ولم يكن هناك باخرة أخرى ستغادر قبل ثمانية أيام، مما وضع جدول Fogg كله في خطر شديد.

5. Why did Fogg choose to take the Tankadere to Shanghai instead of sailing directly to Yokohama?

- لماذا اختار Fogg السفر على Tankadere إلى Shanghai بدلاً من الإبحار مباشرة إلى Yokohama؟
- Because reaching Shanghai would allow him to interrupt the American steamer General Grant to San Francisco, giving him a chance to stay on schedule.
- لأن الوصول إلى Shanghai كان سيمكنه من اللحاق بالباخرة الأمريكية General Grant المتجهة إلى San Francisco، مما يمنحه فرصة للالتزام بالجدول الزمني.

CHAPTER 9

I CHAPTER NINE IN POINTS

1. The American mail steamer General Grant departed from Yokohama heading directly across the Pacific Ocean toward San Francisco.
2. According to his plan, Phileas Fogg was due to arrive on December 2nd.
3. Fogg received the valet's confession about Fix's identity with the same unshakable calm he applied to all crises.
4. Phileas Fogg's only priority remained the recovery of lost time.
5. Passepartout was deeply distressed because he had expected outrage when revealing Fix's deception.
6. Passepartout began to see Fogg's calmness not as oddness but as the profound courage of an innocent man wrongfully accused yet unbroken.
7. Aouda observed the strained triangle between the three men, and her respect for Phileas Fogg deepened into genuine affection.
8. Detective Fix was now in an awkward and frustrating situation because he was traveling on Fogg's ticket and forced to endure the polite company of the man he intended to arrest.
9. Fix became a reluctant ally because he needed Fogg to succeed and return to British soil as fast as possible.
10. The most notable event was their crossing of the 180th Meridian, and Passepartout became utterly confused when he insisted it was December 2nd.
11. One dramatic moment occurred when the General Grant collided with a pod of whales, and the impact caused a violent shudder and forced a temporary stop.
12. On the morning of December 3rd, the General Grant entered the booming port of San Francisco.

II QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

Critical Thinking Questions and Suggested Answers:

1. Why was the whale incident especially stressful for Fix?

لماذا كانت حادثة الحيتان مرهقة بشكل خاص لـ Fix ؟

- Any delay threatened Fix's plan to arrest Fogg.

أي تأخير كان يهدد خطة Fix لاعتقال Fogg .

2. **SB** Why is Fogg unimpressed by San Francisco?

لماذا لم يبهز Fogg بمدينة San Francisco ؟

- He is focused only on reaching the train station.

كان تركيزه منصبًا فقط على الوصول إلى محطة القطار.

3. **SB** How does Fix's change of strategy reflect irony? كيف يعكس تغيّر استراتيجية Fix مفارقة؟
- Fix needed Fogg to succeed despite wanting to arrest him.

احتاج Fix إلى نجاح Fogg رغم رغبته في اعتقاله.

4. **SB** What does Fogg's diary symbolize in this chapter? ماذا ترمز مفكرة Fogg في هذا الفصل؟
- It symbolizes precision, order, and control over events.

ترمز إلى الدقة والنظام والسيطرة على الأحداث.

5. **SB** Explain why Detective Fix decided to aid Fogg in speeding up the journey across the Pacific.

اشرح لماذا قرر المحقق Fix مساعدة Fogg في تسريع الرحلة عبر المحيط الهادي.

- Detective Fix decided to help Fogg because he knew that once they reached San Francisco, the British warrant-if it arrived-would not be valid. His only hope was to help Fogg return to British soil as quickly as possible, so he became a reluctant ally.

- قرر المحقق Fix مساعدة Fogg لأنه كان يعلم أنه عند الوصول إلى San Francisco لن يكون أمر القبض البريطاني ساريًا إذا وصل. لذلك كانت أمله الوحيد هو مساعدة Fogg على العودة إلى الأراضي البريطانية بأسرع وقت ممكن، فأصبح حليفًا مترددًا.

CHAPTER 10

I CHAPTER TEN IN POINTS

1. The departure of the Transcontinental Express from San Francisco on the evening of December 3rd signalled the start of Phileas Fogg's most demanding overland journey toward New York.
2. The Transcontinental Railroad was celebrated as a marvel of modern engineering, capable of carrying passengers across the continent in seven days if no misfortune intervened.
3. The group occupied a wide section with wide windows, comfortable berths, and access to a dining car.
4. Fogg spent the first hours examining timetables and railway maps, maintaining full attention to accuracy.
5. The train ascended through the Sierra Nevada mountains, passing Sacramento and climbing through snowy high passes.
6. Passepartout was amazed by the vast pine forests and steep cliffs, while Fogg remained absorbed in calculations.
7. In Nevada and Utah, weak bridges and unstable rails caused serious delays.
8. A massive herd of buffalo stopped the train for three hours outside Salt Lake City.
9. Fogg logged the lost time calmly, while Passepartout became anxious and Fix suffered silently.
10. At the Platte River Bridge, the train crossed at full speed, and the bridge collapsed behind it.

11. Near Julesburg, Sioux warriors attacked the train, and Passepartout uncoupled the engine to save passengers.
12. When Passepartout was captured, Fogg chose loyalty over schedule and set off to rescue his servant.

II QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

Critical Thinking Questions and Suggested Answers:

1. **SB** Why does the journey across America represent a major challenge for Phileas Fogg?

- لماذا تمثل الرحلة عبر أمريكا تحديًا كبيرًا لـ Phileas Fogg؟

- Because it involves long distances, unreliable tracks, and unexpected dangers.

- لأنها تتضمن مسافات طويلة وسكك حديدية غير مستقرة ومخاطر غير متوقعة.

2. How does Phileas Fogg's behavior show his personality?

- كيف يُظهر سلوك Phileas Fogg شخصيته؟

- He remains calm, precise, and committed to time.

- يظل هادئًا ودقيقًا وملتزمًا بالوقت.

3. **SB** How did Fogg demonstrate his calmness and decision-making skills during the crisis at the Platte River Bridge?

- كيف أظهر Fogg هدوءه وقدرته على اتخاذ القرار أثناء أزمة جسر Platte River؟

- Fogg calmly supported the plan to cross the weak bridge at full speed. After the train safely crossed and the bridge collapsed behind it, he simply checked his watch and noted that there was no delay.

- دعم Fogg بهدوء خطة عبور الجسر الضعيف بأقصى سرعة. وبعد عبور القطار بأمان وانهار الجسر خلفه، اكتفى بفحص ساعته وتسجيل أنه لم يحدث تأخير.

4. Why was the loss of approximately thirty hours due to the rescue mission so devastating to Fogg's schedule?

- لماذا كان فقدان حوالي ثلاثين ساعة بسبب مهمة الإنقاذ مدمرًا لجدول Fogg الزمني؟

- Fogg's schedule was calculated very precisely to reach New York by December 11th.

Losing around thirty hours made the challenge extremely difficult to win and placed his success in serious danger.

- كان جدول Fogg محسوبًا بدقة شديدة للوصول إلى نيويورك قبل 11 ديسمبر. فقدان حوالي ثلاثين ساعة جعل الفوز بالتحدي صعبًا للغاية ووضع نجاحه في خطر كبير.

5. **SB** How does Aouda influence Phileas Fogg emotionally?

- كيف تؤثر Aouda على Phileas Fogg عاطفيًا؟

- She provides emotional support and deepens his humanity.

- توفر دعمًا عاطفيًا وتبرز جانبه الإنساني.

CHAPTER 11

I CHAPTER ELEVEN IN POINTS

1. Phileas Fogg, accompanied by the courageous soldiers rushed into the freezing American wilderness to rescue his loyal valet, Passepartout.
2. Phileas Fogg and the soldiers had departed, leaving Aouda, Fix, and the remaining passengers behind with the damaged train carriages.
3. Guided by loyalty and honor, Fogg pressed forward through the night, following the faint tracks left by the retreating Sioux.
4. Fogg slipped into a tent where Passepartout lay bound and cut the ropes to pull Passepartout free.
5. By the time they returned to the train's location, the engine had just arrived with reinforcements from a nearby military post.
6. Fogg immediately sought an alternative plan to reach Omaha, Nebraska.
7. A captain offered a wind-sledge, and Fogg hired the sledge and its driver, Mudge, at an incredible price.
8. Fogg, Aouda, Passepartout, and Fix climbed aboard the small craft and raced across the frozen area with astonishing speed.
9. They reached Omaha just as the first Chicago-bound train was departing and regained much of the lost time through determination.
10. The group arrived in New York City and Fogg rushed to the docks to catch the ship to Liverpool but they missed it.
11. Fogg guided Aouda and Passepartout to a small hotel and immediately began inspecting the docks for any ship capable of crossing the Atlantic.
12. After Captain Speedy refused Fogg's money, Fogg secretly took control of the ship after Captain Speedy fell asleep and ordered the crew to change course toward Liverpool.
13. In the Mid-Atlantic, another crisis struck as the coal was running low and strong headwinds consumed fuel rapidly.
14. Fogg ordered the crew to break down the wooden parts of the ship to be burned to keep the Henrietta moving.
15. They reached Queenstown Harbor on December 20th and then Liverpool on December 21st, and Fogg realized he had returned to England on time.

II QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

Critical Thinking Questions and Suggested Answers:

1. **SB** How does the rescue mission change the course of the journey?

كيف غيرت مهمة الإنقاذ مسار الرحلة؟

- The rescue caused a major delay that forced Phileas Fogg to find alternative means of travel.

تسببت مهمة الإنقاذ في تأخير كبير أجبر Phileas Fogg على البحث عن وسائل سفر بديلة.

2. Why does Aouda's reaction differ from Fix's reaction after the rescue?

لماذا يختلف رد فعل Aouda عن رد فعل Fix بعد الإنقاذ؟

- Aouda feels gratitude and admiration, while Fix feels satisfaction because he still suspects Phileas Fogg.

تشعر Aouda بالامتنان والإعجاب، بينما يشعر Fix بالرضا لأنه لا يزال يشك في Phileas Fogg.

3. How does Phileas Fogg respond emotionally to failure?

كيف يتعامل Phileas Fogg عاطفيًا مع الفشل؟

- Phileas Fogg shows only brief distress and quickly focuses on finding a solution.

يُظهر Phileas Fogg ضيقًا لحظيًا فقط ثم يركز فورًا على إيجاد حل.

4. **SB** Why is Captain Speedy difficult to negotiate with?

لماذا كان التفاوض مع Captain Speedy صعبًا؟

- Captain Speedy is irritable and bound by a contract to Bordeaux.

لأن Captain Speedy كان حاد الطبع ومرتبطنًا بعقد لـ Bordeaux.

5. **SB** How does money influence events aboard the Henrietta?

كيف يؤثر المال على الأحداث على متن Henrietta؟

- Money allows Phileas Fogg to gain the crew's loyalty and control the ship.

يمكن المال Phileas Fogg من كسب ولاء الطاقم والسيطرة على السفينة.

CHAPTER 12

I CHAPTER TWELVE IN POINTS

1. Phileas Fogg, Aouda, Passepartout, and Detective Fix arrived at Liverpool station early in the morning.
2. Fogg calculated connections to London, knowing his deadline at the Reform Club was 8:45 p.m.
3. Detective Fix arrested Fogg, believing that he was the Bank of England robber.
4. Passepartout angrily accused Fix, but Fogg calmly said they must submit to the law.
5. Fogg was taken to the Custom House for formal detention.

6. His fortune seemed lost, his honor questioned, and his plans threatened by an unjust accusation.
7. In the quiet cell, Fogg checked his watch as time mocked him.
8. Aouda blamed herself, believing Fogg had risked everything for her safety.
9. Passepartout doubted briefly, but knew deep down that Fogg's honor was absolute.
10. At 5:30 p.m., Fix returned and admitted there had been a grave mistake.
11. The real robber, James Strand, had already been arrested in Brighton seventy-two hours ago.
12. Fogg was released and hurried to London by a special train.
13. He arrived at the Reform Club at 8:44 p.m. and calmly announced, "Gentlemen, I am here."
14. By crossing the International Date Line, Fogg had gained a day and completed the journey in seventy-nine days, twenty-three hours, and fifty-nine minutes.
15. Though Fogg lost much of his fortune, he proposed to Aouda, and the journey ended in victory and happiness.

II QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

Critical Thinking Questions and Suggested Answers:

1. **SB** Why is Fogg's calm reaction to the arrest important to the chapter's message?

لماذا تعد ردة فعل Fogg الهادئة عند القبض عليه مهمة لرسالة الفصل؟

- Fogg's calmness shows self-control and respect for the law, even when he is treated unfairly.

يظهر هدوء Fogg ضبط النفس واحترام القانون حتى عندما تعامل بظلم.

2. How does Fix's decision to arrest Fogg create the main conflict at the final hour?

كيف يسبب قرار Fix بالقبض على Fogg الصراع الرئيسي في الساعة الأخيرة؟

- It wastes the last hours before the deadline and threatens Fogg's victory at the Reform Club.

يضيع الساعات الأخيرة قبل الموعد ويهدد فوز Fogg في Reform Club.

3. Why does Fix return pale and shaken?

لماذا عاد Fix شاحبا ومضطربا؟

- Because he realized he made a serious mistake.

لأنه أدرك أنه ارتكب خطأ كبيرا.

4. How does the lost day change the result?

كيف يغير اليوم المفقود النتيجة؟

- It turns failure into success.

يحول الفشل إلى نجاح.

5. Why is money not the true reward of the journey?

لماذا لا يعد المال هو المكافأة الحقيقية للرحلة؟

- Because love and honor are more important.

لأن الحب والشرف أهم من المال.

1 WRITING SKILL

أهم نقاط في مهارة الكتابة عن طريق تدريبات مجاب عنها مجمعة من كتاب الطالب (سؤال الاختياري).

Unit 7 A Problem-Solution Paragraph

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :	Answers
1. To write a problem-solution paragraph, we use a/an problem. a. realistic, general b. imaginary, focused c. realistic, focused d. factual, fake	c. realistic, focused
2. In a problem-solution paragraph, we select one problem. a. main b. secondary c. limited d. unimportant	a. main
3. The best structure for a problem-solution paragraph is a. solution, result, problem b. problem, result, solution c. solution, problem, result d. problem, solution, result	d. problem, solution, result
4. To give a solution, we can use ".....". a. People nowadays face ... b. My problem is ... c. This leads to ... d. To deal with this problem, we can ...	d. To deal with this problem, we can ...
5. The solution offered should be a. doable b. unachievable c. outdated d. inflexible	a. doable

Unit 8 A Campaign Poster

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :	Answers
1. To write a good campaign poster, choose a/an title. a. clear and meaningless b. unmotivated and powerful c. clear and powerful d. aimless and weak	c. clear and powerful
2. When writing a campaign poster, we use sentences. a. long, complex b. short, indirect c. short, direct d. long, indirect	c. short, direct

3. The language used in a campaign poster should be	a. challenging and deep b. positive and motivating c. difficult and complex d. simple and meaningless	b. positive and motivating
4. Time, place, goal are in poster campaigns.	a. commands b. titles c. details d. designs	c. details
5. Bullets, icons and short slogans make the campaign poster more simple and	a. attractive b. dull c. boring d. meaningless	a. attractive

Unit 9 An Opinion paragraph

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :	Answers
1. In an opinion paragraph, support your opinion with explanations. a. illogical b. logical c. irrational d. far-fetched	b. logical
2. In an opinion paragraph, keep your opinion a. consistent b. changeable c. fickle d. inconsistent	a. consistent
3. To end your opinion paragraph, use a concluding sentence. a. strong b. doubtful c. shaky d. weak	a. strong
4. In the conclusion of an opinion paragraph, your opinion in a new way. a. translate b. avoid c. reject d. restate	d. restate
5. When writing an opinion paragraph, always add to strengthen your opinion. a. evidence or examples b. emojis and icons c. slogans and titles d. prizes and rewards	a. evidence or examples

Unit 10 My Hobby Review

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :	Answers
1. The gives a short general opinion about what you're reviewing. a. conclusion b. introduction c. end d. body	b. introduction

2. The main purpose of the paragraph is to share your opinion supported by reasons and examples. a. descriptive b. very first c. evaluation d. conclusion	c. evaluation
3. Your impression about a specific hobby you write about may be a. only positive b. only negative c. mixed d. positive, negative or mixed	d. positive, negative or mixed
4. The paragraph gives us the main information the reader needs to understand about the hobby. a. descriptive b. introduction c. hook d. title	a. descriptive
5. To end a hobby review, the writer states his/her to give the final advice. a. complaint b. commands c. communication d. recommendation	d. recommendation

Unit 11 A Health Advice Article

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :	Answers
1. A/An article provides guidance, recommendations or solutions to a specific problem or set of challenges. a. opinion b. descriptive c. narrative d. advice	d. advice
2. In an advice article, we write some to give advice. a. ingredients b. recipes c. tips d. fiction	c. tips
3. "Drink more water!" is a tip that may be seen in a/an a. autobiography b. biography c. detective story d. advice article	d. advice article
4. In the health advice article, the is the main idea or the overall message of the article. a. hook b. conclusion c. thesis d. detail	c. thesis
5. A health advice article shouldn't include any words. a. honest b. sincere c. confusing d. easy	c. confusing

Unit 12 A Formal Apology Letter

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :	Answers
1. When you want to say you are sorry for a mistake you have made, write a formal letter. a. thankfulness b. gratitude c. apology d. rewarding	c. apology
2. To start a formal apology letter, use a formal greeting like “.....”. a. See you for now b. Dear Ms./Mr. c. Sincerely d. Yours	b. Dear Ms./Mr.
3. In a formal apology letter, you should acknowledge the a. impact b. recommendation c. description d. reason	a. impact
4. When you apologise, state reasons without making a. excuses b. fun c. conclusion d. exaggeration	a. excuses
5. “Sincerely” is a formal for a formal apology letter. a. introduction b. procedure c. evaluation d. closing	d. closing

2 GRAMMAR IN POINTS

أهم النقاط في القواعد اللغوية (أهم الجمل التي وردت بالمنهج بالكامل).

Sentence	Answer	Explanation
1. Leen gave me support so I could finish the task efficiently. (with)	With Leen's support, I could have finished the task efficiently.	لاحظ : (with + noun / inf. + ing) يساوي استخدام (If) وزمن الجملة في الماضي لذلك سيكون جملة جواب الشرط في الحالة الثالثة
2. I will accept the job if the salary is good. (providing)	I will accept the job, providing (that) the salary is good.	لاحظ : جملة + If = providing (that)
3. I will take my umbrella if it rains. (in case)	I will take my umbrella in case it rains.	لاحظ : If = in case وتعني (تحسبًا لـ ...)

4. But for the rain, I would have taken my lunch out. (if)	I would have taken my lunch out if it hadn't rained.	لاحظ : But for = if ... not نستخدم الحالة الثالثة لأن الجملة ماضى.
5. Haidi wasted her time on doing online activities. (shouldn't)	Haidi shouldn't have wasted her time on doing online activities.	لاحظ : الجملة فى زمن الماضى لذلك نستخدم shouldn't have + p.p. التي تعبر عن النقد واللوم لحدث تم فى الماضى وكان من المفترض ألا يحدث.
6. Fadi didn't have his breakfast so he felt unwell. (should)	Fadi should have had his breakfast.	لاحظ : الجملة فى زمن الماضى لذلك نستخدم should have + p.p. التي تعبر عن اللوم والنقد على حدث لم يتم فى الماضى وكان من المفترض أن يحدث.
7. I regret having started smoking. (shouldn't)	I shouldn't have started smoking.	لاحظ : وجود (regret) التي تدل على الندم لذلك نستخدم: should(n't) have + p.p. التي تعبر عن الندم لحدث تم حدوثه فى الماضى.
8. Salma must come to school on time. (It ...)	It's necessary for Salma to come to school on time.	لاحظ : It's necessary to / for = must + inf. للتعبير عن الضرورة والإلزام.
9. We are meeting up with some friends at the club tomorrow. (see)	We are seeing some friends at the club tomorrow.	لاحظ : تم استخدام الفعل see فى زمن المضارع المستمر لأنه لأنه يعنى meet وليس (يرى) (Action verb).
10. Bassem is the owner of this shop. (has)	Bassem has this shop.	لاحظ : الفعل (has) هنا (stative verb) بمعنى «يملك» لذا لا يأخذ صيغة الاستمرارية.
11. Noha's behavior doesn't appeal to me. (hate)	I hate Noha's behavior.	لاحظ : don't / doesn't appeal to = don't / doesn't like or hate ...
12. Who's the owner of this café? (has)	Who has this cafe ?	لاحظ : يمكن استخدام الفعل have بمعنى يملك (Stative verb).
13. The law says you must stop when the traffic sign is red. (supposed to)	You are supposed to stop when the traffic sign is red.	لاحظ : (be) supposed to تستخدم لتدل على الواجب المفترض عمله بناء على قانون أو قواعد لذلك فهي تساوى (must).

14. It's against the law to park here. (supposed)	You are not supposed to park here.	لاحظ : It's against the law = (be) not supposed to + inf.
15. This app was built to be fast but it is slow now. (is supposed)	This app is supposed to be fast.	لاحظ : في هذه الجملة أن supposed to تغبر عن حقيقة عكس ما هو متوقع.
16. Soha seems lazy. (think)	I think Soha is lazy.	لاحظ : (صفة + seem) تدل على عدم التأكد بنسبة ١٠٠٪ وإنما تخمين بناء على ملاحظة.
17. It was her habit to walk for an hour every day. (would)	She would walk for an hour every day.	لاحظ : It was her habit to + inf. تدل على عادة في زمن الماضي وتساوي (would + inf.) التي تعبر أيضا عن عادة في الماضي.
18. When I was a child, I used to ride a bike. (usually)	When I was a child, I usually rode a bike.	لاحظ : فعل ماضي بسيط + usually = used to + inf. عند التعبير عن عادة في الماضي
19. The bridge will be fully constructed before July. (will have)	The bridge will have been constructed before July.	لاحظ : صيغة المبني للمجهول لزمن المستقبل التام هي : (will have been + p.p.)
20. Noha will have learned three languages in three years' time. (been)	Three languages will have been learned by Noha in three years' time.	لاحظ : تستخدم صيغة المبني للمجهول لزمن المستقبل التام كالآتي : (will have been + p.p.)

3 IMPORTANT TOPICS

أهم الفقرات الإنشائية التي وردت في المنهج بالكامل.

1. Building an inclusive and caring community

A caring community is a place where everyone belongs, no matter their background, abilities, or personalities. One clear example of this idea is a school playground. Every day, students meet, play, and learn how to build friendships in a positive way. An inclusive playground is more than swings and slides because it is a space where everyone feels safe, respected, and valued. In such a place, students take turns, share equipment, and invite others to join activities. When a new student arrives or someone feels shy, classmates make an effort to speak kindly and offer help. These simple actions create a friendly environment where no one feels left out. The playground is also a place where students learn to appreciate diversity. Some students may be good at sports, others at drawing, and some may have different needs. When these differences are celebrated, understanding grows and the community becomes stronger. Teachers also play an important role by encouraging work in mixed groups so everyone can participate. When conflicts happen, students are guided to solve problems fairly. Fairness means giving each student a chance to play, listen, speak, or lead. Through inclusive play and learning, students gain empathy, cooperation, responsibility, and important life skills that help create a community where everyone truly belongs.

2. Resolving conflicts to keep everyone included

Conflicts happen in every community, including neighborhoods and shared public spaces. Children may argue over football games in the local park, and neighbors may disagree about using shared areas during community events. How conflicts are handled can make a community stronger and more inclusive. In a Cairo neighborhood, residents noticed that disagreements were common during weekend gatherings and daily activities. To address this problem, respected members of the community such as elders, teachers, and shopkeepers took on the role of mediators. These members helped people discuss problems calmly and fairly. In one situation, two children argued over who would play first in a football match. A local elder listened to both sides, encouraged polite expression of feelings, and suggested taking turns and sharing equipment. Neighbors also learned to communicate respectfully when deciding how to care for public spaces, such as keeping the park clean or organizing community celebrations. Mediators taught simple rules including listening without interrupting and finding solutions that benefit everyone. Over time, conflicts decreased and children and adults felt more included. Resolving conflicts respectfully helped create a happier, more cooperative, and caring community where everyone feels they belong.

3. The importance of change-makers in society

Around the world, ordinary people are turning into extraordinary change-makers who take positive action to make communities better places to live in. A change-maker may begin with

a simple idea such as organizing a neighborhood clean-up, planting trees, or collecting plastic bottles for recycling. Other projects focus on teaching children digital skills, supporting small farmers, or protecting endangered wildlife. True change-makers do not wait for someone else to solve problems. Instead, creativity, teamwork, and determination are used to bring about real solutions. Even when difficulties appear, such as lack of money, time, or support, effort continues because belief in the power of persistence remains strong. Every major movement begins with a single step taken by a brave individual. In some communities, unused land is transformed into green gardens where families grow vegetables together. In other places, low-cost water-filtering systems provide poor households with access to clean drinking water. These inspiring efforts show that age, background, or nationality may differ, but passion and action help individuals achieve meaningful goals. Change-makers remind society that hope grows through action and that every small deed contributes to building a fairer, healthier, and brighter world for everyone.

4. The power of art to spread hope

In one of Alexandria's oldest neighborhoods, narrow streets once filled with dust and broken walls began to change. The gray walls had made the neighborhood feel sad and invisible for a long time. Art became a way to heal people's spirits and bring hope to the streets. One day, brushes and paints were carried to the street, and a large mural of a white dove rising above the city skyline appeared. Beneath the mural, the words "Peace begins here" were written clearly. At first, people watched in silence, then children and students joined in. Scenes of kindness, friendship, and clean streets were painted on the walls. The work attracted attention on social media, and visitors began coming to the neighborhood. The once-forgotten walls turned into a strong symbol of unity and hope. Soon, the movement spread to other cities such as Cairo and Fayoum. The murals became more than decoration; they carried inspiring messages that encouraged compassion. Art proved that beauty and meaning can change behavior. Today, the neighborhood is brighter, cleaner, and more alive than ever, and the walls continue to tell a powerful story of hope.

5. The importance of having a hobby

School life can become very intense, especially when days are filled with deadlines, revision sessions, and exam pressure. Many students feel overwhelmed and find it difficult to manage stress. In such situations, developing a hobby can make a real difference. At first, spending time on a hobby may seem unnecessary, especially when there is so much to study. However, trying a new activity can help restore balance. Joining a small workshop, such as ceramic art, may feel challenging at the beginning. Shaping clay is not always easy, and controlling it requires patience. With encouragement and practice, the mind slowly relaxes. Creating something by hand allows stress to fade and helps focus on one simple task. Over time, skills improve and confidence grows. A hobby is not only about producing objects but also about personal growth. It teaches patience, creativity, and persistence. Most importantly, it reminds

students that identity is more than grades and exams. Having a hobby provides balance, supports emotional health, and helps individuals discover new abilities that contribute to learning something entirely new.

6. A small idea that became something bigger

School life can sometimes take up all the time between homework, projects, and exams, making days feel the same. During free time, watching online videos can introduce simple ideas that help relaxation. One example is learning how to make handmade key chains using beads and threads. At first, the activity may look simple, but the results can come out uneven. With practice every evening, designs slowly improve, and the process becomes enjoyable. Bringing handmade key chains to school can attract attention and surprise others. Some students may ask for customized designs and even offer to pay. What begins as a fun activity can turn into something more meaningful. Teachers and students may start requesting special designs for school events. Creating a small price list helps organize the work and shows responsibility. Over time, the hobby becomes a small source of income. This experience proves that hobbies are not only for enjoyment. With creativity, practice, and effort, a simple idea can grow into a real opportunity. Free-time activities can become the first step toward entrepreneurship and help build confidence, skills, and independence.

7. The importance of keeping a healthy mouth

A healthy mouth is essential for the whole body, not only for a beautiful smile. To keep the mouth healthy, teeth should be brushed twice a day with fluoride toothpaste. Using dental floss daily is also very important because brushing alone is not enough. Dental floss helps remove small pieces of food that the toothbrush cannot reach, especially between the teeth. In the past, many people ignored their teeth and only visited a dentist when terrible pain appeared. Today, people need to be proactive and visit the dentist regularly for a check-up at least every six months. If gums start bleeding, an appointment should be made quickly without waiting for severe pain. Not using floss can lead to red and swollen gums, even if there are no cavities. Developing good habits can prevent serious problems later. A healthy mouth also helps protect the body from other illnesses, such as heart problems. Simple daily steps should never be ignored. Eating less sugar is also very important because too much sugar causes tooth problems and weight gain. Reducing sugar improves energy, concentration, and helps prevent serious health problems in the future.

8. The power of positive thinking

Positive thinking is more than just feeling happy. It is a mental attitude that focuses on good and helpful things, even when times are hard. This way of thinking does not only improve mood, but it can also seriously affect health. When thinking becomes positive, the body feels less stress because worry decreases. High stress can weaken the immune system and make illness more likely. Positive thinking helps keep the immune

system strong and supports better heart health. Studies show that people with optimism often recover faster from illness or surgery and may enjoy a longer lifespan. Negative thoughts can appear sometimes, but this habit can be changed. Simple actions can help build a positive mindset. Practicing gratitude by writing down good things each day improves emotional balance. Using positive self-talk helps replace negative ideas with hopeful ones. Staying connected with supportive people also increases happiness and energy. By practicing these habits regularly, the power of the mind can be used to live a healthier and happier life, especially during difficult times.

9. Different ways people see time

People often wonder why some individuals always arrive promptly, while others are frequently late. Psychologists explain that by adulthood, people develop a specific perception of time. Based on this idea, people can be divided into two main groups. The first group is usually punctual and can be called “Clock People.” This group sees time as a straight line and believes it is a valuable resource that must be managed carefully, like money. Schedules are followed strictly to avoid wasting a single moment. For this group, being late means losing time and showing a lack of respect. The second group includes people who are often late and can be called “Event People.” This group sees time more flexibly and does not treat it as a strict line. Finishing the current activity is more important than watching the clock. This way of thinking is often linked to optimism and the belief that many tasks can be completed quickly, which is known as the planning fallacy. Although lateness can be annoying, studies show it is not usually intentional. Understanding these differences helps reduce misunderstandings and build better relationships.

10. Time is money

The famous phrase “Time is money” means that time is a valuable resource that should be managed well. Unlike money, which can be earned again, lost time is gone forever. For this reason, good time management is very important in daily life. When time is organized properly, stress is reduced and productivity increases. Valuing time means treating it like money in a bank account and spending it wisely. Many experts explain that wasting time often happens because of poor planning. Spending long hours on social media or starting too many tasks at the same time is not efficient. However, when clear goals are set and firm deadlines are followed, tasks become easier to complete. Managing time well helps people achieve their most important goals. Taking short and planned breaks also helps keep focus strong and energy high. By valuing time and using it carefully, individuals invest in their future and improve their quality of life. Good time habits can lead to success, fewer disappointments, and more time for important things that truly matter.

Sample Test 1

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. Leen is proud to belong to El-Salam Hospital as a dedicated doctor. The synonym of the verb "belong" is to
a. be part of b. attack c. be away from d. be a member of e. attract
2. Optimistic people always see the bright side of life. The opposites of "optimistic" are
a. hopeful b. helpful c. digestive d. hopeless e. pessimistic

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. When something is absolutely needed or very important, it is
a. official b. special c. essential d. facial
2. Businessmen should pay more attention to the young people and provide them with the facilities they need.
a. exhausted b. puzzled c. persuasive d. talented
3. The part of the body where two bones meet and allow movement is called a
a. tongue b. lip c. joint d. kidney
4. The teacher told me that by the end the second term, I had achieved great progress.
a. at b. on c. in d. of
5. After a long discussion, we left him alone to think again as he might his mind. He is really stubborn.
a. recycle b. exchange c. change d. confess
6. After a long day of hard work, my father often overwhelmed.
a. feels b. fills c. gives d. brings
7. When metal, it expands.
a. heat b. will heat c. is heated d. heated
8. I used to have a small flat, but now I a bigger one.
a. have b. am having c. having d. has
9. Does this place anything to you?
a. seem b. mean c. suppose d. think
10. What five years from now?
a. will you achieve b. will be achieved
c. you will have achieved d. will you have achieved

11. What the writer believes in is called a/an
 a. topic b. reason c. cause d. opinion
12. in a campaign poster, the title should be to read quickly .
 a. short and difficult b. long and difficult c. short and easy d. long and easy

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Litter is any kind of trash thrown in small amounts, especially in places where it doesn't belong. With time, it heaps up. The practice is unlawful because it costs municipalities millions of dollars annually in cleanup costs. Littering can happen intentionally or unintentionally, but both have environmental consequences. It also portrays a bad picture of an area. The most frequently littered stuff includes fast food packaging, cigarette butts, used drink bottles, chewing gum wrappers, broken electrical equipment parts, toys, broken glass, food scraps or green waste.

Global litter is an ongoing problem which many nations have to deal with. Fortunately, there are a number of possible solutions which could lead to a permanent reduction in the waste that has increased worldwide.

One way would be to encourage companies to use biodegradable packaging for their products. Biodegradable items decompose naturally and therefore they do not add to the problem of litter. Another would be to save old metal in order to put it to further use.

As a result, all discarded metal products such as vehicles water tools and machine parts could be melted down and used to make other products. The most effective method of reducing litter, however, is to educate people to recycle their household waste products. In fact, schemes such as paper, bottle and aluminium can collections have all been successful in reducing litter in many countries.

- What does the underlined expression "it heaps up" mean ?
 a. hides b. increases in amount c. disappears d. affects greatly
- Why don't biodegradable items add to the problem of litter ?
 a. Because they decompose naturally b. Because they cause much harm
 c. Because they are in few countries d. Because they are found underground
- The antonym of the word "**worldwide**" is
 a. internationally b. universally c. permanently d. locally
- In the writer's opinion, the waste problem is not
 a. decomposed b. ongoing c. temporary d. molten
- "Litter" is another meaning to
 a. garbage b. scraps c. chewing gums d. food
- One of the following isn't mentioned in the passage as a cause of litter.
 a. Fast food packaging b. Using drink bottles
 c. Green waste d. Cardboard and paper
- What does the underlined pronoun "it" in the third paragraph refer to ?
 a. Litter b. Old metal c. Biodegradable d. Global litter

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

It is a good idea to start your own business soon after graduation. It is also much better to be your own manager.

- a. إنها لفكرة جيدة أن تبدأ مشروعك الخاص بعد التخرج بفترة وجيزة , ومن الأفضل أيضًا أن تكون مدير نفسك .
- b. إنها لفكرة جيدة أن تبدأ عملك الخاص بعد التخرج بفترة طويلة , ومن الأفضل أيضًا أن تكون مدير نفسك.
- c. إنها لفكرة جيدة أن تبدأ عملك الخاص بعد التخرج بفترة جيدة , ومن الأفضل أيضًا أن تكون مدير نفسك.
- d. إنها لفكرة جيدة أن تبدأ مشروعك الخاص قبل التخرج بفترة وجيزة , ومن المفضل أيضًا أن تكون مدير نفسك.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d :

السياحة هي وسيلة لإعطاء معلومات عن الماضي والحاضر لبلدي حيث تتلاقى الحضارات وتتبادل الثقافات.

- a. Tourism is a means of giving information about the past and the future of my country where civilizations meet and the cultures exchange.
- b. Terrorism is a means of giving information about the past and the present of my country where civilizations meet and cultures exchange.
- c. Tourism is a means of giving information about the past and the present of my country where civilizations converge and the cultures exchange.
- d. Tourism is a mean of giving information about the past and the present of my country where civilizations prospers and cultures exchange.

5 Answer the following questions :

1. Why do you think Phileas Fogg insisted that Aouda remain with him?

.....

2. Why is Fogg unimpressed by San Francisco?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. Were she to study hard, she would come first. (If)

.....

2. Adham doesn't own this new mobile. (belong to)

.....

7 Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :

“The language of music”

.....
.....
.....

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Reading stimulates your mind. It is like a workout for your brain. When people get old, their muscles begin to deteriorate. They get weaker and their strength leaves them. Exercise can prevent their loss. The same thing happens to people's brains when they get older. Brain power and speed decline with age. Reading strengthens your brain and prevents these declines. Reading can make you a more powerful person. You can learn to do new things by reading. Do you want to make video games ? Do you want to design clothing ? Reading can teach you all this and more.

Read everything that you can at school, whether it is interesting or not. Reading expands your vocabulary. Even a boring text can teach you new words. Having a larger vocabulary will help you better express yourself. You will be able to speak, write and think more intelligently. What's boring about that ? Do not just discount a text because it is unfamiliar to you. Each time you read, you are exposed to new ideas and **perspectives**. Reading can change the way that you understand the world. It can give you a broader perspective on things. It can make you worldlier. You can learn how people live in faraway places. You can learn about cultures different from your own. Reading is good for your state of mind. It has a calming effect. It can lower your stress levels and help you relax. You can escape from your troubles for a moment when you read and it's a positive escape. The benefits of reading can't be counted. So do yourself a favour: the next time you get a reading assignment, take as much as you can from it. Squeeze it for every drop of knowledge that it contains. Then move on the next one.

1. What prevents the deterioration of the muscles ?
a. Exercise b. Reading c. Knowledge d. Sleep
2. What do you think the underlined word "**perspectives**" means ?
a. products b. viewpoints c. troubles d. loss
3. Reading can do you a favour through positive
a. escapism b. exercise c. treatment d. behavior
4. When you learn how people of different cultures from your own live, you will be
a. beloved b. unfamiliar c. ignorant d. experienced
5. The best title for the passage is
a. Reading and the mind b. Some merits of reading
c. Reading helps you find a job d. Some demerits of reading
6. Why does the author believe that reading is good for your mind state ?
a. It has a calming effect. b. It can help you relax.
c. It can lower your stress levels. d. a, b and c
7. Which best expresses the author's main purpose in writing this text ?
a. He is trying to persuade students to do their reading work.
b. He is teaching people how to become better readers.
c. He is explaining why people don't do their reading work.
d. He is entertaining readers with facts about the mind and the body.

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a , b , c or d :

- If we give our desert due care, we can increase our national income and solve many of our problems. Desert reclamation increases the cultivated land and creates new jobs for our youth.
- a. إذا أعطينا صحرائنا العناية الواجبة، يمكننا زيادة دخلنا القومي وحل العدد من مشاكلنا؛ استصلاح الصحراء يزيد من الأراضي المنزوعة، ويخلق فرص عمل جديدة لشبابنا.
- b. إذا أعطينا صحرائنا العناية الموجبة، يمكننا زيادة دخلنا القومي وحل العديد من مشاكلنا؛ استصلاح الصحراء يزيد من الأراضي المنزوعة، ويخلق فرص عمل جديدة لشبابنا.
- c. إذا أعطينا صحرائنا العناية الواجبة، يمكننا زيادة دخلنا القومي وحل العدد من مشاكلنا؛ استصلاح الصحراء يذيع من الأراضي المزروعة، ويخلق فرص عمل جديدة لشبابنا.
- d. إذا أعطينا صحرائنا العناية الواجبة، يمكننا زيادة دخلنا القومي وحل العديد من مشاكلنا؛ استصلاح الصحراء يزيد من الأراضي المزروعة، ويخلق فرص عمل جديدة لشبابنا.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d :

- لا تصدق كل ما تقرأه على وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي، فكثير من هذه الأخبار او المعلومات غير دقيقة وربما غير صحيحة على الإطلاق.
- a. Don't believe everything you read on social media. Much of these news or information is inaccurate and may be not true at all.
- b. Don't believe everything you read on social media. Many of this news or information is inaccurate and may be not true at all.
- c. Don't believe everything you read on social media. Much of this news or information is inaccurate and may be not true at all.
- d. Don't believe everything you read on social media. None of this news or information is inaccurate and may be not true at all.

5 Answer the following questions :

1. What does Fix's cooperation during the attack suggest?

.....

2. What does Fix's mistake show about human judgment?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. The black bag is Rahma's. (owns)

.....

2. If Rana had applied for the job, she would have been chosen. (Had)

.....

7 Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :

"The art of storytelling"

.....
.....

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. My uncle is a wise man; he is known for his fairness in our family. The word “fairness” can be replaced by
a. justice b. quality c. equity d. criticism e. politeness
2. After a shift for twelve hours, Hala felt overwhelmed. The antonyms of the word “overwhelmed” are
a. calm b. nervous c. stressed d. relaxed e. inspired

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. She is really a true artist as she painted this magnificent
a. skyline b. humor c. gesture d. mural
2. The spread of violence often a wider social problem.
a. symbolizes b. cares c. hinders d. fights
3. The latest time or date to finish something means
a. growth b. brightness c. highlight d. deadline
4. Before the journey, mom had prepared everything it.
a. of b. for c. on d. out
5. To get away from punishment, she a tale to her father.
a. fought b. felt c. invented d. invited
6. Rodayna was over the moon when her teacher told her that she had great progress lately.
a. missed b. made c. drowned d. won
7. If it hadn't been for her father's help, she in her work.
a. could succeed b. couldn't succeed
c. could have succeeded d. couldn't have succeeded
8. I of a solution for the lack of water problem now. Can you recommend a good one?
a. thinking b. am thinking c. think d. thought
9. Mariem seems these days.
a. happiness b. happy c. happily d. sadly
10. In five years' time, Maya from university.
a. will be graduating b. would graduate c. graduates d. will have graduated

11. The words that connect ideas such as "because" and "since" are called words.
 a. conclusion b. body c. hook d. linking
12. In a campaign poster, we should use
 a. commands b. tips c. advice d. recommendations

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

People are trying many ways to solve the problem of finding "green" energy; energy that is clean and does not cause pollution. In some places, plants are being grown which can be used as food and fuel. For example, sunflowers are grown for the oil in their seeds. However, once the seeds have been taken out, the rest of the plant can be dried and burnt. An old solution in India is to dry animal waste and form it into bricks for burning. The Chinese improve on this and keep the waste until it produces methane gas which they use for cooking and heating.

Solar power could be one of the best future sources of energy. All over the world, it is already being used for such jobs as heating water and houses and powering machines to water plants. But there is a way to make even better use of the sun.

In space, because the sun never stops shining, it can supply solar energy for twenty four hours a day. Space scientists have suggested building a solar power station in space. It would produce huge amounts of power which could be sent down to the Earth. To build a station in space like this would be very expensive, but once the station works, the energy from it will be almost free.

1. Solar power means energy from
 a. planets b. atoms c. fossil d. the sun
2. The underlined word "this" refers to
 a. drying animal waste b. getting oil from seeds
 c. cooking and heating d. getting green energy
3. Solar energy is a/an source of energy.
 a. cold b. dried c. renewable d. undeniable
4. The energy from a station in space would almost be
 a. expensive b. reasonable c. free d. cheap
5. Sunflowers are grown for the oil in their
 a. logs b. legs c. trunks d. seeds
6. Animal waste is dried and formed into bricks for burning in
 a. China b. India c. Egypt d. France
7. The main idea of the passage is
 a. Sunflowers b. Green energy
 c. Non-renewable energy d. Space

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

The youth are interested in different means of communication to enable them to do various tasks quickly.

- a. الشباب مهتم بوسائل الاتصال المختلفة كي لا تمكنهم من فعل مهام عديدة بسرعة.
- b. الشباب مهتم بوسائل الاتصال المختلفة كي تمكنهم من فعل مهام عديدة بسرعة.
- c. الحكماء مهتمون بوسائل الاتصال المختلفة كي تمكنهم من فعل مهام عديدة بسرعة.
- d. الحكماء مهتمون بوسائل الإعلام المختلفة كي تمكنهم من فعل مهام عديدة بسرعة.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d :

إن المشاركة المجتمعية تساعد في حل الكثير من المشكلات، كما أنها تدعم التكامل بين أفراد المجتمع الواحد.

- a. Community participation helps in solving a lot of problems. It also supports the integration among the members of the same society.
- b. Community participation helps in solving a lot of problems. It also supports the dependence among the members of the same society.
- c. Community participation helps in solving a lot of problems. It also supports the reliance among the members of the same society.
- d. Community participation helps in solving a lot of problems. It also supports the interdependence among the members of the same society.

5 Answer the following questions.

1. How does Fogg's calm reaction reflect his values during the crisis of arrest?

.....

2. How do you think the bail amount changed the mood in the courtroom?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. The new red car is Ali's. (belongs to)

.....

2. I'm not good at math so I can't help you. (If)

.....

7 Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :

"Change makers"

.....

.....

Sample Test 4

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. 'Innovation' in "The new battery design was a real **innovation** that changed the whole industry," means
a. breakthrough b. tradition c. imitation d. invention e. stagnation
2. The pain was so intense that I couldn't afford it. The antonyms of the word "intense" are
a. extreme b. severe c. mild d. strong e. moderate

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. When Hala found her mobile broken, she looked at her brother with an angry
a. skyline b. humor c. gesture d. mural
2. It's impolite of her to other people's privacy.
a. avoid b. invade c. persuade d. confess
3. means the process of becoming bigger, better, or more developed.
a. Lack b. Decline c. Growth d. Pressure
4. You should believe your abilities to be able to achieve your aim.
a. of b. about c. in d. on
5. When I met my old friend, I could not recognize him as he old.
a. flew b. grew c. blew d. knew
6. I delayed my meeting at the company to be able to the dentist yesterday.
a. bring b. see c. look d. maintain
7. Amira got a new job, she could have bought a new mobile.
a. Had b. Should c. If d. Were
8. I think this bag of sugar 3 kilograms.
a. weigh b. weighs c. is weighing d. weighing
9. Sorry, you can't meet Mr. Ayman now. He seems to something important.
a. be doing b. have done c. do d. being done
10. They this project by the next week, will they?
a. will have finished b. will finish c. won't finish d. won't have finished
11. The is the first sentence that states the main idea.
a. evidence b. topic sentence c. point of view d. reason
12. The design of the campaign poster should be kept simple and
a. unclear b. clear c. complex d. complicated

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

The inventors of the first aircraft were not scientists, they did not even finish high school.

They were just ordinary brothers with a big dream- a dream of flying. Wilbur and Orville Wright grew up in Indiana in a large family. Their father, Milton Wright, was a religious man. Neither child finished high school. Instead of sitting in class and reading, they wanted to work and make things. When they were 18 and 22, they started up their own printing press and bicycle shop.

One day Wilbur read an interesting story in the newspaper about a man trying to fly in a glider. The man died, but the story gave Wilbur an idea. He decided to teach himself about flying in order to make the perfect glider. Together, Orville and Wilbur successfully tested their new glider on the beach. Then they decided to make it into a flying machine. They put an engine and propeller on the glider and called their new machine the "Wright Flyer" It broke down in its first test, but the young men didn't give up.

With a little more hard work, the Wright Flyer made a successful flight. On December 17, 1903. The Wright brothers made history by flying the Wright Flyer over the beach at Kitty Hawk, North Carolina. It was then that the first airplane was born.

1. The brothers learn about planes through
 - a. learning at school
 - b. their father's teaching
 - c. working in a glider shop
 - d. self-learning
2. The invention of the first airplane was in
 - a. India, in the 21st century
 - b. North Carolina, in the early 20th century
 - c. Germany in the last decade
 - d. America in the last decade
3. If the Wright brothers hadn't invented the first airplane,
 - a. people wouldn't have flown anywhere
 - b. America would have been more developed
 - c. flying would have been possible
 - d. the world would have been one village
4. The Wright brothers succeeded in building the first plane because they
 - a. quickly gave up
 - b. were good students
 - c. never gave up
 - d. spent a lot of money
5. The central idea of the passage is
 - a. Two Brothers' Dream
 - b. Gliders vs. Planes
 - c. The First Glider
 - d. American Invention
6. The Wright Flyer was different from a glider as it
 - a. failed its first test
 - b. could fly for longer hours
 - c. had an engine and propeller
 - d. had a printing press
7. The underlined pronoun "it" refers to
 - a. the glider
 - b. the airplane
 - c. the bicycle shop
 - d. the beach

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

To get a good job you have to have some basic skills. Large companies usually seek to hire talented people who can use modern technology.

- a. للحصول على وظيفة جيدة عليك التمتع ببعض المهارات الإضافية. عادة ما تسعى الشركات الكبيرة إلى تعيين الكفاءات التي تجيد استخدام وسائل التكنولوجيا الحديثة.
- b. للحصول على وظيفة جيدة عليك التمتع ببعض المهارات الأساسية. عادة ما تسعى الشركات الكبيرة إلى تعيين الكفاءات التي تجيد استخدام وسائل التكنولوجيا الحديثة.
- c. للحصول على وظيفة جديدة عليك التمتع ببعض المهارات الأساسية. عادة ما تسعى الشركات الكبيرة إلى تعيين الكفاءات التي تجيد استخدام وسائل التكنولوجيا الحديثة.
- d. للحصول على وظيفة جيدة عليك التمتع ببعض المهارات الأساسية. عادة ما تسعى الشركات الناشئة إلى تعيين الكفاءات التي تجيد استخدام وسائل التكنولوجيا الحديثة.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

مناخ العالم يتغير وهذا يرجع إلى العديد من الأسباب مثل الحرارة من الشمس وزيادة ثاني أكسيد الكربون.

- a. The world's atmosphere is changing and this is owned to a number of reasons, such as heat from the sun and Co₂.
- b. The world climate changed and this refers to a several numbers of reasons, such as heat from the sun and Co₂.
- c. The world's climate is changed and this is owing to a number of reasons, such as heating the sun and the increase of Co₂.
- d. The world's climate is changing and this is owing to a number of reasons, such as heat from the sun and the increase in Co₂.

5 Answer the following questions :

1. What does Phileas Fogg's silence in court suggest about his confidence?

.....

2. Why was missing the Carnatic a serious problem?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. We will have done our final exams by next May.

(Our final exams)

.....

2. You mustn't use your mobile in this building.

(allowed)

.....

7 Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :

"Benefits of drinking water"

.....

.....

Sample Test 5

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. Their last research led to a new innovation. The word "innovation" can be replaced with
a. breakthrough b. invention c. invitation d. motivation e. process
2. There has been clear growth in the medical sector in Egypt recently. The opposites of the word "growth" are
a. progress b. decline c. increase d. expansion e. decrease

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Some insects are; they can't be seen with the naked eye.
a. clear b. visible c. obvious d. invisible
2. Some people find it very difficult to express their clearly.
a. murals b. skylines c. emotions d. enemies
3. A/An is a round, open container used for food or liquid.
a. instructor b. guarantee c. bowl d. expert
4. Leaving your work to pileis the first step to failure.
a. down b. up c. out d. in
5. He was disappointed as he invisible with the new coach.
a. fell b. failed c. felt d. filled
6. Murad asked the secretary to an appointment to meet the manager.
a. do b. conceal c. make d. gain
7. The players would have won the match if they harder.
a. trained b. had trained c. hadn't trained d. train
8. The saleswoman the rice now for me.
a. weigh b. weighs c. weighing d. is weighing
9. It seems as though Mona needs help.
a. to my b. to me c. for me d. if me
10. Marwan his English by the time he finishes this course.
a. will have perfected b. will be perfecting c. will have perfecting d. will perfect
11. A formal apology letter should offer a or correction.
a. credit b. blame c. solution d. complaint
12. The language used in a campaign poster should be language.
a. negative and direct b. positive and indirect
c. positive and motivating d. negative and motivating

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Many parents need help to deal with their children's naughty behaviour at home. The first

positive discipline **technique** is for parents to remain calm because nervous parents do not get good results. Parents who cannot often remain calm find that their children stop taking any notice of them. The second challenge is to know how to correct bad behaviour in an effective way. For instance, punishing children by preventing them from watching their favourite TV programme is not an ideal solution. Parents should establish clear rules for children to follow. If children refuse to follow these, they know they will be disciplined. The most effective way of encouraging good behaviour is to give positive feedback as often as possible, to show that it is not only naughtiness that attract attention.

As you think about how to discipline your child, it's important to remember that the word "discipline" is rooted in the meanings of learning and teaching. The best way to discipline your child is to help him / her make better choices. You can role play the behaviours, using a calm voice. Be encouraging when they make the right choices. Finally you must know that discipline can help your child learn how to behave-as well as how not to behave. It works best when you have a warm and loving relationship with your child.

1. The article suggests that parents should be to get results for children discipline.
 - a. nervous
 - b. worried
 - c. calm
 - d. eager
2. According to the article, what is the best way to correct a children's bad behaviour ?
 - a. Hitting them hard
 - b. Preventing them from watching their favourite TV programme
 - c. Punishing them strictly
 - d. Establishing clear rules for children to follow
3. The underlined word "**technique**" in the first paragraph is similar in meaning to the word
 - a. method
 - b. test
 - c. equipment
 - d. attention
4. The article suggests that in order to discipline children, parents should
 - a. find an effective way to correct their children's behaviour
 - b. treat them as harshly as possible
 - c. stop beating them
 - d. teach them how they have to behave themselves
5. Instead of punishing children, parents should
 - a. encourage them to follow the necessary rules
 - b. give them everything they ask for
 - c. give them negative feedback
 - d. praise them all the time
6. A suitable title for this passage would be
 - a. How to punish naughty children effectively
 - b. How to set role models for children
 - c. How to discipline naughty children
 - d. How to reward good children
7. How do you think role play can help discipline children ?
 - a. Children can have roles to play at school.
 - b. Children are encouraged to tell their parents about their needs.
 - c. Children can understand why they are punished.
 - d. Children can imitate their parents.

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

Productivity is one of the most necessary qualities good citizens should have. It enables them to share effectively in development projects as well as in most fields of work.

- a. تعتبر الإنتاجية من أهم السمات التي يجب أن يتمتع بها المواطنون الصالحون فهي تمكنهم من المشاركة بفاعلية في مشروعات التنمية وكذلك في معظم مجالات العمل.
- b. تعتبر الإنتاجية من أهم المؤهلات التي يجب أن يتمتع بها المواطنون الصالحون فهي تمكنهم من المشاركة بفاعلية في خطط التنمية وكذلك في معظم مجالات العمل.
- c. تعتبر الإنتاجية من أهم السمات التي يجب أن يتمتع بها أي مواطن فهي تمكنه من المشاركة بفاعلية في مشروعات الاستثمار وكذلك في معظم مجالات العمل.
- d. تعتبر جودة الإنتاج من أهم السمات التي يجب أن يتمتع بها المواطن المصري فهي تمكنه من المشاركة بفاعلية في مشروعات التنمية وكذلك في معظم مجالات العمل.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

يجب علينا أن ننشئ الأطفال على الثقة بالنفس والوطنية واحترام الآخرين. وكل هذا سوف ينعكس على شخصيتهم كمواطنين صالحين مفيدون لوطنهم في المستقبل.

- a. We should bring our children up on self-tolerance, patriotism and respecting other people. All these will be reflected on their personalities as good citizens useful to their country in the future.
- b. We should bring our children up on self-confidence, patriotism and respecting other people. All these will be supported on their personalities as good citizens useful to their country in the future.
- c. We should bring up our children on self-confidence, patriotism and suspecting other people. All these will be reflected on their personalities as good citizens useful to their country on the future.
- d. We should bring up our children on self-confidence, patriotism and respecting other people. All these will be reflected on their personalities as good citizens useful to their country in the future.

5 Answer the following questions :

1. Why did Phileas Fogg reward John Bunsby generously?

.....

2. Why does the journey across America represent a major challenge for Phileas Fogg?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. Dalia was in the habit of walking to work every morning. (used to)

.....

2. You should eat a balanced meal. (advisable)

.....

- 7** Write an essay of about **ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180)** words on the following topic :
“Using your free time to improve yourself”
-
-

Sample Test **6**

- 1** Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. His persistence is the reason for all his achievements. The word “persistence” has a close meaning with the words
 a. passion b. mission c. determination d. consistency e. impatience
2. Mr Mahmoud is really an inspiring teacher for all of us. The opposites of the word “inspiring” are
 a. encouraging b. motivating c. discouraging d. demotivating e. exhausting

- 2** Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Decent Life helped thousands of families all over Egypt.
 a. Initiative b. Determination c. Hesitation d. Persistence
2. My mother gave me another of cocktail as she knew that I liked it very much.
 a. instructor b. guarantee c. bowl d. session
3. A/An means the outline of buildings seen against the sky.
 a. airline b. online c. deadline d. skyline
4. According your report, we can say that problem was solved easily.
 a. for b. off c. at d. to
5. The Grand Egyptian Museum has more attention to Egypt recently.
 a. attracted b. attacked c. distracted d. contracted
6. As a football team they only managed to win their first competition when they played
 a. cooperate b. cooperative c. cooperation d. cooperatively
7. If they had enough time, they us.
 a. will visit b. would have visited c. would visit d. visit
8. The glass which cold water is yours.
 a. is containing b. contains c. contain d. containing
9. I hate that restaurant waiter. He very honest.
 a. seem to b. doesn't seem c. never seem d. seems
10. We up late every morning on the summer holiday.
 a. used to get b. were used to get c. used to getting d. use to get

11. A/An paragraph is one paragraph in which the writer clearly gives one opinion about a topic.
 a. persuasive b. expository c. narrative d. opinion
12. A/An paragraph is a short paragraph that identifies one clear problem.
 a. argumentative b. narrative c. opinion d. problem-solution

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

It is bad to have food stuck between your teeth for long periods of time. This is because food attracts germs, germs produce acid, and acid hurts your teeth and gums. Flossing, a type of thin thread that you use for cleaning between your teeth, helps to remove the food that gets stuck between your teeth. This explains why flossing helps to keep your mouth healthy, but some doctors say that flossing can be also good for your heart.

Doctors say it is possible that the germs that hurt your teeth can leave the mouth and may travel into your blood. Germs that get into the blood can then attack your heart and when there are too many germs in your mouth, the body tries to fight against these germs and may end up weakening the heart over time.

Not every doctor agrees about these ideas. Some doctors think that the link between good flossing habits and good heart health is only a coincidence. A coincidence is when two or more events happen at one time by chance. The incidence of these events is completely **random**, as they do not see any relationship between **them**. Some doctors think that people who have bad flossing habits just happen to also have heart problems, and people who have good flossing habits just happen to have healthy hearts.

The theory that flossing your teeth helps to keep your heart healthy might not be true. But every doctor agrees that flossing is a great way to keep your teeth healthy.

- According to the passage, the underlined word "**random**" means ".....".
 a. planned b. specific c. optional d. accidental
- The only fact about flossing is that it helps
 a. your heart b. your teeth c. your blood d. the germs
- Flossing effectively helps to keep your mouth healthy by preventing
 a. germs from producing acid b. food from entering your body
 c. germs from entering into your lung d. acid from removing your teeth
- According to the passage, it can be understood that germs in the mouth may harm your heart by
 a. getting into the blood that flows to the heart
 b. forcing the body to fight against too many of them
 c. causing food to get stuck in the arteries
 d. a & c
- The substance that the germs produce in the mouth is
 a. a sweet liquid b. a chemical c. a solid d. a certain kind of gases

6. The underlined word “**them**” in paragraph 3 refers to
- a. good flossing habits b. good heart health c. doctors d. a & b
7. Doctors are that having many germs in your mouth can end up weakening your heart.
- a. confident b. extremely knowledgeable
c. uncertain d. denying

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

The greatest barrier to success is the fear of failure. However, failure is the first step on the road towards real success.

- a. أكبر عائق أمام النجاح هو الخوف من الفشل مع ذلك فإن الفشل هو الخطوة الأولى على طريق النجاح الحقيقي.
b. أكبر حاجز أمام النجاح هو الخوف من الفشل مع ذلك فإن المحاولة هو الخطوة الأولى على طريق النجاح الحقيقي.
c. أكبر عائق للنجاح هو الخوف من الفشل مع ذلك فإن الفشل ثم النجاح هو الخطوة الأولى على طريق النجاح الحقيقي.
d. أكبر عائق أمام الفشل هو الخوف من النجاح مع ذلك فإن الفشل هو الخطوة الأولى على طريق النجاح الحقيقي.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

وفقاً لعدة دراسات تبين أن الاستخدام المفرط لوسائل التواصل الاجتماعي قد يؤدي إلى القلق والاكتئاب.

- a. According to severity studies, using social media tightly may lead to anxious and depressed.
b. According to severe studies, using social media excessively may result from anxiety and oppression.
c. According to severe studies, using sociable media tightly may lead to anxious and depressed.
d. According to several studies, using social media excessively may result in anxiety and depression.

5 Answer the following questions :

1. How do you think Detective Fix felt when the bail was accepted?

.....

2. What does the buffalo delay suggest about travel during that period ?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. If Hamza follows my advice, he will get the scholarship.

(Should)

.....

2. Our street will have been paved by next week.

(The workers)

.....

7 Write a blog post of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :
“Can art change the society?”

.....
.....

Sample Test 7

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. As a kindergarten teacher, Rana treats all the children with compassion. Other words for the word “compassion” are
a. sympathy b. sorrow c. sadness d. empathy e. joy
2. It’s an old tradition to eat fessekh in Sham El-Nessem in Egypt. The antonyms of the word “tradition” are
a. innovation b. modernity c. visibility d. probability e. competition

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. before taking decisions is one of Toka’s demerits.
a. Innovation b. Patience c. Persistence d. Hesitation
2. We should increase our children’s of the side effects of time screen.
a. issue b. awareness c. funding d. initiative
3. A movement of hands or body used to express meaning is called a/an
a. interview b. skyline c. passion d. gesture
4. His new discovery transformed him from unknown scientist a well-known one.
a. into b. onto c. about d. down
5. Never be negative; always a positive deed.
a. make b. do c. forget d. conceal
6. She gave a cry of joy when the monthly best students’ list her name.
a. included b. inclusive c. including d. inclusion
7. Rodyana won’t be able to join the main team she trains harder.
a. if b. in case of c. without d. unless
8. At schools, students wear a uniform.
a. must b. don’t have to c. has to d. mustn’t
9. Adham seems annoyed. Do you know why?
a. being b. be c. to be d. to being
10. Sama lose a lot when she played chess with her father.
a. uses to b. is used to c. was used to d. used to
11. We end the opinion paragraph with a concluding sentence to the opinion.
a. restate b. introduce c. explain d. clarify

12. A problem-solution paragraph proposes main solution(s).
a. one b. two c. three d. four

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

One of the main causes of the earth's troubles is that the world is overpopulated and this overpopulation is growing at an ever-increasing rate. At the same time, the earth is unable to provide enough food since the fertility of some of our richest soils has been lost and vast areas that were once fertile lands have turned into barren deserts. And the trouble with deserts is that they tend to creep outward on to the fertile soils.

The environment is everything that surrounds us: plants, animals, buildings, country, air and water. Ecology is the science of how living creatures and plants exist together and depend on each other and on the local environment. Where an environment is undisturbed the ecology of an area is in balance, but if a creature is exterminated or an alien species introduced, then the ecology of the district will be upset. In other words, the balance of nature will be disturbed.

Man is a part of the environment and he has done more to upset the ecology during his short span on earth than any other living creature. He has done this by his ignorance, his greed, his thoughtlessness, his foolishness and his wastefulness. Since man has done so much damage, it is up to him to try to put matters right - if it is not already too late. If there is to be any remedy for our ills, that remedy ultimately lies in the hands of the young generations, and the sooner they start doing something about it, the better.

1. The underlined word "fertile" is antonymous to the word ".....".
a. rich b. productive c. barren d. fruitful
2. World population is threatened with starvation because
a. all our natural resources have run out with no hope of replacing them
b. vast areas of our fertile lands have turned into barren deserts
c. the deserts creep inwards on to the fertile areas
d. overpopulation is increasing and the rich soil is rising
3. Ecology is a science which studies
a. man's social activities b. living creatures and the environment
c. plants and farming d. the habitats of animals
4. The writer of the passage said that man disturbed the environmental balance through
a. his moral values b. his culture
c. his good behaviour d. his bad qualities
5. The more fertile the soil is, the
a. less food we have b. more food we have
c. fewer people live on earth d. more barren deserts there are
6. The most suitable title for the passage is ".....".
a. Man's greed is the cause of upsetting the ecology
b. Ecology (in balance or upset)
c. It's too late to balance the ecology
d. Overpopulation and the earth's troubles

7. What made man upset the ecology?

- a. His ignorance.
- b. His greed.
- c. His thoughtlessness, foolishness and wastefulness.
- d. All of the above.

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

Artificial intelligence (AI) is the ability of a system or a program to think and learn from the experience. It has found its applications in almost all fields of our life.

- a. الذكاء الاصطناعي هو قدرة نظام أو برنامج على التفكير والتعلم من التجربة ولقد وجدت تطبيقاته في كل مجالات حياتنا تقريبًا.
- b. الذكاء الاصطناعي هو موهبة نظام أو برنامج على التأمل والتعلم من التجربة ولقد وجدت تطبيقاته في كل مجالات حياتنا تقريبًا.
- c. الذكاء الاصطناعي هو قدرة نظام أو برنامج على التفكير والتعلم من التجربة ولقد وجدت إبداعاته في كل مجالات حياتنا تقريبًا.
- d. الذكاء الاصطناعي هو قدرة نظام أو برنامج على التفكير والتعلم من التجربة ولقد وجدت إبداعاته في كل مجالات حياتنا بالكامل.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

القراءة ليست مجرد وسيلة للتسلية ولكنها وسيلة لفهم العالم الذي نعيش فيه , فمن خلال القراءة نكتسب مهارات يمكن ان تساعدنا في حل المشكلات الحياتية اليومية.

- a. Reading is not just a pastime, but a way to understand the world in where we live. Through reading, we acquire skills that help us solve everyday life problems.
- b. Reading is not just a pastime, but a way to understand the world in which we live. Though reading, we acquire skills that help us solve everyday life problems.
- c. Reading is not just a pastime, but a way to understand the world in which we live. Through reading, we acquire skills that help us solve everyday life problems
- d. Reading is not just a pastime, but it a way to understand the world in which we live, Through reading, we acquire skills that help us solving everyday life problem

5 Answer the following questions :

1. Why did Phileas Fogg say that saving a life was worth more than time?

.....

2. Why does Fogg say, "We must submit to the law"?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. Ahmed used to revise well before the exams when he was a student. (in the habit)

.....

2. You mustn't exceed the speed limits. (forbidden)

.....

7 Write a descriptive essay of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :

"A caring community"

.....
.....

Sample Test 8

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. Mr. Adel asked Ola to gather all the documents related to the new project at once. The synonyms of the word "gather" are
a. divide b. separate c. collect d. scatter e. assemble
2. When you can't see something, it is invisible. The opposites of the word "invisible" are
a. unclear b. dishonest c. visible d. hidden e. noticeable

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Young people in our area launched great to help the community.
a. innovations b. interpretations c. campaigns d. hesitation
2. They face lack of during their project, but they managed to get a loan from the bank.
a. funding b. issue c. passion d. awareness
3. "....." means showing care for others.
a. Discussion b. Compassion c. Submission d. Mission
4. This old house has been passed from my grandfather to my father.
a. up b. down c. in d. out
5. At the beginning of their project, they some marketing difficulties.
a. followed b. disobeyed c. faced d. appeared
6. Hamza is a kind young man; he is often with sick or old people.
a. passionate b. passion c. passionately d. passionless
7. Imagine you were wealthy, what ?
a. would you do b. will you do
c. would you have done d. do you do
8. It's extremely dangerous to use the elevator in case of fire. People use it.
a. must b. have to c. mustn't d. don't have to
9. Samir always seems weak people.
a. defend b. to defend c. to defending d. like defending
10. Hamza run every evening before bed.
a. would b. use to c. was used to d. is used to
11. The writer of the opinion paragraph supports it with and evidence.
a. topics b. reasons c. themes d. conclusions
12. When writing a problem-solution paragraph, choose a/an , focused problem.
a. imaginative b. realistic c. unhappy d. positive

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

In this tour, we will see some of Egypt's most famous sites. Travelling up the Nile, you will see ancient temples and meet friendly local people. We will visit Cairo, the Pyramids of Giza, Aswan and Luxor. You don't need to book hotels because we will arrange all your accommodation. We will also go camping for a night in the desert, so you need to bring a sleeping bag. It can be cold at night !

You don't have to bring much money because all your food and transport is included in the price. However, you might want to buy some souvenirs from the bazaars that we will visit. You will need to bring cool clothes and good shoes (walking around ancient temples can be difficult). You must also have a passport. Please also check our website for **up-to-date** information. We know that you'll return with some amazing memories and a happy face !

Egypt is the birthplace of civilization. Egypt is a deep-rooted country. It is famous for eco-tourism and the green environment. So we should be eco-tourists and help the environment. The Nile is the longest river in the world so we will enjoy a lot of wonderful landscape and eye-catching places.

1. Who is this text written for ?
 - a. It is written for tourists who want to visit Egypt.
 - b. It is written for people who want to travel abroad.
 - c. It is written to encourage Egyptians to treat tourists well.
 - d. It is written to discourage tourists from coming to Egypt.
2. Why don't people need to take much money with them on this trip ?
 - a. Tourists mustn't buy any souvenirs from the bazaars that we will visit.
 - b. Because people are very poor.
 - c. Because the service is free.
 - d. Because food and transport is included in the price.
3. According to the passage, this trip is most suitable for
 - a. very old people
 - b. very young children
 - c. young people
 - d. babies
4. The best title for this passage can be ".....".
 - a. The history of Egypt
 - b. A trip to Egypt
 - c. Tourism in Egypt
 - d. The Nile in Egypt
5. What does the underlined word "It" refer to ?
 - a. The desert
 - b. A hotel
 - c. A sleeping bag
 - d. All the accommodation
6. What do you think "**up-to-date**" means ?
 - a. the newest
 - b. very important
 - c. very interesting
 - d. very useful
7. I think that the writer of the text is
 - a. telling lies
 - b. telling a story
 - c. telling facts
 - d. telling a novel

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

Without motivation in life, it's hard to strive for success and achieve happiness. You should try to achieve more success for yourself first before trying to please other people.

- a. بدون مشاكل الحياة، من السهل السعي لإحراز الهدف وتحقيق السعادة، يجب أن تحاول تحقيق المزيد من النجاح لنفسك أولاً قبل محاولة إرضاء الآخرين.
- b. بدون الدافع في الحياة، من الصعب السعي لإحراز الهدف وتحقيق السعادة، يجب أن تحاول تحقيق المزيد من النجاح لنفسك أولاً قبل محاولة إرضاء الآخرين.
- c. بدون الدافع في الحياة، من الصعب السعي لإحراز الهدف وتحقيق الذات، يجب أن تحاول تحقيق المزيد من النجاح لنفسك أولاً قبل محاولة إرضاء الآخرين.
- d. بدون الدافع في الحياة، من الصعب السعي لإحراز الهدف وتحقيق السعادة مع الآخرين، يجب أن تحاول تحقيق المزيد من النجاح لإثبات ذاتك قبل محاولة إرضاء الآخرين.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d :

لقد يسرت التجارة الإلكترونية على الكثيرين من الناس عملية البيع والشراء إلكترونياً، وهذا بدوره يوفر الوقت والجهد فضلاً عن خلق مناخ تنافسي يصب في صالح المستهلك أولاً.

- a. E-commerce has made it easier for many people to sell and trade electronically. This, in turn, saves time and effort in addition to creating a competitive climate that benefits the producer first.
- b. E-learning has made it easier for many people to buy and sell electronically. This, in turn, saves time and effort in addition to creating a complete climate that benefits the consumer first.
- c. E-commerce has made it easier for many people to buy and sell electronically. This, in turn, saves time and effort in addition to creating a competitive environment that benefits the consumer first.
- d. E-commerce has made it easier for many people to buy and sell electrically. This, in turn, safe time and effort in addition to creating a competitive environment that fits the consumer first.

5 Answer the following questions :

1. What does Fogg's calm reaction to the arrest reveal about his character?

.....

2. How does money influence events aboard the Henrietta?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. The company will have built the new building by next summer.

(been)

.....

2. You will be punished if you don't obey your parents' instructions.

(Unless)

.....

7 Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :
"New hobbies"

Sample Test 9

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. My mother was really very inspiring to us. The word "inspiring" can be replaced by
a. motivated b. motivating c. confusing d. encouraging e. amazed
2. Their persistence during the final match resulted in winning the competition. The opposites of the word "persistence" are
a. giving up b. patience c. determination d. escapism e. dependence

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. The bad use of AI has become a very important
a. persistence b. issue c. hesitation d. awareness
2. It was said that a discarded cigarette that terrible fire.
a. avoided b. forgotten c. sparked d. fallen
3. Creating new ideas or solutions means
a. determination b. presentation c. preparation d. innovation
4. We can't afford to run working for more than three hours without having a rest.
a. to b. down c. in d. on
5. The lecturer asked Sama to a presentation next lecture.
a. give b. miss c. lose d. remind
6. He has a cough as he is a heavy smoker.
a. persist b. persistence c. persistent d. persistently
7. she to do well, she wouldn't be excluded from the staff.
a. If b. Should c. Were d. Had
8. It is forbidden to take food in your room in some hotels. You do it.
a. needn't b. have to c. mustn't d. should
9. Reham seems to for the final exams; she is very busy now.
a. revise b. have revised c. be revising d. be revised
10. Rana love swimming before she broke her arm.
a. would b. used to c. was used to d. didn't use
11. The explanation of why you believe in your opinion is called a/an
a. evidence b. stance c. example d. reason
12. When you write a problem-solution paragraph, you should practical solutions.
a. ignore b. hinder c. brainstorm d. persuade

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Human beings need food, water and air which are all necessary for survival. People cannot live without food to eat and oxygen to breathe. When it is cold, they need heat, clothes and places to live. The environment provides these needs. People use the land and oceans for food. The atmosphere, which is the air around the earth, contains oxygen. Energy for heat comes from petroleum, trees or the sun.

Hundreds of years ago, the environment supplied food, and housing for everyone. Population was low, and there was little industry. There was enough good land, fresh water, and clean air. However, in the eighteenth century, the industrial revolution began in England. The Western world changed from an agricultural world to an industrial one. Many people moved from farms to cities in order to work. Industry grew very quickly. Since 1850, both the population and industry have increased very rapidly. People need more land, more water, and more resources daily. Industry is changing the environment quickly. Some of these changes are harmful because they disturb the balance of nature. One such example is pollution.

There are several kinds of pollution: air, water, land, noise and light. Industry causes air pollution. Factories **release** many chemicals and gases into the air. Gases from cars also cause air pollution, especially in cities. Chemicals in the air cause smog in many large cities as Tokyo and Los Angeles. It is sometimes dangerous - for people to breathe the air in these cities.

1. What does the atmosphere surround ?
 - a. The planets
 - b. The earth
 - c. The air
 - d. The earth and the planets
2. Population and industry have increased since
 - a. the beginning of the 19th century
 - b. the end of the 19th century
 - c. the middle of the 20th century
 - d. the middle of the 19th century
3. What do human beings need to survive ?
 - a. Water and oxygen
 - b. Food and oxygen
 - c. Food, water and oxygen
 - d. Food and water
4. If the balance of nature is disturbed, life on the planet will be
 - a. luxurious
 - b. comfortable
 - c. convenient
 - d. inconvenient
5. What does the word “**release**” in the passage mean?
 - a. To set free
 - b. To give out
 - c. To free
 - d. To be made known
6. Why was everyone supplied with food, heat and housing many years ago ?
 - a. The population was low
 - b. The pollution was little
 - c. The industry was developed
 - d. The agriculture was developed
7. What happened when the west changed into an industrial world ?
 - a. People immigrated to villages
 - b. People left work in cities
 - c. People immigrated to cities
 - d. People wanted to become farmers

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a , b , c or d :

Education is the basis of progress and development for peoples and countries of the world, whether developed or developing. This is because it helps us prepare generations of citizens who are capable of making a difference.

- a. التعليم هو أساس التقدم والتنمية للناس وعالم الدول سواء المتقدمة أو النامية وذلك لأنه يساعدنا في تجهيز أجيال من المواطنين القادرين على إحداث التغيير.
- b. التعليم هو أساس التقدم والتنمية للشعوب ودول العالم سواء التي تقدمت أو تسعى للتقدم وذلك لأنه يساعدنا في إعداد أجيال من المواطنين القادرين على إحداث الفرق.
- c. التعليم هو أساس التقدم والتنمية للشعوب ودول العالم سواء المتقدمة أو النامية، وذلك لأنه يساعدنا في إعداد أجيال من المواطنين القادرين على إحداث التغيير.
- d. التعليم هو الأساس في التقدم والتنمية للشعوب ودول العالم سواء المتقدمة أو النامية كذلك لأنه يساعدنا في إعداد مولدات للمواطنين القادرين على إحداث التغيير.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d :

تقوم الحكومة بتنفيذ العديد من المشروعات القومية العملاقة في كل أنحاء البلاد، وتهدف هذه المشروعات إلى توفير فرص عمل للمواطنين وزيادة الناتج القومي والقضاء على البطالة.

- a. The government carries out a lot of giant national projects all over the country. These projects aim to provide job opportunities for citizens, increase the national production and eliminate unemployment.
- b. The government carries out a lot of small national projects all over the country. These projects aim to provide job opportunities for citizens, double the national production and eliminate unemployment.
- c. The government carries out a lot of giant national projects all over the world. These projects aim to provide job opportunities for citizens, increase the national production and eliminate unemployment.
- d. The government carries out a lot of big national projects all over the country. These projects aim to provide job opportunities for foreigners, increase the national production and eliminate employment.

5 Answer the following questions :

1. Why is Captain Speedy difficult to negotiate with?

.....

2. How does Fix feel increasing pressure during the journey ?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. It's against the law to smoke here.

(mustn't)

.....

2. Omar used to play chess with his friends.

(It)

.....

- 7** Write a descriptive essay of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :

“Oral health”

.....

.....

Sample Test 10

- 1** Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. There is great growth in our exports this year. The synonyms of the word “growth” are
a. decrease b. development c. decline d. increase e. struggle
2. Endangered animals are species that are at high risk of extinction due to factors such as habitat loss, pollution and climate change. The antonyms of the word “endangered” are
a. official b. safe c. secured d. risky e. serious

- 2** Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. The key to her excellent performance is her
a. persistence b. impatience c. dependence d. intolerance
2. The manager was angry as the data he asked for hadn't been by then.
a. slipped b. failed c. sparked d. interpreted
3. After the match, I thanked the coach to appreciation.
a. lift b. express c. create d. introduce
4. I like watching my friends playing handball, but I never like to join
a. up b. down c. in d. out
5. They asked their employer to a positive step to solve their financial problems.
a. do b. make c. take d. miss
6. We all have great for her physical disabilities; we support her as much as possible.
a. compassionate b. compassion c. compassionately d. compassionless
7. If they had heard the weather forecast, they to the beach.
a. would go b. wouldn't have gone c. will go d. won't go
8. They wait for a long time as the bus was late.
a. must b. had to c. need to d. have to
9. Salma the flower now.
a. smells b. is smelling c. is smelt d. doesn't smell
10. They didn't like their new flat at first but later they it.
a. are used to b. become used to c. got used to d. use to
11. are the explanations that strengthen a reason.
a. Evidence b. Examples c. Supporting details d. Reasons

12. A/An is a piece of writing that appears in a publication-such as a newspaper.
a. poem b. article c. play d. email

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

A clever person used to mean a person who would exert efforts to achieve a legitimate aim. Hence, a clever pupil is a bright one who makes the best of his educational chances. A clever lawyer is one who handles the law so as to prove that **his** client is right. A clever doctor gives the right diagnosis for his patients and prescribes the right medicine for them. This is perfectly in a simple society, which will allow a good number of people to do their best to succeed in their pursuits or better their life conditions. But in a society that has grown in complexity so that only the fittest can survive, the term has taken a new meaning. If two persons have one chance, the cleverer of them is the one who can push the other out of the way to secure the chance for himself. A clever lawyer in the sense of the word is the one who manages to prove the innocence of a wrongdoer. A doctor who **entices** more patients to go to him and consequently makes more money out of them would be a clever doctor. A company whose products are not much in demand, employs a clever marketing manager to increase its sales. Even in government offices, there are clever social climbers that **get all gains with the least efforts**.

Yet, there are still honest people in society who have a reputation for doing what they are convinced is right.

1. A suitable title for the passage is “.....”.
a. A chance for oneself b. Honest and dishonest people
c. A simple society d. A nice narrative story
2. An honest doctor
a. prescribes the wrong medicine
b. entices more patients to go to him
c. gives the right diagnosis
d. makes as much money as he can from his patients
3. According to the passage, honest people are those who
a. do wrong things b. get all gains with the least efforts
c. have good reputation for doing right things d. prove the innocence of guilty people
4. The underlined word “**entices**” in the second paragraph can be replaced with
a. helps b. gives c. persuades d. neglects
5. It can be inferred from the passage that the writer
a. agrees to the use of the term clever with all actions
b. objects to the use of the term clever to justify wrong actions
c. admires clever people who twist facts
d. encourages people to be clever and do whatever they like

- 7** Write an opinion essay of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :

“Importance of art”

.....

.....

Sample Test 11

- 1** Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. Training for five hours made me overwhelmed. The adjective “overwhelmed” can be replaced by
a. overloaded b. relaxed c. overburdened d. motivated e. overbanked
2. Nabil was angry when his friend ignored his question. The word “ignored” means
a. neglected b. confirmed c. assured d. admired e. disregarded

- 2** Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Despite his cruelty, he showed great with the little kid’s death.
a. fluency b. proficiency c. empathy d. diversity
2. They did their best to meet their or they would pay a fine.
a. deadline b. skyline c. pressure d. bowl
3. “ ” means the ability to take action first.
a. Innovation b. Initiative c. Awareness d. Spark
4. I told Ali for coming back home late.
a. off b. down c. in d. out
5. In my opinion, he was right to be angry as he didn’t valued after the favour he did.
a. feel b. fail c. fall d. fill
6. Despite having good, he couldn’t see the small insect.
a. visible b. invisible c. visibility d. invisibility
7. Had they taken the map, they lost in the desert.
a. hasn’t got b. won’t get c. wouldn’t get d. wouldn’t have got
8. She come with us if she doesn’t want to.
a. must b. have to c. mustn’t d. doesn’t have to
9. What of this novel?
a. you are thinking b. are you thinking c. you think d. do you think
10. We go to the same little restaurant for lunch every day when I was a student.
a. would b. didn’t use c. was used to d. wasn’t used to
11. In an opinion paragraph, the writer uses the conclusion to the main points.
a. summarize b. introduce c. present d. expand

12. Articles can vary widely in length and style depending on the in which they appear.
a. gallery b. museum c. context d. conclusion

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

People think children should play sports. Sports are fun, and children stay healthy while playing with others. However, playing sports can have negative effects on children. It may produce feelings of poor self-esteem or aggressive behaviour in some children. According to research on kids and sports, 40 million kids play sports in the US. Of these, 18 million say they have been yelled at or **called names** while playing sports. This leaves many children with a bad impression of sports. They think sports are just too aggressive.

Many researchers believe adults, especially parents and coaches, are the main cause of too much aggression in children's sports. **They** believe children copy aggressive adult behaviour. This behaviour is then further reinforced through both positive and negative feedback. Parents and coaches are powerful teachers because children usually look up to them. Often these adults behave aggressively themselves, sending children the message that winning is everything. At children's sporting events, parents may yell insults at other players or cheer when their child behaves aggressively. As well, children may be taught that hurting other players is acceptable and the media makes violence seem exciting. Children watch adult sports games and see violent behaviour replayed over and over on television.

As a society, we really need to face up to this problem. Adults should act as better examples for children. They need to teach children better values. They should teach children to enjoy themselves whether they win or not. They should teach them that winning is not everything.

1. What is the main idea of the reading passage?
a. Children often become like their parents. b. Children need to play sports in school.
c. Playing sports may have negative results. d. Some sports can cause health problems.
2. How many children said they had some negative experience when playing sports?
a. All of the children. b. More than half of the children.
c. Less than half of the children. d. About ten percent of the children.
3. Which is described as the main cause of more aggressive playing?
a. Adults b. Children with low grades in school.
c. New rules in sports. d. Other players.
4. What does the writer suggest?
a. Aggressive sports should not be shown on television.
b. Children should not play sports until high school.
c. Coaches should be required to study child psychology.
d. Parents should teach children to play sports for fun and exercise.
5. The underlined pronoun "**They**" refers to
a. parents b. coaches c. researchers d. sportsmen

- 6. The main idea of the third paragraph is
 - a. solutions to the problem
 - b. results of the problem
 - c. consequences of the problem
 - d. causes of the problem
- 7. The synonym of the underlined idiom "**called names**" is ".....".
 - a. insulted
 - b. praised
 - c. encouraged
 - d. supported

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

There are many reasons for admitting our mistakes. This enables us to build better relationships and allows us to take responsibility in our lives.

- a. هناك العديد من الأسباب للاعتراف بأخطائنا. هذا يمكننا من بناء علاقات أفضل ويسمح لنا بتحمل المسؤولية في حياتنا.
- b. هناك العديد من الأسباب لتفادي أخطائنا. هذا يمكننا من بناء علاقات أفضل ويسمح لنا بتحمل المسؤولية في حياتنا.
- c. هناك العديد من الأسباب للاعتراف بأخطائنا. هذا يمكننا من بناء علاقات أفضل ويسمح لنا بالتخلي المسؤولية في حياتنا.
- d. هناك العديد من الأسباب للاعتراف بعيوبنا. هذا يمكننا من بناء روابط أفضل ويسمح لنا بتحمل المسؤولية في حياتنا.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

تأثر البيئة بالنشاط البشري لهذا السبب يعد الإنسان أهم عنصر في الحفاظ على البيئة أو تدميرها.

- a. The environment is affected by human activity for this reason man is the most important element in preserving or destroying the environment.
- b. The environment isn't affected by human activity for this reason man is the most important thing in preserving or destroying the environment.
- c. The environment is infected by human activity for this reason man is the most important element in deserving or destroying the environment.
- d. The environment is affected by human creativity for this reason man isn't the most important element in deserving or destroying the environment.

5 Answer the following questions :

- 1. How does the wind-sledge symbolize Phileas Fogg's character?
.....
- 2. Why did Phileas Fogg feel responsible for Aouda?
.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

- 1. I will finish doing my graduation project next April. (have)
.....
- 2. It's necessary for these students to hand in their research before Monday. (have to)
.....

7 Write a report of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :

"Time habits"

.....
.....

Sample Test 12

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. Some animals can bear the intense heat of the desert; others can't. The word "intense" means
a. several b. severe c. weak d. mild e. extreme
2. Do you think 700 LE is an inclusive price for the journey? The opposites of the word "inclusive" are
a. exclusive b. restrictive c. comprehensive d. gorgeous e. precious

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. The wise judge listened to all the opponents and dealt with them
a. fairly b. fairness c. unfair d. unfairly
2. They came first due to being players.
a. wasteful b. competitive c. generous d. exhausting
3. Strong will to do something is called ".....".
a. determination b. hesitation c. awareness d. politeness
4. Do you think AI benefits will spread many fields in our daily life?
a. up b. down c. in d. on
5. She could overcome her problems if she supported.
a. filed b. failed c. fell d. felt
6. Parents need to be more with their children nowadays as the new generations are completely different from them.
a. patient b. patience c. impatient d. impatience
7. Had you something to eat, you hungry.
a. may not b. won't be c. wouldn't be d. wouldn't have been
8. Sorry, we go now. We have an important meeting.
a. ought b. mustn't c. have to d. don't have to
9. This coffee good.
a. taste b. tastes c. is tasting d. is being tasted
10. When I was younger, I went swimming with my father.
a. usually b. used c. use d. used to
11. "....." means to keep the same point of view without switching ideas.
a. Coherence b. Consistency c. Introduction d. Closing
12. "....." is an interesting first sentence.
a. Hook b. Thesis c. Closing d. Middle

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

In order to make a good impression during a job interview, you need to prepare yourself for the interview. You must arrive in plenty of time for the interview, so that you give yourself a little time to relax before the interview. You have to look your best for the interview. Try to find out if the company has any rules about dress. 'Then try to dress according to their regulations. If they don't allow their staff to come to work in casual clothes, you may ruin your chances for a job by wearing the wrong sort of clothes to the interview.

You also need to plan what you are going to say. In some interviews, you will have to do a lot of talking, and in others you will only have to answer a few questions about yourself, your school work, your strong points, your reasons for applying for the job, and the salary you expect. You will be allowed to ask some questions of your own. The questions you ask will show the interviewer that you have given careful thought to the position. You can ask questions like these : What duties will I have to do in the job? Will I be allowed to join a health insurance programme? Does the company provide opportunities for further education?

You must also try to find out as much as you can about the company by talking to someone who works there, or by asking for copies of the company's booklets, brochures or advertising.

1. According to the passage, the interviewee the interview.
a. must arrive one hour before
b. must arrive in time for
c. must arrive a long time after
d. mustn't arrive on the appointed time for
2. The underlined word "casual" means
a. colourful
b. informal
c. dirty
d. clean
3. The main idea of the passage is
a. how to win your interviewer's approval during an interview
b. how to make a negative impression during an interview
c. how to arrive early during an interview
d. how the interviewee speaks to their interviewers
4. According to the passage, the interviewee must
a. be joking
b. have cruelty in dealing
c. be tough
d. have a stylish appearance
5. The must have skills for the job he applies.
a. interviewer
b. employer
c. manager
d. interviewee
6. Most young people find it to find a job nowadays.
a. bad
b. easy
c. wasteful
d. difficult
7. Applicants for the job like
a. to have no salaries
b. to be the managers
c. to have good salaries
d. to be owners of the company

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

Global interest in environmental affairs has increased recently. The media has helped focus light on environmental problems such as pollution, desertification, and others.

- a. لقد قل الاهتمام العالمي بشئون البيئة في الفترة الأخيرة. فقد ساعدت وسائل الإعلام على تركيز الضوء على المشكلات البيئية مثل التلوث والتصحر وغيرها.
- b. لقد ازداد الاهتمام العالمي بشئون البيئة في الفترة الأخيرة. فقد ساعدت وسائل الإعلام على تركيز الضوء على المشكلات البيئية مثل التلوث والتصحر وغيرها.
- c. لقد ازداد الاهتمام العالمي بشئون البيئة في الفترة الأخيرة. فقد ساعدت وسائل الإعلام على تركيز الضوء على المشكلات البيئية مثل التلوث والتحصير وغيرها.
- d. لقد ازداد الاهتمام العالمي بشئون البيئة في الفترة الأخيرة. فقد ساعدت وسائل الإعلام على تشتيت الضوء على المشكلات البيئية مثل التلوث والتصحر وغيرها.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

المعلم هو الذي يشكل مستقبل الجميع من خلال توفير أفضل تعليم لطلابهم لذلك يجب تدريبه بشكل مستمر على أحدث الطرق التربوية التي تؤهله للقيام بدوره.

- a. A teacher shapes the future of everyone by providing the best education for his students. Therefore, they must be trained continuously on the latest educational methods that qualify them to play his role.
- b. A teacher shapes the future of everyone by helping the best education for his students. Therefore, they must be trained continuously on the latest educational methods that testify them to play his role .
- c. A teacher shapes the future of everyone by neglecting the best education for is students. Therefore, they must be trained permanently on the latest educational methods that qualify them to play his role.
- d. A teacher shapes the future of everyone by providing the best education for his students. Therefore, they must be trained temporarily on the latest educational tactics that disqualify them to play is role.

5 Answer the following questions :

1. Why did Passepartout panic when they missed the Carnatic, while Phileas Fogg remained calm and controlled?

.....

2. Explain why Detective Fix decided to aid Fogg in speeding up the journey across the Pacific.

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. If I had enough time, I would help you with your task. (Had)

.....

2. Adham no longer eats fast foods. (used to)

.....

- 7** Write an essay of about **ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180)** words on the following topic :
“Creating a better community”
-
-

Sample Test **13**

- 1** Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. After four sessions, she managed to do the first aid well. The words with close meaning with the word “sessions” here are
a. classes b. classmates c. meetings d. fights e. instructors
2. Clever teachers often encourage their weak students to get their best levels. The antonyms of the word “encourage” are
a. demotivate b. disappoint c. inspire d. motivate e. blend

- 2** Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. “ ” means all people included; creating a friendly, welcoming place.
a. Persuasive b. Inclusive c. Argumentative d. Appreciative
2. When I chose the T-shirt I liked, my father paid it at once.
a. on b. for c. with d. at
3. His life-long aim was achieved when he in the last Olympic Games in Paris.
a. took place b. provided c. participated d. recycled
4. of our opinions should mean our strength; not weakness.
a. Various b. Fairness c. Similar d. Diversity
5. He’s a really helpful teacher as he help to the students all the time.
a. differs b. excludes c. disobeys d. offers
6. Unfortunately, my car broke in a busy street last Sunday.
a. up b. about c. down d. from
7. he stronger, he would defend himself against bullies.
a. Should b. Were c. Would d. Had
8. Employees obey instructions.
a. need b. don’t have to c. mustn’t d. have to
9. They difficulties at the moment.
a. have b. has c. are having d. are being had
10. I have an interview tomorrow, which means up very early.
a. to get b. get c. getting d. gets
11. A campaign poster is a short notice.
a. private b. public c. special d. normal
12. The introduction of an article consists of the hook, topic sentence and
a. closing b. conclusion c. thesis d. details

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Many people have jobs that are not very interesting, but a lot of people have to work at night, and this is very difficult. When everybody else is getting ready to go out, they have to go to work, and this puts a lot of psychological stress on them. It is also not very healthy because the human body is designed to be active in the day and to rest in the dark. If this cycle is changed, it can have a bad effect on a person's health. So, why do people do night shift? Nowadays a lot of jobs have to offer a 24-hour service, like hotels, delivery companies, some supermarkets open all night and all day, call centres and hospitals. It is true that some people only need a few hours of sleeping at night but the majority need eight hours.

Humans are most active in the middle of the day, and the time when they are least able to concentrate and be efficient is between 2 : 00 and 4 : 00 am.

This is the worst time to drive, or to do anything that needs concentration. The body finds it very difficult to adapt to the opposite cycle. Things are not likely to get better in the future because more and more businesses are working 24-hour cycles to keep in step with our 24-hour society.

- The main idea of this passage is about
 - working late isn't useful.
 - helping people change their way of life.
 - describing the importance of friendship.
 - how working at night can be harmful.
- The writer thinks that you need when you want to do anything.
 - abbreviation
 - concentration
 - stress
 - investigation
- According to the passage, we can infer that
 - it's difficult to change your sleeping needs.
 - people need to sleep only between 2 am and 4 am.
 - people sleep better in the early morning.
 - everybody needs the same amount of sleep.
- We can summarize the last paragraph by saying that in the future
 - fewer people will work during the day.
 - many people will stop working during the day.
 - some jobs will always be done at night.
 - nobody will work at night.
- The best title of the passage is
 - Sleeping at night isn't important.
 - Society is changing but our bodies are not.
 - We don't need to work at night.
 - A worker that sleeps more, works more !
- The underlined word "active" can be replaced with
 - inactive
 - different
 - upset
 - energetic
- People who have to work night shifts struggle with
 - the quality of sleep
 - more sleeping time
 - psychological stress
 - emotional stress

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

If we destroy the environment, our children won't be able to enjoy it. Our heritage is very valuable, therefore we should keep it.

- a. إذا دمرنا البيئة فلن يستطيع أطفالنا الاستمتاع بها لأن تراثنا ذو قيم جدًا ويجب أن نحافظ عليه.
- b. إذا دمرنا البيئة فلن يستطيع أطفالنا الاستمتاع بها لأن ميراثنا قيم جدًا ويجب أن نحافظ عليه.
- c. إذا دمرنا البيئة فلن يستطيع أطفالنا الاستمتاع بها لأن تراثنا قيم جدًا ويجب أن نحافظ عليه.
- d. إذا دمرنا البيئة فيجب على أطفالنا الاستمتاع بها لأن تراثنا ذو قيم جدًا ويجب أن نحافظ عليه.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

يجب علينا جميعًا أن نفخر بالمصريين الذين حققوا إنجازات في جميع المجالات فهم يمثلون القدوة للأجيال القادمة.

- a. We all should be proud of the Egyptians who made achievements in all fields.
They are the role models for the next generations.
- b. All we should be proud of the Egyptians who lost achievements in all fields.
They were the role models for the next generations.
- c. All of us should be proud of the Egyptians who made achievements in all fields.
They are the role medals for the next generations.
- d. We all should be proud of the Egyptians who made achievements in all fields.
They are the rule models for the next generations.

5 Answer the following questions :

1. Why do you think Passepartout joined the acrobats?

.....

2. How does the rescue mission change the course of the journey?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. You shouldn't waste your time on social media. (If)

.....

2. Eman doesn't read novels anymore. (used to)

.....

7 Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :

"How to spend your free time"

.....
.....

Sample Test 14

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

1. Sama looked confused in her interview last week. The synonyms of the word “confused” are
a. puzzled b. bewildered c. cheerful d. helpful e. determined
2. When we went on a trip in the marine museum, we saw big diversity of sea animals. The opposites of the word “diversity” are
a. difference b. sameness c. appreciation d. uniformity e. equality

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. At the swimming pool, you must follow the instructions of your or you will be excluded.
a. instructor b. guarantee c. bowl d. session
2. He was angry as his name wasn't in the final list for our national team.
a. avoided b. included c. excluded d. divided
3. On her first time on the stage, Hana was She suffered a lot to do her character in the play.
a. confusing b. confused c. amazing d. amazed
4. means treating everyone justly and equally.
a. Darkness b. Wrongness c. Magnificence d. Fairness
5. When I was young, my parents prevented me staying up late on school days.
a. from b. of c. in d. about
6. He can't have achieved all his success by chance; he must have great efforts.
a. done b. donated c. made d. missed
7. Dad take his medicine twice a day.
a. mustn't b. have c. has to d. needn't to
8. This novel exciting! You should watch it!
a. is sounding b. sounds c. sound d. is sound
9. My father seems classical music.
a. that b. to like c. like d. liking
10. We spend hours playing in my grandfather's small farm.
a. wasn't used to b. used to c. am used to d. didn't used to
11. In a campaign poster, you try to people to do something for an important goal.
a. persuade b. threaten c. warn d. predict
12. A/An apology letter is a polite and professional message sent to a person, school or organization to express regret for a mistake or a problem.
a. friendly b. private c. formal d. individual

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

The human body is like a machine that is moving and working all the time. All machines need fuel to give them energy. The fuel for the human body is food and most of the energy comes from two substances in our food, they are carbohydrates and fats. Carbohydrates are found in food like potatoes, bread, rice, wheat, corn, and sugar. Fats come from food like cheese, butter, oil and meat.

Energy in food is measured in calories. For example, an apple has about 40 calories, an egg has about 80, a fresh date has 15, and a tomato has around 12. Carbohydrates and fats have a lot of calories. For instance, a tin of soft drink, which contains a lot of sugar, has 145, a piece of bread has 165, and only one spoonful of cooking oil has 120 calories. You need about 40 calories a day for each kilo that you weigh. So, if you weigh 60 kilos, you will need about 2400 calories per day. If a person eats more calories than he /she needs, his/ her body stores the extra calories as fat. A person who gets all the calories he/ she needs in his/ her meals but in addition drinks only one tin of soft drink a day may gain five kilos per year.

Unfortunately, food which contains carbohydrates is usually cheaper than other food and it is often convenient and attractive. All 'junk food' contains lots of carbohydrates and fats. If your diet contains a lot of junk food, you will probably get fat.

1. What is the best title for the passage ?
 - a. Fats and their energy
 - b. How to become healthy
 - c. How to get energy
 - d. Fats and carbohydrates
2. How many calories do tins of soft drink have ?
 - a. A small number of
 - b. A few
 - c. No
 - d. Many
3. We find carbohydrates in
 - a. bread, potatoes and rice
 - b. cheese, butter, oil and meat
 - c. oranges and mangoes
 - d. vegetables and fruits
4. All 'junk food' contains lots of carbohydrates and fats. If our diet contains a lot of junk food, we will probably get fat. This means that junk food is
 - a. healthy
 - b. poisonous
 - c. unhealthy
 - d. necessary
5. What do cheese, butter and oil contain ?
 - a. Fats
 - b. Carbohydrates
 - c. Salts
 - d. Vitamins
6. Where does energy for the human body come from ?
 - a. Junk food
 - b. Carbohydrates and fats
 - c. Protein and foods
 - d. Soft drinks
7. Which statement is true ?
 - a. Food which contains carbohydrates doesn't make us fat.
 - b. Food which contains carbohydrates has fewer calories.
 - c. Food which contains carbohydrates isn't expensive and is most liked
 - d. Food which contains carbohydrates is the only food useful for the body.

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

English language is a tool to break down barriers in international communication. It is the common language of communication among countries that speak different languages.

- a. اللغة الإنجليزية هي أداة لكسر الحواجز في التواصل القومي، إنها لغة التواصل المشتركة بين البلدان التي تتحدث لغات مختلفة.
- b. اللغة الإنجليزية هي أداة لكسر الحواجز في التواصل الدولي، إنها لغة التواصل المشتركة بين البلدان التي تتحدث لغات مختلفة.
- c. اللغة الإنجليزية هي أداة لكسر الحواجز في التواصل الدولي، إنها لغة التواصل المشتركة بين البلدان التي لا تتحدث لغات مختلفة.
- d. اللغة الإنجليزية هي أداة لكسب الحواجز في التواصل الدولي، إنها لغة التواصل المشتركة بين البلدان التي تتحدث لغات مختلفة.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

لا شك أن المرأة المصرية هي العمود الفقري والدعامة الأساسية للأسرة، فهي تضحي بكل ما لديها من أجل راحة وسعادة ونجاح كل فرد من الأسرة.

- a. There's no doubt that the Egyptian women is the backbone and mainstay of the family as she sacrifices everything she has for the comfortable, happiness and success of every member in the family.
- b. There's no doubt that the Egyptian woman is the backbone and mainstay of the family as she sacrifices everything she has for the comfort, happiness and success of every member in the family.
- c. There's no doubt that the Egyptian woman is the backstone and mainstay of the family as she sacrifices everything she has for the comfort, happiness and success of every remember in the family.
- d. There's no doubt that the Egyptians woman is the backbone and mainstay of the family as she sacrifices everything she has for the comfortable, happiness and success of every member in the family.

5 Answer the following questions :

1. What does Fogg's diary symbolize ?

.....

2. How do you think Passepartout's emotions influenced his behavior in court?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. Ramy usually helped with the housework. (used to)

.....

2. You must follow the security instructions. (a must)

.....

7 Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :

"The importance of having a hobby"

.....
.....

1 Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given :

- Water is essential to all the living creatures on the Earth. The word "essential" can be replaced by
a. unimportant b. unnecessary c. vital d. crucial e. trivial
- Their cooperation is the key to their success. The antonyms of the word "cooperation" are
a. motivation b. collaboration c. integration d. conflict e. competition

2 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

- Being, Amir managed to overcome his loss in the first match.
a. confident b. weak c. cheerful d. dependent
- When the little boy fell on the ground, he was badly, so his father took him to hospital quickly.
a. bleeding b. laughing c. convincing d. sweating
- Sama couldn't climb the ramp, she fell twice.
a. slippery b. mild c. essential d. sleepy
- To make someone or something part of a group or total is to
a. overload b. download c. include d. exclude
- My cousin gave me a glass filled orange juice yesterday.
a. on b. for c. with d. at
- To be fair, the coach all the players a chance to express their abilities before choosing the main team.
a. forgave b. gave c. denied d. concealed
- All the applicants send in their application forms by Monday.
a. ought b. have to c. mustn't d. needn't to
- We lunch now.
a. have to b. am having c. are having d. have had
- What does the word 'scatter' ?
a. seem b. mean c. suppose d. think
- I have short hair when I was a teenager.
a. didn't used b. used to c. was used to d. wasn't used to
- In the campaign poster, we can include a/an, a simple message and key details.
a. brief conclusion b. big conclusion c. ambiguous title d. clear title

12. A health advice article is an article that gives the reader practical to improve their health.
- a. warnings b. tips c. threats d. titles

3 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Which job do you want to do when you leave school? 150 years ago, there were not many choices. Some people took academic jobs such as becoming a lawyer or an accountant.

Others took jobs that needed vocational skills, such as being a carpenter. Today, however, there are hundreds of new kinds of jobs which we did not have just ten years ago. This is good news for young people today, because there are many new and exciting jobs that they can do. An example is computer programming for mobile phone companies. Mobile phones are developing every year, and the phone companies need people to help to develop them even more. Another new job is something called library science.

This is knowing how to understand information on the internet. This is very important for businesses which have a lot of information about their **customers**, and want to know how to use it so they can sell their things. So there are a lot of opportunities for work in the future, but they may not be jobs that you have heard of before.

1. Who is the article written for?
a. Old people b. Young people c. Careless people d. Hopeless people
2. The underlined word "vocational" describes something that needs skills.
a. traditional b. professional c. unnecessary d. conventional
3. According to the passage, job opportunities in the future.
a. will decrease b. will be limited c. will be fewer d. will increase
4. The main idea is that some jobs in the future
a. will be vocational jobs only b. will be the same as 150 years ago
c. might not exist today d. might be the same as 10 years ago
5. Which of the following jobs could people not do 150 years ago?
a. vocational jobs b. academic jobs
c. computer programming d. farming
6. "Library science" is a kind of jobs that could be done
a. online b. offline c. by lawyers d. by accountants
7. The word "**customers**" could be replaced by
a. traders b. buyers c. sellers d. assistants

4 a. Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d :

Good citizens are those who dedicate their time and their money to the welfare of their families and the protection of their communities.

- a. المواطنون الصالحون هم الذين يكرسون وقتهم وأموالهم لرعاية أسرهم وحماية مجتمعاتهم.
- b. المواطنون الصالحون هم الذين يهدرون وقتهم وأموالهم لرعاية أسرهم وحماية مجتمعاتهم.
- c. المواطنون الصالحون هم الذين يكرسون وقتهم وأموالهم لتعاسة أسرهم وحماية مجتمعاتهم.
- d. المواطنون الصالحون هم الذين يستمتعون بوقتهم وأموالهم لسعادة أسرهم وحماية أوطانهم.

b. Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

ليس من المستحيل أن يحقق الإنسان طموحاته إذا كان لديه صبر وإرادة قوية. إنها صفات مهمة لتحقيق النجاح.

- a. It's not impossible for a person to achieve their ambitions if they have patience and a strong will. These are important qualities to achieve success.
- b. It's not impossible for a person to practice their ambitions if they have patience and a strong will. These are important qualities to achieve success.
- c. It's not impossible for a person to lose their ambitions if they have patience and a strong will. These are important qualities to achieve success.
- d. It's not impossible for a person to fail their ambitions if they have patience and a strong will. These are important qualities to achieve success.

5 Answer the following questions :

1. Why does the journey across America represent a major challenge for Phileas Fogg?

.....

2. Why did Passepartout become a stowaway by mistake ?

.....

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :

1. Unless they had had a map of the desert, they would have lost their way. (Without)

.....

2. Mazen always went to the club when he was young. (used to)

.....

7 Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic :

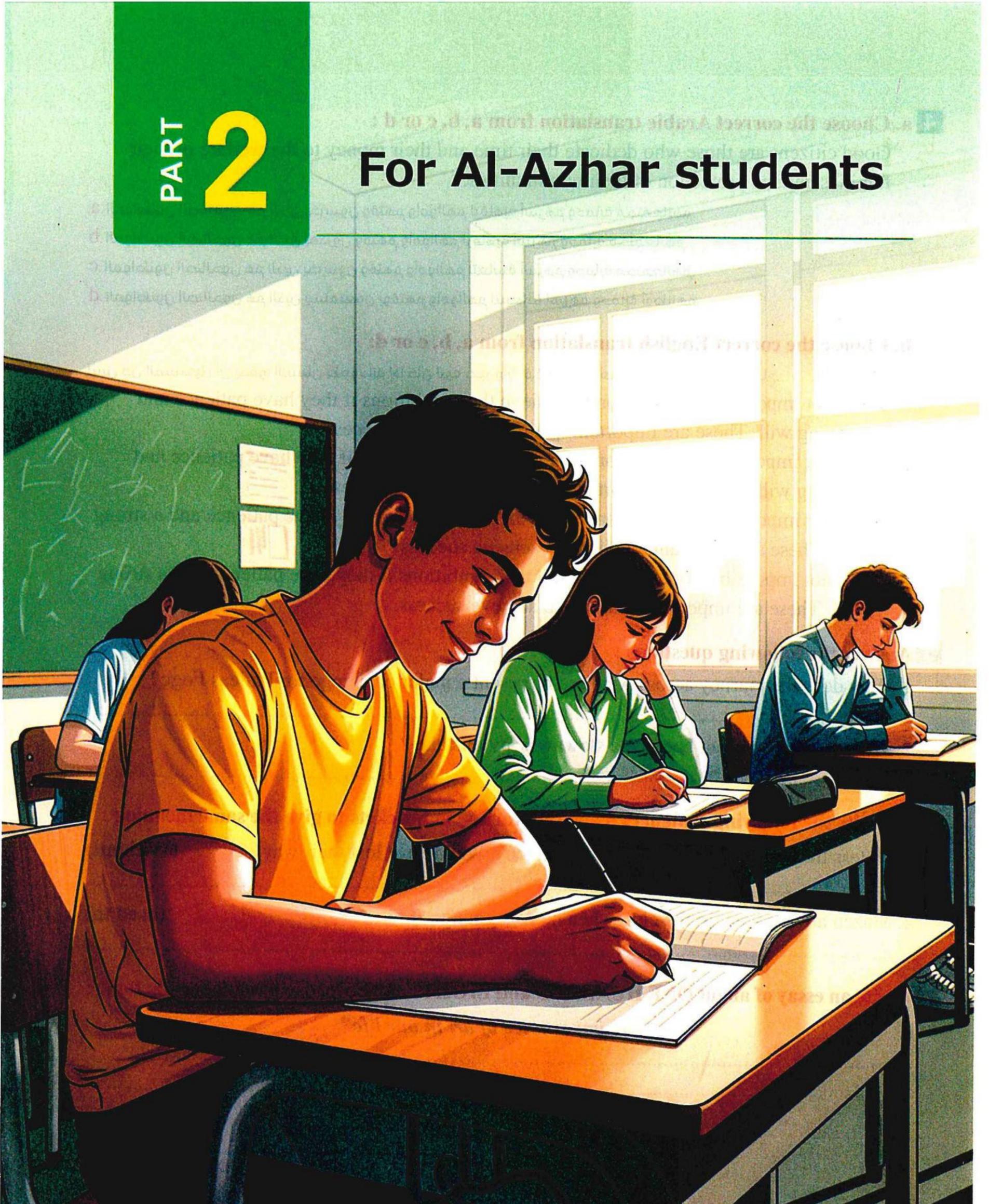
"The importance of art in our life"

.....
.....

https://t.me/CC_N77

PART
2

For Al-Azhar students



VOCABULARY

Lesson 1

institution	مؤسسة	defend	يدافع عن	eternity	أبدية
scientific	علمي	establish	يؤسس / ينشئ	modality	مثالية
political	سياسي	surpass	يفوق / يتخطى	reality	واقعية
conscience	ضمير	embody	يجسد	entrench	يرسخ
ambitions	طموحات	comprehensiveness	شمولية	co-existence	التعايش

Lesson 2

encounter	يواجه	challenge	تحدي	curricula	مناهج
conquest	انتصار / فتح	pressure	ضغط	interrupt	يعرقل - يقاطع
contesting	مطمع	modernity	حداثة	prominence	أهمية بارزة / واضحة
accommodate	يتكيف	restructure	يعيد بناء / يعيد صياغة	symbol	رمز
attempt	يحاول	edifice	صرح / معلم كبير	prestigious	ذو مكانة عالية

Lesson 3

flexibility	مرونة	eligible	جدير بـ	confront	يجابه / يتحدى
inclusiveness	شمول / استيعاب	enforce	يعزز / يدعم	revolution	ثورة
rationalism	عقلانية	slogan	شعار	neglect	يهمل
tendencies	اتجاهات	distinction	تمييز	civilizational	حضاري
privacy	خصوصية	constantly	بثبات	imams and scholars	الأئمة والعلماء

Lesson 4

civilized	متحضر	fanaticism	تعصب	usurp	يغتصب (الأرض)
mutual	متبادل	strife	نضال - كفاح	escalate	تمادي في السوء
accomplish	ينجز / يتم	indiscipline	عدم الانضباط	illegal	غير مشروع
acquaintance	تعارف	initiate	يبادر	judaization	تهويد
constructive	إيجابي / بناء	stems from	ينبثق من	Zionist	صهيوني
pursue	يوصل / يتابع	heritage	تراث	oppressive	جائر / ظالم

General Exercises | on unit 4

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Al-Azhar is considered the largest religious center of knowledge.
a. cultural b. political c. Islamic scientific d. economic
2. Al-Azhar aims to reflect the true image of
a. culture b. history c. Islam d. politics
3. Al-Azhar achieves its message through educational programs and training for
a. traders only b. politicians c. imams and scholars d. soldiers
4. Al-Azhar's ability to adapt and innovate helped maintain its status as a institution.
a. local b. weak c. prestigious d. temporary
5. Al-Azhar is considered a great Islamic civilizational and scientific
a. theory b. idea c. edifice d. experiment
6. Al-Azhar teachings respect cultural diversity and
a. incoherence b. inclusiveness c. exclusiveness d. dependence
7. Al-Azhar has never any point of view in any argument.
a. proposed b. supposed c. imposed d. imply
8. Al-Azhar dialogue focuses on initiatives and experiences in and tolerance.
a. coexistence b. extension c. exception d. expectation
9. Al-Azhar seeks to foster mutual through dialogue.
a. power b. understanding c. influence d. fear
10. One method used to protect youth from extremist thought is
a. military action b. isolation c. seminars and workshops d. punishment

2. Write True (T) or False (F) :

1. Al-Azhar Mosque is one of the newest mosques in Cairo. ()
2. Al-Azhar makes efforts to protect youth from extremist ideas. ()
3. Al-Azhar role is to guide the religious life of the Egyptians only. ()
4. Al-Azhar safeguards the youth against extremist thoughts. ()
5. It is unnecessary to maintain dialogue to correct deviation in thoughts. ()
6. Al-Azhar responds to modernity that made its way into the Egyptian society and clashed with the Islamic principles. ()
7. Al-Azhar aims to unite Muslims and encourage brotherhood among Islamic communities. ()
8. Al-Azhar scholars are unable to deal with new incidents in modern life. ()
9. The role of religions in promoting citizenship and consolidating humanitarian principles. ()
10. Al-Azhar aims to achieve mutual benefit and peaceful coexistence through dialogue. ()

VOCABULARY

Lesson 1

mechanism	آلية	consistent	اتساق	overlooking	يحتقر
right	حق	toleration	تسامح	concession	تنازل
duty	واجب	abandonment	ترك / هجر	indulgence	تسامح - غفران
willingness	إرادة / رغبة	weakening	إضعاف	lack	نقص
tolerate	يتسامح	conviction	قناعة / اقتناع	dignity	الكرامة
appreciation	تقدير	adhere	يتمسك	confer	يمنح
UNESCO	اليونسكو منظمة الأمم المتحدة للتربية والعلوم والثقافة	diverse	يختلف	bestow	يهب
		forbearance	تحمل / مثابرة		
		pardon	يعذر / يلتمس العذر		

Lesson 2

device	أداة	foster	يقوي / يعزز	urge	يحث
pluralism	تعدد الثقافات	deliberate	مدروس / متأنى	trait	سمة
violation	انتهاك	multi-ethnic	متعدد الأعراق	fairytale	قصص خرافية / أساطير
siblings	أشققاء	generalize	يعمم	integral	جزء لا يتجزأ
interfaith	حوار بين الأديان	contrary	متناقض		

Lesson 3

witnesses	شهود	fickle	متقلب	degrade	يحتقر - يهين - يذل
desire	رغبة	elevated	سامي	astonished	مذهل
engrained	متأصل	apparent	واضح / بين		

Lesson 4

altruism	إيثار	emerge	ينبثق	grace	رحمة
generosity	كرم	endeavor	يجتهد	selfishness	أنانية
humanitarian	إنسانية / إحسان	preference	تفضيل	citizenship	وطنية
selflessness	إنكار الذات				

General Exercises | on unit 5

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

1. Tolerance is a religious moral duty that is based on basic in religions and beliefs.
a. principles b. interests c. eagerness d. enthusiasm
2. Tolerance must be among Muslims.
a. pressed b. emphasized c. passed d. focused
3. Tolerance helps to uphold human rights and the
a. economy b. rule of law c. technology d. culture
4. Islam teaches tolerance on all individuals, groups and states.
a. levels b. grades c. classes d. places
5. Children can learn to respect differences through education and exposure to different
a. rules b. cultures c. languages d. opinions
6. Muslims should have good relations with non-Muslims without accepting things that are to their religion.
a. similar b. acceptable c. common d. contrary
7. The principle of justice is demonstrated by the words and actions of the Prophet (BPUH) and the
a. Hadith only b. scholars c. community d. Quran
8. As a result of this judgment, the Jewish man accepted
a. Islam b. authority c. leadership d. power
9. Altruism can be the highest degree of
a. courage b. generosity c. patience d. justice
10. Islam calls for and cooperation for the common good.
a. awareness b. acquaintance c. consciousness d. experience

2. Write True (T) or False (F).

1. Muslims should forgive others even when they are able to take revenge. ()
2. UNESCO principles state that people should impose their views on others. ()
3. Tolerance among members of the community is not important in Islam. ()
4. Islam encourages tolerance between Muslims and non-Muslims through dialogue and cooperation. ()
5. Tolerance in Islam is not lip service. ()
6. Justice in Islam does not distinguish between rich and poor or male and female. ()
7. The Jewish man was astonished by the fairness of the judgment. ()
8. Justice means to follow your own desires. ()
9. Abd al-Rahman ibn Awf was one of the Ansar and a native of Madina. ()
10. Altruism is a sign of true faith in Allah (GBTH). ()

VOCABULARY

Lesson 1

decree	عقيدة	miracle	معجزة	stubborn	عناد
adopt	يتبنى / يعتنق	revere	يوقر / يبجل	disobedience	عصيان
grow up	يتربّع - يكبر	foretell	يتنبأ	parting	شق (انشقاق)
grant	يمنح				

Lesson 2

handsome	وسيم	campaign	حملة (عسكرية)	architect	مهندس معماري
fearlessness	جسارة - شجاعة	military	عسكري - حربي	passed away	توفي
warrior	محارب	commander	قائد	competent	كفاء - مؤهل
scribe	كاتب				

Lesson 3

jurisprudence	الفقه	seek	يطلب / يسعى إلى	posts	وظائف
pious / devout	تقي	contemporary	معاصر	finance	مالية
scholar	عالم	trustworthy	جدير بالثقة	occupations	وظائف
sincere	مخلص	memorization	حفظ	charity	جمعية خيرية
humble	متواضع	liable to	خاضع - عرضة لـ	funeral	جنازة
genius	عبقري				
sharpness of mind	حدة الذكاء				

Lesson 4

embrace	يعتنق	verge	حافة / شفير / على وشك	bow	قوس
allegiance	ولاء	defeat	هزيمة	shield	ترس - درع
alongside	بجانب	scatter	يبعث / يفرق	supplication	تضرع / دعاء
inspirational	الهامي / قدوة	sword	سيف	martyr	شهيد

General Exercises | on unit 6

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

1. Allah (GBTH) called Moses near Mountain in Sinai.
a. Uhud b. al-Tur c. Arafat d. Safa
2. Moses prayed for Allah to send his brother to help him .
a. Yusuf b. Ismail c. Dawud d. Harun
3. Moses (BPUH) was born in
a. Palestine b. Egypt c. Gaza d. Jerusalem
4. Ubada ibn al-Samit was known as a fearless
a. teacher b. judge c. warrior d. trader
5. Ubada ibn al-Samit took part in famous battles such as Badr, Uhud and
a. Hunayn b. Khaybar c. Khandaq d. Tabuk
6. He was so that he used to spend most of his money in charity to support his fellow scholars.
a. generous b. sincere c. honest d. genius
7. From an early age, al-Layth was known for his excellence, genius, and of mind.
a. weakness b. sharpness c. confusion d. calmness
8. Muslim women play roles in every field they take part in.
a. distinguished b. extinguished c. disregarded d. invisible
9. Nusayba fought bravely in the Battle of
a. Badr b. Khandaq c. Uhud d. Hunayn
10. Ubāda was in planning and developing the city of Fustat.
a. involved b. produced c. introduced d. induced

2. Write True (T) or False (F).

1. Moses (BPUH) is a well-known prophet and messenger of Allah (GBTH). ()
2. Moses (BPUH) was raised far away from Pharaoh's palace. ()
3. The wife of Pharaoh adopted Moses as her own son. ()
4. Ubada ibn al-Samit was very young when he embraced Islam. ()
5. Ubada ibn al-Samit helped in building the first mosque in Egypt, Amr ibn al-As Mosque. ()
6. Al-Layth was asked to be the ruler of Egypt, but he refused. ()
7. Al-Layth started seeking religious knowledge only when he became old. ()
8. Al-Layth served as the head of the Administration of Finance in Egypt. ()
9. Nusayba fought alongside men in the Battle of Uhud. ()
10. During the Battle of Uhud, Nusayba helped protect the Prophet (BPUH). ()

Al-Azhar Sample Test 1 on unit 7

1 Supply the missing parts in the following dialog :

Two friends are talking about a job advertisement.

Omar : Have you read the daily newspaper, Hassan ?

Hassan : No, I haven't. (1)..... ?

Omar : There is an attractive advertisement on the third page.

Hassan : What is it about ?

Omar : (2)..... .

Hassan : An accountant ? This may be a good chance.

Omar : (3)..... ?

Hassan : Yes, I will. I hope you will apply as well.

Omar : (4)..... .

2 Choose the correct answer:

- To means to stop someone while they are speaking or doing something.
a. stay b. encourage c. interrupt d. protect
- Reem had a attitude and always encouraged her friends.
a. positive b. confused c. slippery d. stiff
- He is highly for his honesty and commitment.
a. public b. modern c. valued d. relaxed
- Would you have lent him the money if you how badly he needed it ?
a. had known b. knew c. would know d. have known
- If the book were cheap, I buy it.
a. will b. would c. can d. may
- If you don't stop listening to that loud music, your headache worse.
a. got b. will get c. would get d. gets

3 Rewrite the following sentences :

- You should study hard to succeed. (If)
.....
- I missed the bus because I was late. (If)
.....
- On condition that you finish your homework, you can go out. (If)
.....
- If he doesn't get up early, he won't catch the train. (Unless)
.....

4 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Most of the passengers were asleep in the eight o'clock train. It was already half past nine. I was watching a documentary while my wife was reading a letter. My little daughter was eating an ice cream. Suddenly, we were all shocked to hear a loud cry from a young lady. She screamed "Help! Help. He is going to kill me. He has a gun". Many people ran towards her and asked her where the murderer was. She looked around for a few moments, then at us and finally said, "What a terrible dream!" We comforted her saying that she was safe. One of us got her a cold drink. When she felt better we returned to our seats. An old man was sitting beside her, he kept talking to her all through the last hour of the journey. When we got off the station, I said to the man "It was kind of you to keep talking with her to help her to be quiet". He said with a smile, "Oh! No, I only wanted to prevent her from sleeping and having another dream".

a. Answer the following questions :

1. What was the writer's wife doing in the train?
2. Why did the old man keep talking with the young lady?
3. What does the underlined pronoun "we" refer to?

b. Choose the correct answer :

4. The train had been running for when the young lady cried.
a. two hours b. one hour and a half c. an hour d. eight hours
5. The young lady awoke when
a. the passengers ran towards her b. the thief attacked her
c. the old man spoke to her d. she took the cold drink

(A Glimpse of Revelation II)

5 a. Choose the correct answer :

1. Islamic legislation adequately human rights.
a. safeguards b. detects c. disregards d. guides
2. Al-Azhar the Islamic values of tolerance and moderateness.
a. defeats b. defends c. refines d. confines

b. Write "True" or "False" :

3. Al-Azhar role is to guide the religious life of the Egyptians only. ()
4. Al-Azhar reflects the true image of Islam spreads the values of peaceful co-existence. ()

6 Write a paragraph of about eight (8) sentences about :

"A problem you faced and how you could deal with it"

7 a. Translate into Arabic : Cleanliness is tremendously important in the prevention of many kinds of infectious diseases.

b. Translate into English :

يجب أن تتسلح بالعلم والمعرفة.

1 Supply the missing parts in the following dialog :

Hisham is phoning Ezzat. His brother Kamal answers.

Hisham: Hello. Can I speak to Ezzat, please?

Kamal : (1).....

Hisham: Could you tell me when he'll be back?

Kamal : (2).....

Hisham: (3)..... ?

Kamal : Sure. You can leave a message. (4)..... ?

Hisham: Please, tell him that I need his camera to take some photos.

2 Choose the correct answer:

1. Hussein installed a device to make the drinking water cleaner.
 a. water-resistant b. waterfall c. real-life d. water-filtering
2. means continuing to try despite problems and difficulties.
 a. Persistence b. Hesitation c. Refusal d. Awareness
3. We wash these tomatoes. It is important to do so.
 a. must b. don't have to c. mustn't d. needs to
4. She come with us if she doesn't want to.
 a. has to b. needn't c. mustn't d. must
5. We talk together. It was an exam.
 a. mustn't b. didn't have to c. weren't allowed to d. needn't
6. He four short paragraphs into one clear article.
 a. combined b. inspired c. lacked d. proved

3 Rewrite the following sentences :

1. You bought all this bread unnecessarily. (needn't)

2. You must achieve your tasks on time. (achieved)

3. The exam has to be handed in right now. (You ...)

4. It is against the law not to wear a seat belt. (illegal)

4 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

A man was going from Greece into Turkey on his bicycle when a guard stopped him. The guard asked, "What's in the bag on your back?" "Sand," said the man. "Take it off. I want to have a look," said the guard. The man took the bag, put it on his back and continued into Turkey. The next week, the same thing happened. Again, the guard wanted to see inside the bag, but again there was only sand. This continued for six months, but then one week the man did not come. Some years later, the guard saw the man in the town and said, "You can tell me the truth now. I knew you were bringing something into our country, but I didn't know what." "The man said smiling, "They were bicycles."

a. Answer the following questions :

1. Where was the man on the bicycle traveling to?
2. What was the man bringing into the guard's country?
3. Do you think that the man was more intelligent than the guard?

b. Choose the correct answer :

4. How many journeys did the man make?

a. Between one and ten	b. Between 11 and 20
c. Between 21 and 30	d. Between 31 and 40
5. Where did the guard find out the truth?

a. In the village	b. In the countryside	c. In the sea	d. In the town
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(A Glimpse of Revelation II)

5 a. Choose the correct answer :

1. It will be good to let your guides your actions.

a. caution	b. coincidence	c. conscience	d. cares
------------	----------------	---------------	----------
2. Al-Azhar's success and continuity all expectations.

a. surpass	b. pass	c. enrich	d. surprise
------------	---------	-----------	-------------

b. Write "True" or "False" :

3. Al-Azhar safeguards the youth against extremist thoughts. ()
4. Since its establishment Al-Azhar is the heart of education only. ()

6 Write a paragraph of about eight (8) sentences about :

"A personal project to improve the community"

.....
.....

7 a. Translate into Arabic : Life is a mixture of hope and despair, success and failure.

.....

b. Translate into English :

أولئك الذين يلتزمون بالصوم سيدخلون من باب الريان في الجنة.

.....

1 Supply the missing parts in the following dialog :

A customer is buying a jacket.

Shop-assistant : Can I help you, Sir?

Customer : (1)

Shop-assistant : We have a lot of jackets over there. (2) ?

Customer : I'd like a black one, please.

Shop-assistant : (3) ?

Customer : Large, please.

Shop-assistant : (4)

Customer : How much is it ?

Shop-assistant : It is 600 LE.

Customer : Here it is. Thank you.

2 Choose the correct answer:

1. She shook her head with a of impatience.
 a. compassion b. gesture c. skyline d. tradition
2. A/An is a person who creates and shares stories with others.
 a. podcaster b. merchant c. artist d. storyteller
3. Most scientists that the world is getting hotter.
 a. believes b. are believing c. believe d. has believed
4. Now, my sister happy as she has a new mobile.
 a. look b. is looking c. looking d. looks
5. This digital camera to my friend Mai.
 a. belongs b. is belonging c. belong d. have belonged
6. The judge asked for to prove that the story was true.
 a. respect b. policy c. equality d. evidence

3 Rewrite the following sentences :

1. Nada thinks math is difficult. (seem)

2. He is temporarily nervous these days. (being)

3. Ehab's garden has a nice smell. (smells)

4. The green shirt is Mazen's. (owns)

4 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Advertising has become a very specialized activity in modern times. In the business world of today, supply is usually greater than demand. There is great competition between the different manufacturers of the same kind of product to persuade customers of the name and the quality of their product. They do this by advertising. They advertise in newspapers and on posters.

Manufacturers often spend large sums of money on advertisements. We buy a particular product because we think that it is the best. We usually think so, because the advertisements so. Some people never pause to ask themselves if the advertisements are telling the truth.

a. Answer the following questions :

1. Why is there great competition between different manufacturers?
2. Where does the manufacturer advertise?
3. Why do we buy a particular product?

b. Choose the correct answer :

4. The best title to this text is
a. Activity b. Advertising c. Competition d. Manufacturers
5. Which word in the passage is the synonym of "Convince"
a. supply b. persuade c. pause d. truth

(A Glimpse of Revelation II)

5 a. Choose the correct answer :

1. We can enforce Islamic values using gentle preaching, but we do not people.
a. diverse b. force c. enforce d. reform
2. Tolerance is a religious moral duty that is based on basic in religions and beliefs.
a. principles b. interests c. eagerness d. enthusiasm

b. Write "True" or "False" :

3. Practicing of tolerance means toleration of social injustice. ()
4. The rich and the poor may adhere to justice. ()

6 Write a paragraph of about eight (8) sentences about :

"Using your free time to improve yourself"

.....
.....

7 a. Translate into Arabic :

It is necessary to do regular exercise. This is one of the important habits that keeps you and helps you carry out your daily activities efficiently.

.....

b. Translate into English :

الحياة هي أكبر مدرسة نتعلم فيها بشكل عملي.

.....

1 Supply the missing parts in the following dialog :

Omar : What do you do in your weekend?

Saif : (1)

Omar : A charity! What does this charity do?

Saif : (2)

Omar : Only the disabled?

Saif : No, it also helps the needy and the poor.

Omar : (3) ?

Saif : Of course. You are welcome.

Omar : (4)

2 Choose the correct answer:

1. My teachers have noticed my in all subjects this term.
 a. growth b. patience c. session d. deadline
2. To someone means to stop them while they are speaking or doing something.
 a. gather b. help c. affect d. interrupt
3. Sorry! I didn't to interrupt you.
 a. suppose b. mean c. seem d. b & c
4. The new furniture supposed to be delivered last Monday, but nothing arrived.
 a. has b. are c. was d. were
5. She seems excited about the offer.
 a. like b. as if c. to be d. that
6. Omar decided to for the course online using his card.
 a. recommend b. pay c. involve d. capture

3 Rewrite the following sentences :

1. Nadia didn't know where she had left her keys. (seemed)

2. Ali didn't hurt you on purpose. (mean)

3. Smoking in a public place isn't allowed. (supposed)

4. My car is going to be fixed next month. (meant)

4 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Many experts think that people first played rugby in 1823. At this time, students at rugby school in England were playing football. Then, a boy called William Webb-Ellis caught the ball in his hands and ran towards the opponents. This made a new game. To score in rugby, teams have to run with or kick the ball to one end of the field. The ball is oval, like an egg. You have to be fast and strong to be good at playing rugby. Today, rugby is very popular in many countries. About 100 countries play the sport.

a. Answer the following questions :

1. What is the main idea of the passage ?
2. How can you score in rugby ?
3. Extract a word that has the same meaning of "competitors".

b. Choose the correct answer :

4. An oval is
a. a shape b. a kind of football c. a king of plastic d. a kind of egg
5. Rugby got its name from
a. a player b. a country c. a school d. an egg

(A Glimpse of Revelation II)

5 a. Choose the correct answer :

1. History is a to the Islamic justice.
a. wit b. sign c. looker d. witness
2. Minds of young pupils can be by reading religious stories.
a. elevated b. elaborated c. indicated d. inflamed

b. Write "True" or "False" :

3. Islam embraces the highest level of justice. ()
4. Selfishness means making a sacrifice by giving others preference over oneself. ()

6 Write a paragraph of about eight (8) sentences about :

"Your favorite hobby"

.....
.....

7 a. Translate into Arabic :

Prayer should be preceded by ablution as external purification taking into consideration that internal purification is equally important.

.....

b. Translate into English :

ذكر باحثون من الأمم المتحدة أنهم اكتشفوا أن بعض أنواع الزراعات تدمر الأرض بصورة خطيرة.

.....

1 Supply the missing parts in the following dialog :

Father : Congratulations on getting high marks, Soha.

Soha : (1).....

Father : (2)..... ?

Soha : Would you buy me a camera, please ?

Father : With pleasure, but (3)..... ?

Soha : Because I like taking photos.

Father : Do you know how to use it ?

Soha : (4).....

2 Choose the correct answer:

1. It is the job of the to purify blood.

- a. sweats b. joints c. kidneys d. brushes

2. means feeling tired and ready to fall asleep.

- a. Confused b. Sleepy c. Proactive d. Active

3. Drinking enough water helps your body out toxins naturally.

- a. wash b. see c. make d. lift

4. When I was young, I have tea after meals.

- a. was used to b. would c. got used to d. use to

5. In the past, all the reef beautifully colored coral.

- a. used to have b. use to have c. don't use to have d. have

6. He didn't use to be a heavy smoker, but now, he

- a. did b. does c. is d. was

3 Rewrite the following sentences :

1. Did she use to get up late? (getting)

.....

2. How did students go to schools in the past? (use)

.....

3. How did farmers plant in the past? (would)

.....

4. She used to eat cheese and eggs for breakfast. (be)

.....

4 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Humans and animals produce tears when their eyes are irritated or dry. There are different theories about why this is. Human babies are helpless, and crying is probably away to let adults know they need something. When we grow up, we continue to cry when we feel overwhelming emotions to send signals that we need help. Some scientists think that we cry to make people feel certain way. Finally, scientists disagree on whether crying is good for your well – being or not. Some think holding back your tears can make you more likely to feel negative feeling like rage..

a. Answer the following questions :

1. Why do babies cry?
2. What is the result of holding back tears?
3. When do adults cry?

b. Choose the correct answer :

4. Humans produce tears when their eyes are
a. irritated b. qualified c. forgiven d. hopeful
5. Holding back tears has feelings.
a. positive b. constructive c. negative d. hopeful

(A Glimpse of Revelation II)

5 a. Choose the correct answer :

1. Altruism is by Allah (GBTH) in the Qur'ān
a. raised b. paced c. praised d. based
2. Moses (BPUH) was born in
a. Palestine b. Egypt c. England d. Iraq

b. Write "True" or "False" :

3. Moses (BPUH) was raised far away from Pharaoh's palace. ()
4. 'Ubāda ibn al-Sāmit died in Egypt. ()

6 Write a paragraph of about eight (8) sentences about :

"Healthy choices"

.....
.....

7 a. Translate into Arabic :

Most of us make mistakes, but most of us don't know how to benefit from our mistakes.

b. Translate into English :

يظهر الحج أن المسلمين من جميع أنحاء العالم ليسوا سوى أسرة واحدة متماسكة.

1 Supply the missing parts in the following dialog :

Ahmed is talking with Ali about the next summer holiday.

Ahmed: Where are you going next summer holiday ?

Ali : (1).....

Ahmed: Sharm El-Sheikh! (2)..... ?

Ali : I will go with my family.

Ahmed: (3)..... ?

Ali : By bus.

Ahmed: I hope you will spend happy time.

Ali : (4).....

2 Choose the correct answer:

- Omar is known for his ; he always arrives on time.
 a. productivity b. punctuality c. attendance d. suspension
- In a long exam, students the clock to finish all the questions.
 a. produce b. race c. show d. make
- Don't be; we still have a chance to improve.
 a. optimistic b. pessimistic c. hopeful d. cheerful
- By 21st May, I all my final exams.
 a. will have taken b. take
 c. will take d. will have been taken
- Five percent of the desert by 2030.
 a. will have reclaimed b. will reclaim
 c. will have been reclaimed d. would be reclaimed
- By the time I finish this course, I ten tests.
 a. will have taken b. will take c. am taking d. will be taking

3 Rewrite the following sentences :

- First, I will clean my room. After that, I will go out. (will have)

- He will not buy the car before tomorrow. (have been)

- Will you finish the service before it is Saturday? (by Saturday)

- Noha will complete the project before the deadline. (by)

4 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Have you ever wondered how you would **grasp** the information taught in class? Our minds and bodies gather information in various ways. Then our minds process that information,

organizing it and making connection to things we already know. This process can also work differently: do we think in pictures or words? Do we remember details or the big picture? To sum up, people have different learning styles. Psychologists have identified some basic learning styles: the linguistic type learns by using language skills: listening, reading speaking and writing.

Logical refers to people who learn by applying scientific principles. The visual type learns by seeing while musical people learn well when information is presented through music. The next type learns best by movement and physical activities. Finally, the intrapersonal learns associate new information directly with their own experiences while the intrapersonal type learns well by working with others.

a. Answer the following questions :

1. What is the main idea of the passage?
2. Which type of learners are you? Why?
3. How many learning styles are mentioned in the passage?

b. Choose the correct answer :

4. According to the passage, an effective teacher
 - a. uses one teaching style
 - b. makes connections between mind and body
 - c. combines more than one teaching method
 - d. discourages pupils to think critically.
5. The underlined word "**grasp**" means
 - a. undertake
 - b. follow
 - c. misuse
 - d. understand

(A Glimpse of Revelation II)

5 a. Choose the correct answer :

1. Al-Layth ibn Sa'd was a/an scholar, a sincere, humble, and kind-hearted person.
 - a. old
 - b. big
 - c. righteous
 - d. ancient
2. Nusayba Islam from the very beginning.
 - a. adapted
 - b. impressed
 - c. pressed
 - d. adopted

b. Write "True" or "False" :

3. Al-Layth was one of the poor scholars. ()
4. Nusayba wondered why women are mentioned more than men in the Qur'an. ()

6 Write a paragraph of about eight (8) sentences about :

"The importance of time"

.....

.....

7 a. Translate into Arabic :

Our country depends on its youth in carrying out its agricultural and industrial projects.

.....

b. Translate into English :

لو قام كل فرد بالقيام بدوره على أكمل وجه لتقدمت مصر في كل المجالات.

.....

Al-Azhar Sample Test 7

1 Supply the missing parts in the following dialog :

Adel : Nice to meet you. Why were you absent last week?

Magdy: (1).....

Adel : (2)..... ?

Magdy: Of course. I went to the doctor.

Adel : (3)..... ?

Magdy: He gave me some medicine and advised me to stay in bed for a week.

Adel : I'm sorry to hear this bad news.

Magdy: (4)..... . See you later.

2 Choose the correct answer:

- Kind people show for people who suffer.
a. chance b. conflict c. effort d. empathy
- I'm not deaf. You shout.
a. are not permitted b. are prohibited c. aren't allowed d. don't have to
- "....." means a healthy emotional state.
a. Balance b. Stress c. Pressure d. Failure
- I'm sorry I can't go to your party. I to the dentist this afternoon.
a. am going b. will go c. will have gone d. going
- I followed a/an online to improve my cooking skills.
a. entrepreneurship b. jogging c. tutorial d. impression
- He's sorry he hurt your feelings. He really to you like that.
a. should talk b. shouldn't talk
c. should have talked d. shouldn't have talked

3 Rewrite the following sentences :

- If you press this button, the machine starts. (When)
.....
- I have no choice but to attend the meeting. (have to)
.....
- It is arranged that Dr Alaa will examine 10 patients today. (supposed)
.....
- I no longer wake up late on school days. (used to)
.....

4 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

London has a big problem with traffic. During the day, most cars and buses can only travel at about 12 kilometers an hour. Driving around London today is about as fast as using a horse and carriage years ago. However, there are actually fewer cars on the roads now than ten years ago. Since 2003 people have had to pay to drive their cars into London between seven in the morning and six in the afternoon from Monday to Friday. This has persuaded many people to stop taking their cars into the city. So why is there still a problem with traffic? Experts say that it is because London's roads are very old, so they always need to be **repaired**. In 2016, there were more than 8000 **roadworks** around the city: that is the main reason why London's traffic is so slow!

a. Answer the following questions :

1. How fast did a horse and carriage use to travel around London?
2. What is the main reason for London's traffic is so slow?
3. What does the underlined word "**This**" refer to?

b. Choose the correct answer :

4. The synonym of the word "**repair**" is
 a. mind b. mend c. fax d. work
5. The word "**roadworks**" means
 a. people walking b. driving cars c. cars d. work repairing roads

(A Glimpse of Revelation II)

5 a. Choose the correct answer :

1. Al-Azhar teachings respect cultural diversity and
 a. incoherence b. inclusiveness c. exclusiveness d. dependence
2. Citizens must not be in Islam, as they have equal rights and duties.
 a. stressed b. impressed c. oppressed d. depressed

b. Write "True" or "False" :

3. Prophet's (BPUH) words and actions reflect justice. ()
4. Al-Layth was born in a village in Iraq. ()

6 Write a paragraph of about eight (8) sentences about :

"Your favorite hobbies"

.....
.....

7 a. Translate into Arabic :

The immune system is made of the cells and organs in our bodies work together to protect us from infections and diseases.

.....

b. Translate into English :

يعتبر تغير المناخ من أكبر التحديات التي تواجه مستقبل الغذاء في العالم.

.....

any more lectures. The geography lecturer noticed this student was always absent and that he had changed to another course, so he was very surprised to see the boy's name on the list of the students who wanted to take the geography examination at the end of the year. The lecturer had prepared a difficult examination paper, which followed his lectures very closely, and he was eager to see how this student answered the questions. When he examined the answer, he found only one small mistake. So, he sent for the student and told him that he was curious to know how he was able to find only one little mistake although the student came to the first lecture and he was absent from all the others. To his great surprise, the student told him that he would not have made that mistake if he hadn't been confused by his first lecture.

a. Answer the following questions :

1. Why was the lecturer surprised when he saw the student's name on the list of the students wanting to take the exam ?
2. What did the lecturer find when he examined the student's answer?
3. What would have happened if the student hadn't attended the lecture?

b. Choose the correct answer :

4. The student mentioned in the passage must have been
 a. foolish b. fool c. clever d. stupid
5. The student
 a. was always absent b. changed to another course
 c. passed his exams d. a & c

(A Glimpse of Revelation II)

5 a. Choose the correct answer :

1. Al-Azhar teachings the Islamic principles.
 a. embody b. embed c. impede d. ignore
2. The opposite of altruism is
 a. generosity b. bravery c. richness d. selfishness

b. Write "True" or "False" :

3. An altruistic individual shows a selfish concern for oneself. ()
4. 'Ubāda ibn al-Sāmit embraced Islam after the second pledge Aqaba. ()

6 Write a paragraph of about eight (8) sentences about :

"Clean future"

.....

7 a. Translate into Arabic : We must eat healthy food to avoid diseases.

.....

b. Translate into English :

يجب أن نبذل قصارى جهدنا للتخلص من التلوث بكل أشكاله.

.....

1 Supply the missing parts in the following dialog :

Hani is at a clothes shop.
 Hani : Can I change this shirt, please?
 Assistant: (1)..... ?
 Hani : It is the wrong size.
 Assistant: (2)..... ?
 Hani : Thirty six, please.
 Assistant: What color do you prefer?
 Hani : (3).....
 Assistant: Anything else?
 Hani : (4).....

2 Choose the correct answer:

- doing this job irritates you, you needn't get angry. Just tell me.
 a. Without b. If c. In case of d. Unless
- of oxygen on high mountains makes it difficult to breathe.
 a. Issue b. Lack c. Deed d. Refusal
- Ahmed can't come out with us this evening. He work.
 a. need b. has to c. need to d. should
- I learned to with stress by taking breaks.
 a. discourage b. encourage c. challenge d. cope
- A rest is supposed after he studies unit 5.
 a. be taken b. to be taken c. to be taking d. have taken
- I felt when the teacher praised my hard work.
 a. confident b. inclusive c. valued d. left out

3 Rewrite the following sentences :

- If he worked hard, he would earn more money. (Were)

- What will you have done before the guests arrive ? (been)

- You want to say that she is lazy, don't you ? (mean)

- It is against the law not to wear a seat belt. (Everyone)

4 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Maria started baking cookies when she was in grade five. By the time she reached grade

seven, her cookies were locally famous. All of her friends would beg her to make her famous chocolate chip cookie almost every week.

One day, a local reporter wrote her story. It was later picked up by National Television News. The story talked about the number of different recipes Maria could make and how tasty her cookies were. Upon seeing the story, Coco Cookies Company called Maria to see if she would sell them her famous cookie recipe.

Maria sold them oatmeal raisin recipe for twenty thousand dollars and her pudding cookie recipe for fifty thousand dollars, but she refused to sell them her chocolate chip recipe. She decided to keep this recipe and start her own company. On August 2002, she started Maria Boom Cookies.

a. Answer the following questions :

1. When did Maria become locally famous for her cookies ?
2. Did Maria sell all her recipes ? Why ?
3. How much money did Maria make from selling her recipes ?

b. Choose the correct answer :

4. A story about Maria’s famous cookies was picked up by

a. a local reporter	b. her friends
c. National Television News	d. Coco Cookie Company
5. Maria is a/an person.

a. foolish	b. ambitious	c. envious	d. pessimistic
------------	--------------	------------	----------------

(A Glimpse of Revelation II)

5 a. Choose the correct answer :

1. Al-Layth was born in

a. Egypt	b. Isfehan	c. Persia	d. Iran
----------	------------	-----------	---------
2. The imperial powers to gain control over Al-Azhar but in vain.

a. intended	b. tempted	c. tried	d. attained
-------------	------------	----------	-------------

b. Write “True” or “False” :

3. Al-Layth was asked to be the ruler of Egypt, but he refused. ()
4. Al-Azhar and its scholars have a distinguished role in the Egyptian life. ()

6 Write a paragraph of about eight (8) sentences about :

“A change you want to make in your school”

.....

.....

7 a. Translate into Arabic :

Children can learn all about science and technology in a fun and creative way.

.....

b. Translate into English : يأتي التسامح ليبين أن الإسلام هو دين السلام والحق والعدل والمساواة والحرية والإخاء.

.....

1 Supply the missing parts in the following dialog :

Ahmed : What a surprise! (1)..... ?

Samir : I arrived this morning.

Ahmed : (2)..... ?

Samir : I'll be staying for a month. (3)..... ?

Ahmed : We can visit El-Mansoura Museum, but let's have lunch first.

Samir : (4).....

2 Choose the correct answer:

1. My aunt was in hospital. I visit her yesterday.
 a. hadn't got to b. needn't c. must d. had to
2. The clear sky is a sign that it another sunny day.
 a. will be b. is being c. is going to be d. will have been
3. Being honest is a good in a friend.
 a. trait b. tone c. resource d. pattern
4. The potter shaped the wet into a small bowl.
 a. clay b. instructor c. personality d. talent
5. You need to a step now or you will lose the offer.
 a. take b. give c. interpret d. do
6. If I only one job to do, I would have enough free time for hobbies.
 a. have b. had had c. didn't have d. had

3 Rewrite the following sentences :

1. The story interests Amr. (interested)

2. Traffic rules must be followed. (Drivers ...)

3. The relation between Tarek and his neighbors is not good. (seems)

4. I am not a doctor so I can't recommend you medicine. (If)

4 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

If you want to be good at English, the best thing you can do is to build up your words. First of all, you should read a lot. You can read short stories, comics, newspapers, magazines, etc,

As you read, you can guess the meanings of new words. If you cannot, then look them up in a dictionary. Another way is to watch movies in English. Keep a vocabulary notebook and write down a few words each day. You should revise them. In my opinion, to speak to people in English, all you need is to use the words you learned. Practice makes perfect.

a. Answer the following questions :

1. What is the main idea of the passage?
2. What is the most important thing when you speak to people?
3. What does the underlined pronoun "them" refer to?

b. Choose the correct answer :

4. If you read a word you don't understand, you can the meaning of new words.
 a. guess b. write c. say d. read
5. You should keep a notebook for new to help you to learn new vocabulary.
 a. letters b. words c. passages d. grammar

(A Glimpse of Revelation II)

5 a. Choose the correct answer :

1. Al-Azhar scholars have the ability to new rulings.
 a. deduce b. reduce c. produce d. force
2. Tolerance means the diversity of the world's cultures.
 a. expecting b. respecting c. rejecting d. disrespecting

b. Write "True" or "False" :

3. One should not tolerate the existence of opinions that he/ she dislikes or disagrees with. ()
4. Nusayba died in the 13th Hijri year and was buried in Mecca. ()

6 Write a paragraph of about eight (8) sentences about :

"Traffic in cities"

.....
.....

7 a. Translate into Arabic :

The world is undergoing great changes, so it is a necessity that we keep our traditions and identity.

.....

b. Translate into English : أن نتسلح بالعلم والتكنولوجيا والتفكير الناقد لكي نتغلب على التحديات الراهنة والمستقبلية.

.....

1 Supply the missing parts in the following dialog :

Ahmed : Would you mind doing me a favour?

Essam : (1)

Ahmed : I want you to lend me 100 pounds.

Essam : What for?

Ahmed : (2)

Essam : A present for your cousin! What's the occasion?

Ahmed : (3)

Essam : Why didn't you ask your father?

Ahmed : (4)

Essam : All right. Here you are.

2 Choose the correct answer:

1. If we work together, we can this conflict peacefully.
 a. ignore b. argue over c. matter d. resolve
2. One's changes when they get angry.
 a. legend b. outline c. tone d. result
3. Mum the sauce I have prepared. I hope she will like it.
 a. taste b. tasted c. tasting d. is tasting
4. They are supposed the meeting to discuss this urgent matter.
 a. attend b. to attend c. attending d. to attending
5. A means a lesson that teaches how to do something step by step.
 a. bead b. chain c. workout d. tutorial
6. He used to live in Italy, but he lives there.
 a. no longer b. is used to c. used to d. any longer

3 Rewrite the following sentences :

1. Will the trees have been watered by midday ? (you have)

2. I'd follow a strict diet if I were you. (You ...)

3. He doesn't waste his time any longer. (used)

4. There're some sheep in Hossam's barn. (contains)

English

IN THIS PART ...

- A Week Is Enough
- Sample Tests for Al-Azhar Students
- A Glimpse of Revelation II for Al-Azhar Students

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